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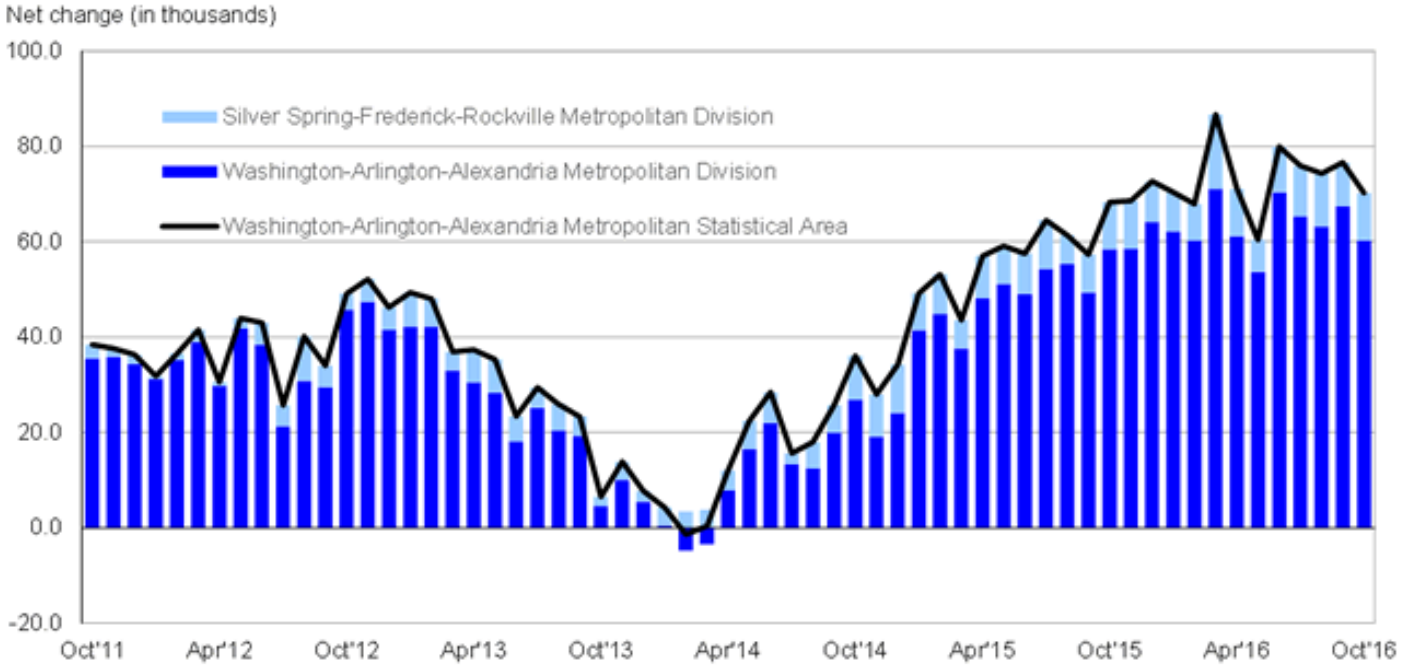
Washington Area Employment – October 2016

Area's Rate of Employment Growth Above the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 3,276,800 in October 2016, up 70,200, or 2.2 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 1.6 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the Washington area's October increase was its 31st consecutive over-the-year employment gain. (See chart 1 and table 1; Technical Note at end of release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Washington metropolitan area and its divisions, October 2011–October 2016



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of two metropolitan divisions¾separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Division, with 82 percent of the area's

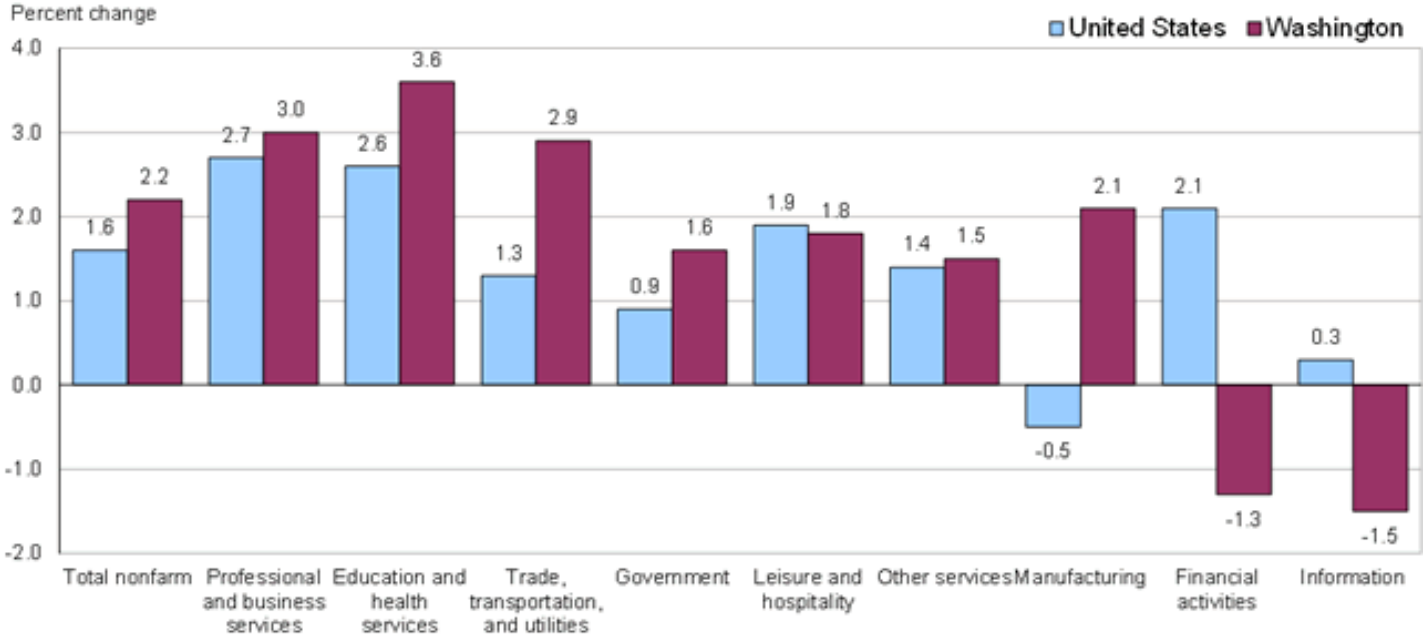
employment, gained 60,200 jobs over the year. The Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Md. Metropolitan Division, which represented the remaining 18 percent of area employment, added 10,000 jobs since October 2015.

Industry employment

In the greater Washington metropolitan area, professional and business services recorded the largest employment gain from October 2015 to October 2016, adding 22,000 jobs. The Washington area's 3.0-percent growth in professional and business services employment exceeded the 2.7-percent increase nationally. Local job gains in this industry were mostly centered in the Washington division. (See chart 2.)

Three other supersectors added at least 10,000 jobs over the year in the local area: education and health services (14,900); trade, transportation, and utilities (11,900); and government (10,900). All three of these supersectors had faster rates of job growth locally than nationally.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Washington metropolitan area, October 2016



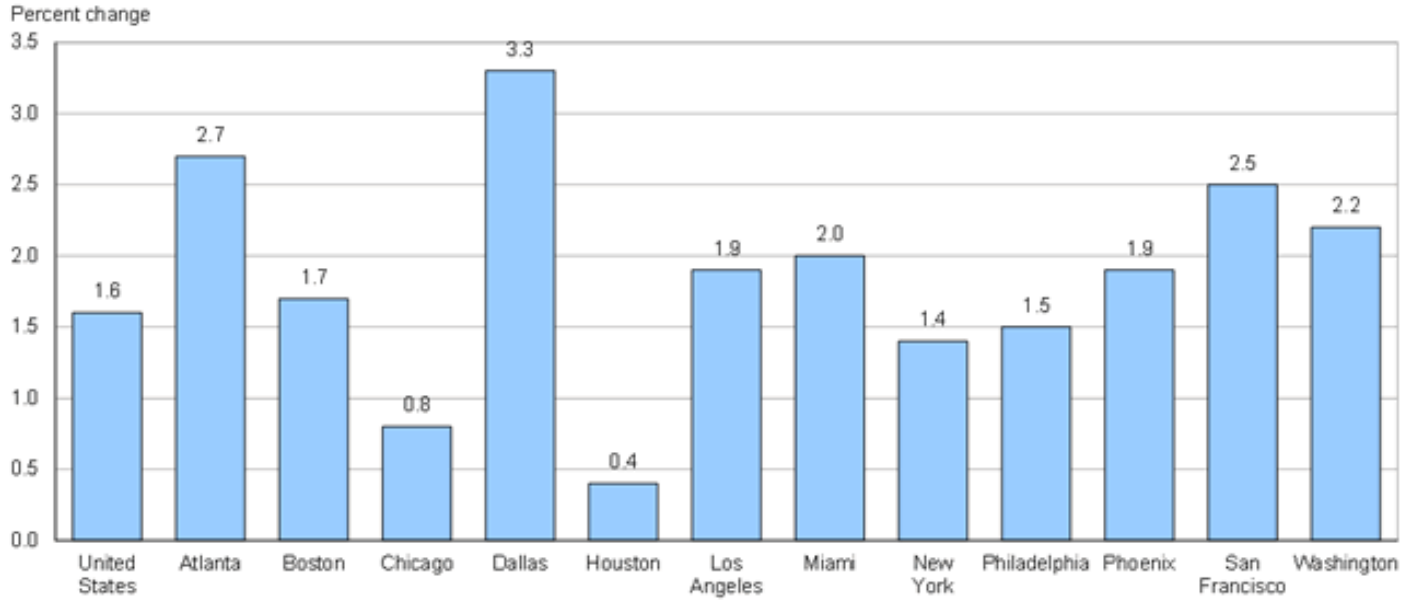
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Two supersectors lost jobs in the Washington area from October 2015 to October 2016—financial activities (-2,100) and information (-1,100).

Twelve largest metropolitan areas

Washington-Arlington-Alexandria was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in October 2016. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with 8 exceeding the national average of 1.6 percent. The fastest rate of job growth was in Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, up 3.3 percent. Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land (0.4 percent) and Chicago-Naperville-Elgin (0.8 percent) had the slowest rates of job growth. (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, October 2016



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The New York-Newark-Jersey City area added the largest number of jobs over the year, 135,600, followed by Dallas (114,000) and Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim (111,200). Houston had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 13,400 jobs, followed by Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, which added 37,800 jobs.

Over the year, education and health services added the most jobs in Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Houston, Los Angeles, New York, Phoenix, and San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward. Professional and business services gained the most jobs in Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Chicago, Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, and Washington. Manufacturing lost the most jobs over-the-year in Boston, Dallas, Los Angeles, and San Francisco.

Metropolitan area employment data for November 2016 are scheduled to be released on Friday, December 16, 2016, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. The employment data are estimated using a "link relative" technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, dated February 28, 2013. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The **Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes the District of Columbia; Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Rappahannock, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, and Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park Cities in Virginia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties in Maryland; and Jefferson County in West Virginia.

- The **Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Division** includes the District of Columbia; Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Rappahannock, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, and Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park Cities in Virginia; Calvert, Charles, and Prince George's Counties in Maryland; and Jefferson County in West Virginia.
- The **Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Md. Metropolitan Division** includes Frederick and Montgomery Counties in Maryland.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Washington metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Oct 2015	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	Oct 2015 to Oct 2016	
						Net change	Percent change
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm		3,206.6	3,243.1	3,257.5	(p)3,276.8	(p)70.2	(p)2.2
Mining, logging, and construction		154.9	160.2	159.7	(p)158.9	(p)4.0	(p)2.6
Manufacturing		53.5	54.1	53.7	(p)54.6	(p)1.1	(p)2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		404.5	415.9	412.5	(p)416.4	(p)11.9	(p)2.9
Information		75.3	75.1	75.1	(p)74.2	(p)-1.1	(p)-1.5
Financial activities		155.7	156.0	154.4	(p)153.6	(p)-2.1	(p)-1.3
Professional and business services		730.7	746.6	746.0	(p)752.7	(p)22.0	(p)3.0
Education and health services		417.5	420.0	429.3	(p)432.4	(p)14.9	(p)3.6
Leisure and hospitality		315.3	332.7	322.2	(p)320.9	(p)5.6	(p)1.8
Other services		198.1	202.5	202.1	(p)201.1	(p)3.0	(p)1.5
Government		701.1	680.0	702.5	(p)712.0	(p)10.9	(p)1.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		2,615.2	2,646.0	2,661.0	(p)2,675.4	(p)60.2	(p)2.3
Mining, logging, and construction		119.5	124.1	123.5	(p)122.0	(p)2.5	(p)2.1
Manufacturing		36.5	36.8	36.4	(p)37.1	(p)0.6	(p)1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		326.9	337.6	334.4	(p)337.7	(p)10.8	(p)3.3
Information		61.2	61.0	61.1	(p)60.2	(p)-1.0	(p)-1.6
Financial activities		116.4	116.4	115.6	(p)114.6	(p)-1.8	(p)-1.5
Professional and business services		604.9	621.7	621.9	(p)625.8	(p)20.9	(p)3.5
Education and health services		330.6	330.3	339.3	(p)342.2	(p)11.6	(p)3.5
Leisure and hospitality		261.8	274.3	266.8	(p)266.7	(p)4.9	(p)1.9
Other services		166.2	170.1	169.8	(p)168.7	(p)2.5	(p)1.5
Government		591.2	573.7	592.2	(p)600.4	(p)9.2	(p)1.6
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Md. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm		591.4	597.1	596.5	(p)601.4	(p)10.0	(p)1.7
Mining, logging, and construction		35.4	36.1	36.2	(p)36.9	(p)1.5	(p)4.2
Manufacturing		17.0	17.3	17.3	(p)17.5	(p)0.5	(p)2.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		77.6	78.3	78.1	(p)78.7	(p)1.1	(p)1.4
Information		14.1	14.1	14.0	(p)14.0	(p)-0.1	(p)-0.7
Financial activities		39.3	39.6	38.8	(p)39.0	(p)-0.3	(p)-0.8
Professional and business services		125.8	124.9	124.1	(p)126.9	(p)1.1	(p)0.9
Education and health services		86.9	89.7	90.0	(p)90.2	(p)3.3	(p)3.8
Leisure and hospitality		53.5	58.4	55.4	(p)54.2	(p)0.7	(p)1.3
Other services		31.9	32.4	32.3	(p)32.4	(p)0.5	(p)1.6
Government		109.9	106.3	110.3	(p)111.6	(p)1.7	(p)1.5

Footnotes (p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

Return to Mid-Atlantic Information Office Homepage menu

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Oct 2015	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	Oct 2015 to Oct 2016	
						Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm		143,689	144,413	145,052	(p)145,920	(p)2,231	(p)1.6
Mining and logging		792	690	688	(p)691	(p)-101	(p)-12.8
Construction		6,713	6,919	6,886	(p)6,891	(p)178	(p)2.7
Manufacturing		12,340	12,365	12,307	(p)12,289	(p)-51	(p)-0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		27,109	27,356	27,281	(p)27,465	(p)356	(p)1.3
Information		2,770	2,788	2,772	(p)2,776	(p)6	(p)0.2
Financial activities		8,170	8,380	8,329	(p)8,336	(p)166	(p)2.0
Professional and business services		20,050	20,422	20,451	(p)20,601	(p)551	(p)2.7
Education and health services		22,470	22,424	22,738	(p)23,050	(p)580	(p)2.6
Leisure and hospitality		15,233	16,209	15,748	(p)15,518	(p)285	(p)1.9
Other services		5,637	5,735	5,700	(p)5,715	(p)78	(p)1.4
Government		22,405	21,125	22,152	(p)22,588	(p)183	(p)0.8
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Ga.							
Total nonfarm		2,623.2	2,667.4	2,668.0	(p)2,693.6	(p)70.4	(p)2.7
Mining and logging		1.5	1.4	1.4	(p)1.4	(p)-0.1	(p)-6.7
Construction		110.4	117.3	117.0	(p)118.6	(p)8.2	(p)7.4
Manufacturing		159.9	159.9	161.2	(p)161.1	(p)1.2	(p)0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		586.2	595.8	593.0	(p)599.5	(p)13.3	(p)2.3
Information		88.4	88.5	88.2	(p)88.2	(p)-0.2	(p)-0.2
Financial activities		164.0	166.1	168.2	(p)168.8	(p)4.8	(p)2.9
Professional and business services		489.5	497.4	497.9	(p)507.5	(p)18.0	(p)3.7
Education and health services		323.0	329.7	329.5	(p)334.2	(p)11.2	(p)3.5
Leisure and hospitality		275.6	293.5	286.3	(p)286.4	(p)10.8	(p)3.9
Other services		97.3	95.6	95.1	(p)95.5	(p)-1.8	(p)-1.8
Government		327.4	322.2	330.2	(p)332.4	(p)5.0	(p)1.5
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, Mass.-N.H. (NECTA)							
Total nonfarm		2,680.5	2,713.0	2,709.0	(p)2,727.2	(p)46.7	(p)1.7
Mining, logging, and construction		110.3	120.1	117.3	(p)116.6	(p)6.3	(p)5.7
Manufacturing		190.8	190.0	188.6	(p)188.9	(p)-1.9	(p)-1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		419.0	423.7	421.2	(p)424.0	(p)5.0	(p)1.2
Information		77.1	78.9	78.3	(p)77.8	(p)0.7	(p)0.9
Financial activities		183.3	190.5	188.3	(p)188.8	(p)5.5	(p)3.0
Professional and business services		462.4	471.7	466.0	(p)469.8	(p)7.4	(p)1.6
Education and health services		564.5	563.6	567.7	(p)575.6	(p)11.1	(p)2.0
Leisure and hospitality		257.9	283.6	268.5	(p)267.6	(p)9.7	(p)3.8
Other services		101.5	105.7	101.9	(p)102.3	(p)0.8	(p)0.8
Government		313.7	285.2	311.2	(p)315.8	(p)2.1	(p)0.7
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Ill.-Ind.-Wis.							
Total nonfarm		4,659.6	4,677.3	4,677.0	(p)4,698.3	(p)38.7	(p)0.8
Mining and logging		1.6	1.5	1.5	(p)1.5	(p)-0.1	(p)-6.3
Construction		177.1	183.8	182.0	(p)181.2	(p)4.1	(p)2.3
Manufacturing		414.8	412.1	409.7	(p)410.7	(p)-4.1	(p)-1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		938.8	938.7	934.8	(p)943.0	(p)4.2	(p)0.4
Information		82.4	80.9	80.5	(p)80.4	(p)-2.0	(p)-2.4
Financial activities		294.2	294.2	288.7	(p)288.8	(p)-5.4	(p)-1.8
Professional and business services		819.9	835.3	838.5	(p)844.1	(p)24.2	(p)3.0
Education and health services		713.6	694.8	705.5	(p)716.3	(p)2.7	(p)0.4
Leisure and hospitality		459.9	494.7	480.0	(p)474.0	(p)14.1	(p)3.1

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Oct 2015	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	Oct 2015 to Oct 2016	
						Net change	Percent change
Other services		195.8	200.2	197.8	(p)197.0	(p)1.2	(p)0.6
Government		561.5	541.1	558.0	(p)561.3	(p)-0.2	(p)0.0
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,451.7	3,531.0	3,545.1	(p)3,565.7	(p)114.0	(p)3.3
Mining, logging, and construction		200.2	203.7	205.0	(p)206.3	(p)6.1	(p)3.0
Manufacturing		262.4	262.1	259.7	(p)260.1	(p)-2.3	(p)-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		736.3	762.3	764.2	(p)772.0	(p)35.7	(p)4.8
Information		79.9	81.5	82.0	(p)81.4	(p)1.5	(p)1.9
Financial activities		280.4	294.3	293.3	(p)294.4	(p)14.0	(p)5.0
Professional and business services		572.6	590.2	592.8	(p)592.9	(p)20.3	(p)3.5
Education and health services		425.5	435.3	436.3	(p)439.0	(p)13.5	(p)3.2
Leisure and hospitality		359.0	375.5	371.9	(p)371.0	(p)12.0	(p)3.3
Other services		118.7	120.1	120.0	(p)121.0	(p)2.3	(p)1.9
Government		416.7	406.0	419.9	(p)427.6	(p)10.9	(p)2.6
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,009.4	2,991.7	3,004.4	(p)3,022.8	(p)13.4	(p)0.4
Mining and logging		94.8	87.1	86.9	(p)86.4	(p)-8.4	(p)-8.9
Construction		227.6	214.9	216.6	(p)217.9	(p)-9.7	(p)-4.3
Manufacturing		238.9	230.3	230.0	(p)232.1	(p)-6.8	(p)-2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		612.5	620.1	618.1	(p)622.9	(p)10.4	(p)1.7
Information		31.7	30.8	30.4	(p)30.5	(p)-1.2	(p)-3.8
Financial activities		152.9	155.1	152.4	(p)153.7	(p)0.8	(p)0.5
Professional and business services		471.5	464.0	463.3	(p)466.2	(p)-5.3	(p)-1.1
Education and health services		375.8	385.2	387.9	(p)389.4	(p)13.6	(p)3.6
Leisure and hospitality		305.8	327.4	323.0	(p)319.2	(p)13.4	(p)4.4
Other services		108.3	108.5	106.7	(p)105.6	(p)-2.7	(p)-2.5
Government		389.6	368.3	389.1	(p)398.9	(p)9.3	(p)2.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		5,895.1	5,921.6	5,958.8	(p)6,006.3	(p)111.2	(p)1.9
Mining and logging		4.7	4.1	4.0	(p)4.0	(p)-0.7	(p)-14.9
Construction		222.8	232.7	229.2	(p)229.7	(p)6.9	(p)3.1
Manufacturing		514.5	512.6	510.8	(p)509.5	(p)-5.0	(p)-1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,081.3	1,089.5	1,087.4	(p)1,095.0	(p)13.7	(p)1.3
Information		231.4	234.1	232.6	(p)237.1	(p)5.7	(p)2.5
Financial activities		332.9	339.2	338.4	(p)338.6	(p)5.7	(p)1.7
Professional and business services		901.0	919.9	916.1	(p)920.6	(p)19.6	(p)2.2
Education and health services		963.3	965.5	980.8	(p)996.9	(p)33.6	(p)3.5
Leisure and hospitality		706.2	725.0	727.7	(p)723.3	(p)17.1	(p)2.4
Other services		201.5	201.9	204.2	(p)206.5	(p)5.0	(p)2.5
Government		735.5	697.1	727.6	(p)745.1	(p)9.6	(p)1.3
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla.							
Total nonfarm		2,532.3	2,558.9	2,565.9	(p)2,583.3	(p)51.0	(p)2.0
Mining and logging		0.6	0.6	0.6	(p)0.6	(p)0.0	(p)0.0
Construction		116.4	121.7	122.0	(p)121.7	(p)5.3	(p)4.6
Manufacturing		84.5	84.2	84.3	(p)84.4	(p)-0.1	(p)-0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		586.2	593.3	592.8	(p)596.3	(p)10.1	(p)1.7
Information		48.6	48.3	47.6	(p)48.0	(p)-0.6	(p)-1.2
Financial activities		177.5	183.1	181.9	(p)182.1	(p)4.6	(p)2.6
Professional and business services		410.7	422.3	423.1	(p)425.7	(p)15.0	(p)3.7

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Oct 2015	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	Oct 2015 to Oct 2016	
						Net change	Percent change
Education and health services		373.3	372.9	376.2	(p)379.7	(p)6.4	(p)1.7
Leisure and hospitality		304.8	311.0	309.1	(p)313.4	(p)8.6	(p)2.8
Other services		122.0	120.0	121.2	(p)122.6	(p)0.6	(p)0.5
Government		307.7	301.5	307.1	(p)308.8	(p)1.1	(p)0.4
New York-Newark-Jersey City, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa.							
Total nonfarm		9,467.2	9,513.9	9,523.3	(p)9,602.8	(p)135.6	(p)1.4
Mining, logging, and construction		384.2	399.2	398.4	(p)394.4	(p)10.2	(p)2.7
Manufacturing		371.7	371.7	373.3	(p)371.8	(p)0.1	(p)0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,729.4	1,726.9	1,733.7	(p)1,745.1	(p)15.7	(p)0.9
Information		288.8	290.5	288.9	(p)288.3	(p)-0.5	(p)-0.2
Financial activities		770.6	778.6	771.5	(p)768.2	(p)-2.4	(p)-0.3
Professional and business services		1,512.0	1,522.3	1,516.5	(p)1,530.9	(p)18.9	(p)1.3
Education and health services		1,805.4	1,778.6	1,812.3	(p)1,852.0	(p)46.6	(p)2.6
Leisure and hospitality		878.4	957.9	923.3	(p)903.5	(p)25.1	(p)2.9
Other services		411.2	426.1	420.5	(p)420.5	(p)9.3	(p)2.3
Government		1,315.5	1,262.1	1,284.9	(p)1,328.1	(p)12.6	(p)1.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md.							
Total nonfarm		2,860.8	2,860.6	2,879.2	(p)2,904.4	(p)43.6	(p)1.5
Mining, logging, and construction		115.5	118.4	118.1	(p)116.9	(p)1.4	(p)1.2
Manufacturing		181.1	183.8	184.2	(p)183.5	(p)2.4	(p)1.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		522.8	523.2	523.3	(p)528.6	(p)5.8	(p)1.1
Information		46.7	46.4	46.0	(p)46.2	(p)-0.5	(p)-1.1
Financial activities		209.4	213.4	211.8	(p)211.5	(p)2.1	(p)1.0
Professional and business services		454.8	467.5	465.8	(p)466.6	(p)11.8	(p)2.6
Education and health services		615.5	602.3	613.6	(p)624.9	(p)9.4	(p)1.5
Leisure and hospitality		254.9	273.6	263.8	(p)262.8	(p)7.9	(p)3.1
Other services		117.9	118.5	118.2	(p)120.0	(p)2.1	(p)1.8
Government		342.2	313.5	334.4	(p)343.4	(p)1.2	(p)0.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz.							
Total nonfarm		1,952.5	1,947.8	1,967.4	(p)1,990.3	(p)37.8	(p)1.9
Mining and logging		3.3	3.3	3.3	(p)3.3	(p)0.0	(p)0.0
Construction		100.0	106.9	109.4	(p)109.9	(p)9.9	(p)9.9
Manufacturing		120.6	119.4	118.5	(p)118.7	(p)-1.9	(p)-1.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities		384.5	383.9	383.7	(p)388.8	(p)4.3	(p)1.1
Information		37.0	37.7	37.5	(p)38.3	(p)1.3	(p)3.5
Financial activities		169.3	174.5	174.0	(p)175.0	(p)5.7	(p)3.4
Professional and business services		330.2	329.2	328.1	(p)335.4	(p)5.2	(p)1.6
Education and health services		288.8	292.8	297.0	(p)299.4	(p)10.6	(p)3.7
Leisure and hospitality		210.0	212.4	212.5	(p)215.5	(p)5.5	(p)2.6
Other services		66.2	64.2	64.2	(p)64.2	(p)-2.0	(p)-3.0
Government		242.6	223.5	239.2	(p)241.8	(p)-0.8	(p)-0.3
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif.							
Total nonfarm		2,296.7	2,331.1	2,334.8	(p)2,354.9	(p)58.2	(p)2.5
Mining and logging		1.0	0.9	0.9	(p)0.9	(p)-0.1	(p)-10.0
Construction		115.4	123.9	124.4	(p)122.6	(p)7.2	(p)6.2
Manufacturing		127.9	129.4	129.2	(p)126.9	(p)-1.0	(p)-0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		371.0	374.5	374.3	(p)377.7	(p)6.7	(p)1.8
Information		86.9	86.8	86.3	(p)86.7	(p)-0.2	(p)-0.2
Financial activities		130.2	132.1	130.8	(p)132.1	(p)1.9	(p)1.5

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Oct 2015	Aug 2016	Sep 2016	Oct 2016	Oct 2015 to Oct 2016	
						Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services		471.6	484.3	483.1	(p)487.1	(p)15.5	(p)3.3
Education and health services		334.5	339.2	344.9	(p)350.4	(p)15.9	(p)4.8
Leisure and hospitality		262.2	272.5	269.7	(p)272.7	(p)10.5	(p)4.0
Other services		84.1	83.5	83.3	(p)83.6	(p)-0.5	(p)-0.6
Government		311.9	304.0	307.9	(p)314.2	(p)2.3	(p)0.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va.							
Total nonfarm		3,206.6	3,243.1	3,257.5	(p)3,276.8	(p)70.2	(p)2.2
Mining, logging, and construction		154.9	160.2	159.7	(p)158.9	(p)4.0	(p)2.6
Manufacturing		53.5	54.1	53.7	(p)54.6	(p)1.1	(p)2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		404.5	415.9	412.5	(p)416.4	(p)11.9	(p)2.9
Information		75.3	75.1	75.1	(p)74.2	(p)-1.1	(p)-1.5
Financial activities		155.7	156.0	154.4	(p)153.6	(p)-2.1	(p)-1.3
Professional and business services		730.7	746.6	746.0	(p)752.7	(p)22.0	(p)3.0
Education and health services		417.5	420.0	429.3	(p)432.4	(p)14.9	(p)3.6
Leisure and hospitality		315.3	332.7	322.2	(p)320.9	(p)5.6	(p)1.8
Other services		198.1	202.5	202.1	(p)201.1	(p)3.0	(p)1.5
Government		701.1	680.0	702.5	(p)712.0	(p)10.9	(p)1.6

Footnotes (p) Preliminary
SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

Return to Mid-Atlantic Information Office Homepage