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METROPOLITAN AREA EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT – SEPTEMBER 2009

Unemployment rates were higher in September than a year earlier in 371 of the 372 metropolitan areas and lower in 1 area, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Thirteen areas recorded jobless rates of at least 15.0 percent, while 12 areas registered rates below 5.0 percent. The national unemployment rate in September was 9.5 percent, not seasonally adjusted, up from 6.0 percent a year earlier. Among the 369 metropolitan areas for which nonfarm payroll employment data were available, 359 areas reported over-the-year decreases in employment, and 10 reported increases.

Metropolitan Area Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In September, 117 metropolitan areas reported jobless rates of at least 10.0 percent, up from 10 areas a year earlier, while 70 areas posted rates below 7.0 percent, down from 291 areas in September 2008. El Centro, Calif., and Yuma, Ariz., recorded the highest unemployment rates, 30.1 and 24.2 percent, respectively. These two adjacent areas are highly agricultural and experience extreme heat during summer months. Among the 13 areas with jobless rates of at least 15.0 percent, 5 were located in California and 3 were in Michigan. Bismarck, N.D., registered the lowest unemployment rate in September, 2.9 percent, followed by Fargo, N.D.-Minn., 3.7 percent, and Grand Forks, N.D.-Minn., 3.8 percent. Overall, 133 areas recorded unemployment rates above the U.S. figure of 9.5 percent, 232 areas reported rates below it, and 7 areas had the same rate. (See table 1 and the map.)

Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., recorded the largest jobless rate increase from September 2008 (+8.4 percentage points), followed by Muskegon-Norton Shores, Mich. (+6.8 points). An additional 5 areas registered unemployment rate increases of 6.0 percentage points or more, and another 34 areas had increases of 5.0 to 5.9 points. Three areas reported rate increases of less than a full percentage point: Manhattan, Kan. (+0.4 point), Bismarck, N.D. (+0.5 point), and Grand Forks, N.D.-Minn. (+0.6 point). Only one area experienced an over-the-year jobless rate decrease, Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, La. (-1.4 percentage points), which had been impacted by Hurricane Gustav in September 2008.

Of the 49 metropolitan areas with a Census 2000 population of 1 million or more, Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., reported the highest unemployment rate in September, 17.3 percent. The large areas with the next highest rates were Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, Calif., 14.2 percent, and Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev., 13.9 percent. Sixteen additional large areas posted rates of 10.0 percent or more. The large areas with the lowest jobless rates in September were Oklahoma City, Okla., 5.9 percent;

Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va., 6.2 percent; and Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Va.-N.C., 6.7 percent. All 49 large areas registered over-the-year unemployment rate increases of at least 1.6 percentage points. Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., had the largest jobless rate increase from a year earlier (+8.4 percentage points). The next largest rate increase occurred in Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev. (+6.2 percentage points). Five other large areas recorded over-the-year rate increases of 5.0 percentage points or more.

Metropolitan Division Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Eleven of the most populous metropolitan areas are composed of 34 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers. In September, the two divisions that comprise the Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich., metropolitan area registered the highest jobless rates: Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn, 18.3 percent, and Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, 16.6 percent. The division with the next highest rate was Lawrence-Methuen-Salem, Mass.-N.H., 14.1 percent. Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville, Md., reported the lowest unemployment rate among the divisions, 5.5 percent, followed by Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.C.-Va.-Md.-W.Va., 6.4 percent. (See table 2.)

In September, all 34 metropolitan divisions recorded over-the-year jobless rate increases of at least 2.1 percentage points. Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Mich., and Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn, Mich., experienced the largest rate increases (+8.7 and +8.0 percentage points, respectively). Two additional divisions reported over-the-year rate increases of 5.0 percentage points or more.

In 4 of the 11 metropolitan areas that contain divisions, the ranges between the highest and lowest division jobless rates were 2.0 percentage points or more in September. Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, Mass.-N.H., posted the largest rate difference among its divisions, 6.6 percentage points (Lawrence-Methuen-Salem, Mass.-N.H., 14.1 percent, compared with Nashua, N.H.-Mass., 7.5 percent).

Metropolitan Area Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In September, 359 metropolitan areas reported over-the-year decreases in nonfarm payroll employment and 10 reported increases. The largest over-the-year employment decrease was recorded in Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, Calif. (-220,000), followed by New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, N.Y.-N.J.-Pa. (-216,400), and Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. (-207,800). The largest over-the-year percentage losses in employment were reported in Kokomo, Ind. (-8.5 percent), Dalton, Ga. (-8.4 percent), and Elkhart-Goshen, Ind., Holland-Grand Haven, Mich., and Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz. (-8.0 percent each). (See table 3.)

The largest over-the-year increases in employment occurred in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas (+3,100), Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, Wash. (+2,900), and Sandusky, Ohio (+1,300). The largest over-the-year percentage increases in employment were reported in Sandusky, Ohio (+3.3 percent), Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, Wash. (+3.0 percent), Hot Springs, Ark. (+1.6 percent), and McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas (+1.4 percent).

Over the year, nonfarm employment declined in all 38 metropolitan areas with annual average employment levels above 750,000 in 2008. The largest over-the-year percentage decreases in employment in these large metropolitan areas were posted in Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz. (-8.0 percent), Detroit-Warren-Livonia, Mich. (-7.8 percent), and Las Vegas-Paradise, Nev. (-6.2 percent).

Metropolitan Division Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Nonfarm payroll employment data were available in September 2009 for 32 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers within a metropolitan area. Thirty-one of the 32 metropolitan divisions reported over-the-year employment losses. The largest over-the-year decrease in the metropolitan divisions occurred in Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, Ill. (-188,200), followed by Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, Calif. (-164,200), New York-White Plains-Wayne, N.Y.-N.J. (-145,900), and Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Mich. (-106,500). Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville, Md., was the only metropolitan division where employment increased over the year (+5,700, or 1 percent). (See table 4.)

The largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment among the metropolitan divisions was reported in Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Mich. (-9.4 percent), followed by Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn, Mich. (-5.5 percent), Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Wash. (-5.2 percent), Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, Ill. (-4.9 percent), and San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City, Calif. (-4.8 percent).

Regional and State Employment and Unemployment data for October are scheduled to be released on Friday, November 20, 2009, at 10:00 a.m. (EST). Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment data for October are scheduled to be released on Wednesday, December 2, 2009, at 10:00 a.m. (EST).

Technical Note

This release presents labor force and unemployment data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program (tables 1 and 2) for 372 metropolitan statistical areas and metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), plus 8 areas in Puerto Rico. Estimates for 34 metropolitan and NECTA divisions also are presented. Nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program (tables 3 and 4) are provided for most of the same areas. State estimates were previously published in the news release, *Regional and State Employment and Unemployment*, and are republished in this release for ease of reference. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

Labor force and unemployment—from the LAUS program

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. *Employed* persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. *Unemployed* persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The *labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The *unemployment rate* is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Method of estimation. Estimates for states, the District of Columbia, the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale metropolitan division, and New York City are produced using time-series models with real-time benchmarking to national CPS totals. Model-based estimation was extended to the following areas and their respective balances of state in 2005: the Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL Metropolitan Division; Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area; Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Metropolitan Statistical Area; Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division; New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA Metropolitan Statistical Area; and Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Metropolitan Division. (Model-based estimation of the New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner metropolitan area was suspended following

Hurricane Katrina; the indirect estimation methods described below will be used for this area until further notice.) Modeling improves the statistical basis of the estimation for these areas and provides important tools for analysis, such as measures of errors and seasonally adjusted series. For all other substate areas in this release, estimates are prepared through indirect estimation procedures using a building-block approach. Employment estimates, which are based largely on “place of work” estimates from the CES program, are adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Unemployment estimates are aggregates of persons previously employed in industries covered by state unemployment insurance (UI) laws and entrants to the labor force data from the CPS. The substate estimates of employment and unemployment, which geographically exhaust the entire state, are adjusted proportionally to ensure that they add to the independently estimated state or balance-of-state totals. A detailed description of the estimation procedures is available from BLS upon request.

Annual revisions. Labor force and unemployment data shown for the prior year reflect adjustments made at the end of each year, usually implemented with January estimates. The adjusted model-based estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. All substate estimates are reestimated and adjusted to add to the revised model-based estimates.

Employment—from the CES program

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. The employment data are estimated using a “link relative” technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for the approximately 44 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to

adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates

The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the particular estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded data and thus may differ slightly from rates computed using the rounded data displayed in the tables.

Labor force and unemployment estimates. Model-based error measures are available for states on the BLS Web site at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm>. Measures of nonsampling error are not available, but additional information on the subject is provided in *Employment and Earnings Online* at <http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm>.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for state CES data at the supersector level and for metro-

politan area CES data at the total nonfarm level are available online at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available on the BLS Web site at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>.

Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on November 20, 2008. Data reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than county-based definitions, in the six New England States. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in *Employment and Earnings Online*.

Estimates of unadjusted and seasonally adjusted labor force and unemployment data for states, census regions and divisions, and seven substate areas are available in the news release, *Regional and State Employment and Unemployment*. Estimates of labor force and unemployment for all states, metropolitan areas, labor market areas, counties, cities with a population of 25,000 or more, and other areas used in the administration of various federal economic assistance programs are available on the Internet at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/>. Employment data from the CES program are available on the BLS Web site at <http://www.bls.gov/sae/>.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force				Unemployed							
					Number				Percent of labor force			
	August		September		August		September		August		September	
	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P
Iowa	1,676.7	1,687.2	1,678.7	1,691.8	70.1	108.2	67.3	107.1	4.2	6.4	4.0	6.3
Ames	47.2	48.3	49.5	50.5	1.6	2.4	1.4	2.3	3.4	5.0	2.9	4.5
Cedar Rapids	145.8	147.5	146.3	148.3	6.5	9.3	6.0	9.4	4.4	6.3	4.1	6.4
Des Moines-West Des Moines	317.1	320.4	314.3	319.6	12.5	19.2	12.1	19.3	4.0	6.0	3.9	6.0
Dubuque	51.5	51.9	52.0	52.6	2.1	3.4	2.0	3.2	4.1	6.5	3.8	6.0
Iowa City	89.8	91.9	92.1	93.6	3.1	4.5	2.7	4.2	3.5	4.9	3.0	4.5
Sioux City	78.9	79.4	78.7	79.5	3.0	4.4	2.8	4.4	3.9	5.5	3.5	5.6
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	93.7	93.7	95.4	95.5	3.7	5.5	3.7	5.4	4.0	5.9	3.8	5.6
Kansas	1,495.9	1,520.8	1,497.0	1,525.7	70.3	108.8	69.5	104.9	4.7	7.2	4.6	6.9
Lawrence	61.0	58.8	62.9	61.0	2.5	3.6	2.5	3.3	4.1	6.2	4.0	5.4
Manhattan	56.4	66.6	59.5	72.2	2.1	3.2	2.2	2.9	3.7	4.8	3.7	4.1
Topeka	122.6	125.0	122.6	125.0	6.4	8.7	6.4	8.0	5.2	6.9	5.2	6.4
Wichita	317.3	331.9	319.4	329.6	14.3	30.0	14.4	28.3	4.5	9.0	4.5	8.6
Kentucky	2,052.7	2,072.3	2,048.8	2,064.6	134.3	224.6	132.5	215.4	6.5	10.8	6.5	10.4
Bowling Green	63.3	63.5	63.6	63.2	3.4	7.1	3.4	6.0	5.4	11.2	5.4	9.5
Elizabethtown	54.7	56.2	54.8	55.9	3.6	5.9	3.5	5.6	6.6	10.5	6.3	10.1
Lexington-Fayette	238.0	238.0	237.2	237.3	12.7	21.1	12.5	19.7	5.3	8.9	5.3	8.3
Louisville-Jefferson County	635.9	633.4	632.3	631.9	42.1	65.2	42.9	63.5	6.6	10.3	6.8	10.0
Owensboro	56.9	57.7	56.7	57.7	3.7	5.9	3.4	5.5	6.5	10.2	6.0	9.6
Louisiana	2,100.6	2,078.8	2,101.3	2,057.4	109.8	167.4	116.2	153.0	5.2	8.1	5.5	7.4
Alexandria	71.8	71.0	70.7	70.1	3.7	5.5	3.2	4.9	5.2	7.7	4.6	7.0
Baton Rouge	380.4	374.5	383.1	371.4	19.7	28.7	21.9	26.3	5.2	7.7	5.7	7.1
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux	107.4	104.8	108.3	103.2	3.7	5.7	7.0	5.3	3.4	5.5	6.5	5.1
Lafayette	138.1	136.5	137.1	135.3	5.2	9.1	4.9	8.4	3.8	6.7	3.6	6.2
Lake Charles	97.8	96.5	96.9	95.7	4.8	7.3	4.5	6.8	4.9	7.5	4.6	7.1
Monroe	82.0	81.5	81.8	80.8	4.8	7.5	4.2	6.6	5.8	9.2	5.1	8.2
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	539.6	529.7	539.4	524.6	27.1	40.9	31.0	38.1	5.0	7.7	5.7	7.3
Shreveport-Bossier City	188.9	183.6	187.9	181.8	11.1	15.7	9.8	13.7	5.9	8.5	5.2	7.6
Maine	722.7	717.3	707.5	701.0	34.1	55.0	35.2	54.6	4.7	7.7	5.0	7.8
Bangor	70.7	70.7	71.2	70.8	3.6	5.1	3.6	5.1	5.0	7.2	5.1	7.2
Lewiston-Auburn	57.4	57.1	56.9	56.6	3.0	4.8	3.1	4.8	5.2	8.5	5.4	8.4
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford	211.2	209.3	205.1	204.3	7.8	13.4	8.3	13.6	3.7	6.4	4.1	6.6
Maryland	3,018.4	2,974.8	2,983.8	2,939.3	139.1	209.4	134.4	207.7	4.6	7.0	4.5	7.1
Baltimore-Towson	1,411.2	1,387.5	1,397.3	1,372.1	70.0	105.8	67.0	104.0	5.0	7.6	4.8	7.6
Cumberland	48.6	47.0	48.4	48.7	2.6	3.9	2.4	3.7	5.4	8.2	5.1	7.6
Hagerstown-Martinsburg	120.9	118.9	119.4	119.3	6.5	11.1	6.1	10.8	5.3	9.3	5.1	9.0
Salisbury	64.7	63.5	63.9	63.0	3.5	5.0	3.5	5.0	5.3	7.9	5.5	8.0
Massachusetts	3,466.7	3,486.8	3,412.9	3,425.1	184.7	308.7	191.0	317.8	5.3	8.9	5.6	9.3
Barnstable Town	150.5	147.0	138.0	135.5	6.6	10.6	7.1	11.2	4.4	7.2	5.2	8.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2,521.7	2,533.1	2,487.2	2,493.4	125.1	212.7	129.8	219.3	5.0	8.4	5.2	8.8
Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner	72.1	73.3	71.4	72.3	5.1	8.7	5.0	8.7	7.0	11.8	7.0	12.0
New Bedford	83.7	85.3	83.7	84.8	6.2	10.6	6.6	10.8	7.4	12.4	7.8	12.7
Pittsfield	40.3	40.2	38.3	38.2	1.9	3.2	2.0	3.3	4.6	8.0	5.1	8.7
Springfield	342.0	342.3	342.6	342.3	20.8	32.1	20.7	32.8	6.1	9.4	6.0	9.6
Worcester	291.1	297.3	289.1	294.1	17.0	28.1	17.3	28.6	5.8	9.4	6.0	9.7
Michigan	4,968.4	4,885.3	4,908.9	4,825.8	425.5	718.0	416.5	712.9	8.6	14.7	8.5	14.8
Ann Arbor	184.6	176.4	184.1	175.6	12.0	16.7	11.8	16.4	6.5	9.4	6.4	9.3
Battle Creek	69.4	67.7	68.3	66.6	5.5	8.5	5.5	8.3	7.9	12.5	8.0	12.4
Bay City	55.3	54.4	54.4	53.6	4.2	6.6	4.2	6.6	7.6	12.1	7.6	12.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	2,126.6	2,116.0	2,096.9	2,090.4	192.8	359.2	186.4	361.1	9.1	17.0	8.9	17.3
Flint	202.2	190.0	200.0	189.7	21.0	30.6	21.0	29.9	10.4	16.1	10.5	15.8
Grand Rapids-Wyoming	404.6	392.8	398.8	388.4	30.4	47.0	30.1	46.1	7.5	12.0	7.5	11.9
Holland-Grand Haven	134.9	129.8	133.1	128.6	9.7	16.7	9.6	16.5	7.2	12.9	7.2	12.8
Jackson	76.8	75.0	75.9	73.8	7.0	11.3	6.9	11.0	9.1	15.1	9.1	14.9
Kalamazoo-Portage	174.2	169.9	173.1	166.9	12.5	19.8	12.5	19.5	7.2	11.6	7.2	11.7
Lansing-East Lansing	245.9	240.4	248.5	240.4	17.3	27.1	17.2	26.4	7.0	11.3	6.9	11.0
Monroe	76.4	74.9	75.8	74.3	7.7	11.1	7.1	10.6	10.0	14.8	9.3	14.2
Muskegon-Norton Shores	90.7	89.3	89.0	87.8	8.3	14.4	8.2	14.1	9.1	16.2	9.2	16.0
Niles-Benton Harbor	81.7	78.5	80.3	77.0	6.7	10.5	6.7	10.4	8.2	13.4	8.4	13.5
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North	94.9	91.2	94.0	90.4	8.0	11.8	8.1	11.7	8.4	12.9	8.7	12.9
Minnesota	2,964.5	2,982.3	2,946.5	2,954.8	160.3	225.9	159.3	210.5	5.4	7.6	5.4	7.1
Duluth	146.8	144.9	146.9	144.7	9.0	12.7	8.5	11.3	6.1	8.7	5.8	7.8
Mankato-North Mankato	55.1	56.2	56.0	56.7	2.6	3.7	2.6	3.5	4.7	6.6	4.6	6.2
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1,868.9	1,857.8	1,853.7	1,843.0	99.2	143.5	99.9	135.1	5.3	7.7	5.4	7.3
Rochester	105.7	106.9	104.1	105.4	4.7	6.5	4.7	6.1	4.4	6.1	4.5	5.8
St. Cloud	107.0	107.1	106.9	105.7	5.7	7.7	5.7	7.2	5.4	7.2	5.3	6.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force				Unemployed							
					Number				Percent of labor force			
	August		September		August		September		August		September	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	2008	2009	2008	2009P	2008	2009	2008	2009P
North Dakota	379.0	372.2	371.6	364.0	12.1	14.9	9.8	12.4	3.2	4.0	2.6	3.4
Bismarck	63.9	62.1	61.7	60.2	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.7	2.9	3.3	2.4	2.9
Fargo	122.4	120.6	121.2	119.3	3.7	5.0	3.2	4.4	3.1	4.1	2.6	3.7
Grand Forks	55.5	54.4	56.1	54.3	2.2	2.7	1.8	2.1	4.0	5.0	3.2	3.8
Ohio	6,040.8	5,974.3	5,969.3	5,876.8	409.8	627.1	394.1	572.0	6.8	10.5	6.6	9.7
Akron	394.4	387.5	392.8	381.9	25.2	39.6	24.6	36.1	6.4	10.2	6.3	9.5
Canton-Massillon	208.3	208.1	206.5	204.2	14.5	24.6	14.1	22.9	7.0	11.8	6.8	11.2
Cincinnati-Middletown	1,141.5	1,125.4	1,127.2	1,104.8	70.2	111.4	68.2	102.2	6.2	9.9	6.1	9.2
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1,098.6	1,077.2	1,076.6	1,055.9	74.8	96.4	69.8	88.1	6.8	8.9	6.5	8.3
Columbus	978.7	971.6	965.9	953.7	58.2	85.6	56.4	78.2	6.0	8.8	5.8	8.2
Dayton	427.3	425.5	424.8	417.0	31.0	49.1	30.5	44.7	7.2	11.5	7.2	10.7
Lima	52.3	51.6	51.8	50.4	4.0	5.8	3.9	5.2	7.6	11.2	7.5	10.2
Mansfield	63.5	62.3	62.8	61.0	4.5	8.0	4.7	7.2	7.1	12.8	7.5	11.8
Sandusky	45.7	47.1	44.0	44.8	2.9	4.6	3.3	4.3	6.3	9.8	7.5	9.5
Springfield	71.5	71.1	71.0	70.2	5.1	7.8	4.7	7.0	7.2	10.9	6.7	9.9
Toledo	338.7	327.6	335.9	324.8	28.6	39.8	25.3	36.0	8.4	12.1	7.5	11.1
Weirton-Steubenville	59.1	58.9	58.9	57.9	3.7	7.6	3.4	7.1	6.3	12.9	5.8	12.2
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman	279.9	276.3	278.4	271.0	20.9	36.7	20.0	33.5	7.5	13.3	7.2	12.4
Oklahoma	1,748.0	1,784.6	1,750.5	1,778.3	67.1	117.3	64.9	114.8	3.8	6.6	3.7	6.5
Lawton	45.9	46.5	45.9	46.3	1.7	2.4	1.7	2.3	3.7	5.2	3.7	5.1
Oklahoma City	563.5	574.2	567.4	574.7	21.7	34.8	20.8	33.9	3.8	6.1	3.7	5.9
Tulsa	436.6	456.3	433.7	456.4	16.8	32.1	16.3	31.9	3.9	7.0	3.8	7.0
Oregon	1,981.8	1,981.4	1,968.1	1,961.3	126.6	231.2	121.2	211.5	6.4	11.7	6.2	10.8
Bend	83.7	86.6	82.1	83.9	6.2	12.0	6.2	11.4	7.4	13.9	7.6	13.5
Corvallis	42.6	41.4	42.4	41.2	2.1	3.5	1.9	3.1	4.9	8.4	4.4	7.5
Eugene-Springfield	183.3	185.6	182.3	183.2	12.5	23.0	12.9	21.1	6.8	12.4	7.1	11.5
Medford	102.4	103.5	103.9	103.8	8.3	13.4	7.5	12.0	8.1	13.0	7.2	11.5
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1,181.1	1,182.6	1,172.4	1,171.2	72.0	137.3	66.8	127.4	6.1	11.6	5.7	10.9
Salem	200.2	198.2	197.7	195.6	12.4	21.8	11.4	19.7	6.2	11.0	5.8	10.1
Pennsylvania	6,480.7	6,437.8	6,408.4	6,351.1	364.3	553.9	331.3	528.4	5.6	8.6	5.2	8.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	424.5	421.5	418.9	418.2	24.8	39.1	22.8	38.1	5.8	9.3	5.5	9.1
Altoona	66.0	64.5	65.0	63.7	3.5	4.6	3.2	4.7	5.3	7.2	4.9	7.4
Erie	142.2	141.1	140.8	139.6	8.0	13.7	7.2	12.9	5.6	9.7	5.1	9.2
Harrisburg-Carlisle	292.1	287.3	286.9	281.4	14.2	22.0	12.9	21.2	4.9	7.7	4.5	7.5
Johnstown	69.1	68.4	68.4	67.6	4.7	6.4	3.8	5.9	6.8	9.3	5.6	8.8
Lancaster	277.3	272.4	273.1	267.2	12.4	20.8	11.3	20.0	4.5	7.6	4.2	7.5
Lebanon	74.1	73.0	73.0	71.8	3.2	5.1	2.9	5.0	4.4	6.9	4.0	7.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	3,008.1	2,981.1	2,977.7	2,947.9	173.2	264.0	164.3	259.2	5.8	8.9	5.5	8.8
Pittsburgh	1,237.7	1,226.0	1,222.1	1,208.0	66.5	97.2	58.9	91.3	5.4	7.9	4.8	7.6
Reading	206.7	205.5	204.8	203.2	11.5	18.9	10.7	18.6	5.6	9.2	5.2	9.1
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre	286.7	283.1	282.8	278.7	18.1	25.8	16.3	24.4	6.3	9.1	5.8	8.8
State College	74.4	73.4	76.8	75.3	3.4	4.4	3.1	4.2	4.5	6.0	4.0	5.6
Williamsport	60.5	59.5	60.3	59.4	3.4	5.4	3.2	5.5	5.7	9.0	5.3	9.3
York-Hanover	230.3	230.5	229.0	226.1	11.8	21.2	10.8	18.9	5.1	9.2	4.7	8.4
Rhode Island	573.5	578.9	567.9	569.1	49.3	73.0	45.6	70.0	8.6	12.6	8.0	12.3
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	706.9	714.2	700.6	702.7	59.1	89.6	55.4	87.0	8.4	12.5	7.9	12.4
South Carolina	2,178.1	2,191.3	2,155.3	2,162.4	166.7	252.4	163.0	252.0	7.7	11.5	7.6	11.7
Anderson	86.2	87.8	85.1	85.8	6.7	10.9	6.2	10.7	7.8	12.4	7.2	12.5
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville	323.9	326.8	320.3	320.5	20.8	31.6	19.8	31.1	6.4	9.7	6.2	9.7
Columbia	374.9	381.1	371.4	376.3	25.2	35.4	24.2	35.2	6.7	9.3	6.5	9.4
Florence	95.8	99.3	95.1	97.2	8.2	11.9	7.9	11.8	8.5	12.0	8.3	12.1
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley	319.2	323.7	319.6	323.3	21.3	33.5	20.4	33.8	6.7	10.3	6.4	10.4
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway	138.3	134.3	130.2	131.3	9.2	13.9	9.6	14.3	6.6	10.4	7.3	10.9
Spartanburg	138.7	141.3	138.9	139.3	11.0	17.4	10.3	17.0	7.9	12.3	7.4	12.2
Sumter	43.3	43.3	42.7	43.2	4.0	5.7	4.0	6.0	9.3	13.2	9.3	13.9
South Dakota	452.2	453.3	445.4	445.6	14.1	21.2	12.9	19.7	3.1	4.7	2.9	4.4
Rapid City	70.5	70.8	67.8	68.1	2.0	3.0	1.9	3.0	2.8	4.2	2.8	4.4
Sioux Falls	128.5	130.1	128.8	130.0	3.4	6.1	3.4	5.9	2.6	4.7	2.6	4.6
Tennessee	3,051.1	3,029.1	3,052.3	3,006.4	205.7	324.9	202.8	308.2	6.7	10.7	6.6	10.3
Chattanooga	263.6	260.6	264.4	260.2	15.9	25.0	15.6	23.4	6.0	9.6	5.9	9.0
Clarksville	109.0	108.6	109.4	108.5	7.9	11.9	8.1	11.5	7.3	11.0	7.4	10.6
Cleveland	54.8	54.1	54.8	53.3	3.7	5.6	3.6	5.1	6.8	10.4	6.6	9.6
Jackson	56.6	56.3	56.4	56.0	3.9	6.2	3.8	6.2	6.9	11.0	6.8	11.1
Johnson City	99.7	99.4	100.5	99.2	6.2	9.7	6.0	9.1	6.2	9.8	6.0	9.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	Civilian labor force				Unemployed							
					Number				Percent of labor force			
	August		September		August		September		August		September	
	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P
Wisconsin	3,102.8	3,100.7	3,077.9	3,062.1	142.6	261.9	130.4	235.9	4.6	8.4	4.2	7.7
Appleton	123.5	124.6	121.0	122.0	5.0	10.0	4.6	9.0	4.1	8.0	3.8	7.4
Eau Claire	89.6	89.7	89.4	88.9	3.6	6.2	3.3	5.5	4.0	7.0	3.7	6.2
Fond du Lac	56.6	57.5	56.3	56.8	2.7	5.1	2.2	4.4	4.8	8.8	4.0	7.8
Green Bay	171.9	173.0	169.5	170.2	7.7	13.8	7.1	12.5	4.5	8.0	4.2	7.3
Janesville	83.8	84.8	82.9	83.5	5.4	10.2	5.1	9.3	6.5	12.0	6.2	11.1
La Crosse	76.0	75.5	75.8	75.2	3.0	4.9	2.8	4.6	3.9	6.5	3.6	6.1
Madison	342.9	341.8	337.7	337.7	11.8	20.4	11.1	18.9	3.4	6.0	3.3	5.6
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	813.0	791.0	804.1	780.0	41.0	73.4	37.4	66.4	5.0	9.3	4.7	8.5
Oshkosh-Neenah	94.9	95.9	93.8	94.5	4.0	7.3	3.6	6.6	4.2	7.6	3.9	7.0
Racine	101.1	100.2	99.8	98.3	5.6	10.2	5.0	9.1	5.5	10.2	5.1	9.3
Sheboygan	66.6	66.8	65.6	65.7	2.8	6.0	2.6	5.5	4.2	8.9	3.9	8.3
Wausau	75.4	75.5	74.5	74.6	3.2	6.5	2.9	5.8	4.3	8.7	3.9	7.7
Wyoming	296.7	294.7	293.7	292.5	8.7	17.5	7.6	18.2	2.9	6.0	2.6	6.2
Casper	41.0	39.9	40.4	40.2	1.2	2.8	1.0	2.9	2.8	6.9	2.4	7.3
Cheyenne	42.5	42.0	42.0	41.7	1.6	2.5	1.4	2.6	3.8	6.0	3.5	6.3
Puerto Rico	1,366.0	1,313.1	1,362.7	1,320.1	171.9	208.1	162.9	216.8	12.6	15.8	12.0	16.4
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian	115.2	108.3	113.8	107.8	15.6	19.0	14.6	19.5	13.6	17.6	12.8	18.1
Fajardo	28.4	28.1	27.9	27.9	4.2	5.0	4.1	5.1	14.9	17.8	14.6	18.3
Guayama	27.5	26.9	27.6	27.3	4.4	5.7	4.3	6.2	15.9	21.3	15.4	22.5
Mayaguez	37.4	36.5	37.3	35.9	5.2	6.1	4.8	6.3	14.0	16.8	13.0	17.6
Ponce	89.9	87.6	91.9	87.7	11.7	14.2	11.2	14.8	13.1	16.2	12.2	16.8
San German-Cabo Rojo	51.8	49.9	51.8	50.3	6.9	8.0	6.6	8.3	13.3	16.1	12.7	16.5
San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo	916.5	882.4	913.3	888.9	108.5	130.5	102.9	136.3	11.8	14.8	11.3	15.3
Yauco	39.9	38.9	39.9	39.3	6.0	7.1	5.6	7.4	15.1	18.3	13.9	18.9

¹ Area boundaries do not reflect official OMB definitions.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data for Puerto Rico are derived from a monthly household survey similar to the Current Population Survey. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 09-01, dated November 20, 2008, and are available on the BLS Web site at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are

Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state that appears first in their titles. Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, Iowa-Ill., and Weirton-Steubenville, W.Va.-Ohio, are the exceptions in that they are listed under Illinois and Ohio, respectively, for operational reasons. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Alabama	1,992.1	1,895.9	1,992.6	1,895.6	-97.0	-4.9
Anniston-Oxford	52.8	50.8	52.8	50.7	-2.1	-4.0
Auburn-Opelika	55.1	52.8	55.3	53.0	-2.3	-4.2
Birmingham-Hoover	527.4	508.5	526.0	506.4	-19.6	-3.7
Decatur	57.6	55.0	58.3	55.3	-3.0	-5.1
Dothan	61.7	60.1	61.8	60.0	-1.8	-2.9
Florence-Muscle Shoals	56.5	54.5	57.1	54.5	-2.6	-4.6
Gadsden	38.1	37.2	37.9	37.3	-.6	-1.6
Huntsville	214.5	209.4	214.7	209.5	-5.2	-2.4
Mobile	183.8	180.8	184.8	180.2	-4.6	-2.5
Montgomery	179.0	172.9	178.8	172.3	-6.5	-3.6
Tuscaloosa	98.3	95.7	99.2	96.1	-3.1	-3.1
Alaska	345.1	343.6	337.1	335.1	-2.0	-.6
Anchorage	175.3	174.8	175.9	174.8	-1.1	-.6
Fairbanks	40.2	40.2	39.6	39.8	.2	.5
Arizona	2,596.5	2,397.7	2,604.1	2,408.3	-195.8	-7.5
Flagstaff	64.3	60.7	64.4	60.9	-3.5	-5.4
Lake Havasu City-Kingman	50.3	46.6	50.1	46.4	-3.7	-7.4
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale	1,850.9	1,700.5	1,857.3	1,708.8	-148.5	-8.0
Prescott	60.5	56.6	60.4	56.6	-3.8	-6.3
Tucson	381.0	356.5	382.5	358.5	-24.0	-6.3
Yuma	51.6	48.8	52.8	49.3	-3.5	-6.6
Arkansas	1,200.3	1,173.5	1,213.2	1,180.0	-33.2	-2.7
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers	206.8	204.6	209.2	205.8	-3.4	-1.6
Fort Smith	125.5	123.5	126.4	124.0	-2.4	-1.9
Hot Springs	38.6	39.7	38.5	39.1	.6	1.6
Jonesboro	48.5	49.6	49.8	49.4	-.4	-.8
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway	348.4	342.5	349.7	343.5	-6.2	-1.8
Pine Bluff	37.7	37.0	38.3	37.6	-.7	-1.8
California	14,925.4	14,189.2	14,944.8	14,221.5	-723.3	-4.8
Bakersfield	235.6	228.4	237.4	230.8	-6.6	-2.8
Chico	75.2	72.7	75.6	72.8	-2.8	-3.7
El Centro	46.6	44.7	46.4	44.6	-1.8	-3.9
Fresno	301.3	289.8	303.3	292.0	-11.3	-3.7
Hanford-Corcoran	37.6	36.4	37.9	36.1	-1.8	-4.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	5,502.6	5,273.5	5,518.5	5,298.5	-220.0	-4.0
Madera-Chowchilla	34.7	34.4	34.8	34.5	-.3	-.9
Merced	57.7	55.4	58.3	56.6	-1.7	-2.9
Modesto	161.2	155.3	159.3	154.6	-4.7	-3.0
Napa	64.9	60.8	65.1	61.4	-3.7	-5.7
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura	285.2	271.8	286.6	274.0	-12.6	-4.4
Redding	62.7	58.8	63.0	59.5	-3.5	-5.6
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario	1,204.4	1,136.3	1,207.8	1,140.2	-67.6	-5.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville	876.0	834.3	874.7	834.2	-40.5	-4.6
Salinas	129.3	124.2	129.0	123.5	-5.5	-4.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos	1,297.2	1,240.7	1,293.6	1,241.6	-52.0	-4.0
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	2,017.9	1,923.9	2,016.3	1,927.5	-88.8	-4.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara	917.0	871.4	916.5	868.7	-47.8	-5.2
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles	99.7	99.2	101.6	99.4	-2.2	-2.2
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta	170.4	167.1	171.1	167.9	-3.2	-1.9
Santa Cruz-Watsonville	92.6	87.4	91.4	87.0	-4.4	-4.8
Santa Rosa-Petaluma	184.7	175.4	187.5	177.5	-10.0	-5.3
Stockton	207.1	198.5	207.8	199.4	-8.4	-4.0
Vallejo-Fairfield	124.0	120.3	124.0	119.7	-4.3	-3.5
Visalia-Porterville	112.1	108.3	112.7	108.8	-3.9	-3.5
Yuba City	39.4	37.9	40.7	38.3	-2.4	-5.9
Colorado	2,369.9	2,258.1	2,361.2	2,249.1	-112.1	-4.7
Boulder	165.9	157.4	168.9	160.1	-8.8	-5.2
Colorado Springs	260.6	248.4	259.7	248.7	-11.0	-4.2
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield	1,264.8	1,205.1	1,258.1	1,198.9	-59.2	-4.7
Fort Collins-Loveland	139.5	134.4	141.1	135.4	-5.7	-4.0
Grand Junction	66.9	63.3	66.9	62.9	-4.0	-6.0
Greeley	82.8	78.9	83.8	78.9	-4.9	-5.8
Pueblo	58.5	56.7	58.9	57.1	-1.8	-3.1
Connecticut	1,687.4	1,618.9	1,699.4	1,626.5	-72.9	-4.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk	415.1	402.6	416.0	400.5	-15.5	-3.7
Danbury	68.9	66.7	69.4	67.6	-1.8	-2.6
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford	552.1	532.1	560.2	536.7	-23.5	-4.2
New Haven	271.1	265.0	277.0	271.7	-5.3	-1.9
Norwich-New London	138.9	132.8	137.3	132.4	-4.9	-3.6
Waterbury	65.4	63.4	66.6	64.6	-2.0	-3.0
Delaware	435.9	413.3	433.1	413.4	-19.7	-4.5
Dover	64.3	61.6	65.3	62.5	-2.8	-4.3
District of Columbia	714.7	715.4	703.6	700.0	-3.6	-.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria	3,017.6	2,977.2	3,005.9	2,968.9	-37.0	-1.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Florida	7,691.0	7,320.0	7,670.1	7,306.5	-363.6	-4.7
Bradenton-Sarasota-Venice	267.0	247.6	266.3	247.0	-19.3	-7.2
Cape Coral-Fort Myers	208.7	194.3	208.7	193.0	-15.7	-7.5
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach	164.0	159.7	163.3	158.7	-4.6	-2.8
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin	83.5	80.1	81.6	79.1	-2.5	-3.1
Gainesville	131.1	127.0	136.0	132.1	-3.9	-2.9
Jacksonville	616.0	593.0	616.2	590.5	-25.7	-4.2
Lakeland-Winter Haven	205.9	197.1	206.0	197.7	-8.3	-4.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2,336.7	2,259.8	2,334.7	2,257.4	-77.3	-3.3
Naples-Marco Island	119.7	111.9	119.7	111.0	-8.7	-7.3
Ocala	101.8	97.1	101.4	96.7	-4.7	-4.6
Orlando-Kissimmee	1,072.2	1,017.7	1,066.0	1,015.7	-50.3	-4.7
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville	205.7	197.2	205.0	196.7	-8.3	-4.0
Palm Coast	18.1	16.7	18.1	16.8	-1.3	-7.2
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach	77.0	73.7	75.9	72.9	-3.0	-4.0
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent	167.0	161.4	166.3	161.4	-4.9	-2.9
Port St. Lucie	126.5	121.2	125.8	120.8	-5.0	-4.0
Punta Gorda	42.0	40.8	41.5	40.6	-.9	-2.2
Sebastian-Vero Beach	46.7	43.1	46.3	42.9	-3.4	-7.3
Tallahassee	174.3	169.6	177.0	172.3	-4.7	-2.7
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater	1,218.6	1,162.2	1,216.9	1,161.7	-55.2	-4.5
Georgia	4,105.2	3,867.2	4,081.5	3,844.4	-237.1	-5.8
Albany	63.8	61.7	63.9	61.5	-2.4	-3.8
Athens-Clarke County	85.1	83.9	85.7	84.2	-1.5	-1.8
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta	2,427.6	2,280.0	2,412.8	2,270.0	-142.8	-5.9
Augusta-Richmond County	215.9	210.5	216.1	209.1	-7.0	-3.2
Brunswick	45.9	45.0	45.1	44.2	-.9	-2.0
Columbus	120.8	118.8	119.9	117.1	-2.8	-2.3
Dalton	73.5	67.9	72.8	66.7	-6.1	-8.4
Gainesville	78.4	74.8	78.1	74.0	-4.1	-5.2
Hinesville-Fort Stewart	19.6	19.1	19.7	19.0	-.7	-3.6
Macon	102.5	97.3	101.6	96.4	-5.2	-5.1
Rome	41.3	39.4	41.8	39.2	-2.6	-6.2
Savannah	159.0	153.4	158.3	153.5	-4.8	-3.0
Valdosta	56.7	54.7	56.2	54.1	-2.1	-3.7
Warner Robins	59.2	57.8	58.7	57.2	-1.5	-2.6
Hawaii	611.4	588.3	611.2	588.1	-23.1	-3.8
Honolulu	446.0	432.8	448.3	434.0	-14.3	-3.2
Idaho	659.1	622.3	657.4	624.7	-32.7	-5.0
Boise City-Nampa	273.5	253.1	271.9	251.3	-20.6	-7.6
Coeur d'Alene	59.0	55.7	58.4	54.8	-3.6	-6.2
Idaho Falls	52.0	49.6	51.8	49.7	-2.1	-4.1
Lewiston	29.2	27.8	29.5	27.9	-1.6	-5.4
Pocatello	38.2	36.2	38.9	36.8	-2.1	-5.4
Illinois	5,982.2	5,675.5	5,972.0	5,676.1	-295.9	-5.0
Bloomington-Normal	90.7	89.7	93.1	91.5	-1.6	-1.7
Champaign-Urbana	109.7	107.8	116.3	115.3	-1.0	-.9
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	4,565.4	4,348.5	4,541.3	4,333.5	-207.8	-4.6
Danville	31.0	30.1	31.1	30.2	-.9	-2.9
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island	192.3	188.9	190.9	187.9	-3.0	-1.6
Decatur	55.3	52.8	55.6	53.1	-2.5	-4.5
Kankakee-Bradley	44.4	42.9	44.4	42.8	-1.6	-3.6
Peoria	190.9	184.6	191.6	185.2	-6.4	-3.3
Rockford	159.2	154.6	159.3	154.7	-4.6	-2.9
Springfield	115.8	112.3	112.3	111.5	-.8	-.7
Indiana	2,956.5	2,806.2	2,978.0	2,841.5	-136.5	-4.6
Anderson	41.8	40.6	42.0	40.8	-1.2	-2.9
Bloomington	82.4	77.8	85.8	84.3	-1.5	-1.7
Columbus	45.7	45.2	46.1	45.2	-.9	-2.0
Elkhart-Goshen	118.7	107.0	116.3	107.0	-9.3	-8.0
Evansville	176.1	171.8	178.2	171.9	-6.3	-3.5
Fort Wayne	213.4	206.3	217.0	208.7	-8.3	-3.8
Indianapolis-Carmel	923.1	885.0	921.3	885.7	-35.6	-3.9
Kokomo	44.5	41.1	44.8	41.0	-3.8	-8.5
Lafayette	93.7	91.1	97.5	95.9	-1.6	-1.6
Michigan City-La Porte	46.9	44.9	46.9	45.2	-1.7	-3.6
Muncie	51.9	49.2	53.0	51.9	-1.1	-2.1
South Bend-Mishawaka	139.2	135.5	143.2	138.8	-4.4	-3.1
Terre Haute	72.2	69.5	74.4	70.9	-3.5	-4.7
Iowa	1,512.9	1,467.7	1,530.9	1,487.4	-43.5	-2.8
Ames	45.5	45.7	48.9	48.6	-.3	-.6
Cedar Rapids	138.5	136.1	140.1	137.9	-2.2	-1.6
Des Moines-West Des Moines	326.0	320.0	325.0	319.5	-5.5	-1.7
Dubuque	54.5	53.4	55.8	54.5	-1.3	-2.3
Iowa City	88.5	89.0	92.4	91.5	-.9	-1.0
Sioux City	76.3	75.2	76.9	75.5	-1.4	-1.8
Waterloo-Cedar Falls	88.8	86.3	91.4	88.9	-2.5	-2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Kansas	1,370.1	1,322.1	1,395.3	1,335.6	-59.7	-4.3
Lawrence	48.4	45.0	51.6	48.0	-3.6	-7.0
Topeka	110.6	108.9	112.8	109.7	-3.1	-2.7
Wichita	302.1	295.8	309.8	296.1	-13.7	-4.4
Kentucky	1,862.2	1,774.7	1,850.2	1,764.8	-85.4	-4.6
Bowling Green	61.7	57.9	61.7	58.5	-3.2	-5.2
Elizabethtown	47.6	47.0	47.8	46.9	-.9	-1.9
Lexington-Fayette	256.7	247.2	255.9	246.6	-9.3	-3.6
Louisville-Jefferson County	626.6	600.6	621.4	597.8	-23.6	-3.8
Owensboro	51.2	49.9	51.3	50.1	-1.2	-2.3
Louisiana	1,941.6	1,909.0	1,927.6	1,908.1	-19.5	-1.0
Alexandria	67.2	66.5	66.6	66.3	-.3	-.5
Baton Rouge	373.7	369.7	372.0	369.8	-2.2	-.6
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux	98.2	96.6	95.4	95.6	.2	.2
Lafayette	152.1	150.4	150.8	149.4	-1.4	-.9
Lake Charles	93.6	92.7	92.5	92.7	.2	.2
Monroe	77.5	76.7	77.7	77.0	-.7	-.9
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner	527.9	519.9	520.6	518.8	-1.8	-.3
Shreveport-Bossier City	181.6	177.0	181.3	177.3	-4.0	-2.2
Maine	626.9	606.3	624.6	603.8	-20.8	-3.3
Bangor	64.2	63.0	65.9	64.4	-1.5	-2.3
Lewiston-Auburn	48.2	46.9	49.0	47.2	-1.8	-3.7
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford	198.7	192.8	195.9	191.2	-4.7	-2.4
Maryland	2,607.3	2,543.6	2,597.7	2,542.1	-55.6	-2.1
Baltimore-Towson	1,316.9	1,277.4	1,313.5	1,276.7	-36.8	-2.8
Cumberland	39.7	38.2	40.0	40.3	.3	.8
Hagerstown-Martinsburg	101.2	98.3	101.0	99.5	-1.5	-1.5
Salisbury	55.0	53.7	55.2	54.6	-.6	-1.1
Massachusetts	3,292.0	3,186.7	3,304.3	3,198.4	-105.9	-3.2
Barnstable Town	113.9	107.6	105.1	100.2	-4.9	-4.7
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	2,486.4	2,422.1	2,502.2	2,438.4	-63.8	-2.5
Leominster-Fitchburg-Gardner	49.8	47.4	50.2	48.2	-2.0	-4.0
New Bedford	64.6	62.2	66.1	64.0	-2.1	-3.2
Pittsfield	38.0	36.6	36.4	35.2	-1.2	-3.3
Springfield	293.0	282.3	299.0	288.2	-10.8	-3.6
Worcester	243.9	240.4	247.7	243.6	-4.1	-1.7
Michigan	4,137.1	3,823.6	4,174.6	3,870.4	-304.2	-7.3
Ann Arbor	191.6	183.5	196.0	187.5	-8.5	-4.3
Battle Creek	58.1	55.4	58.3	55.8	-2.5	-4.3
Bay City	38.5	35.8	38.5	36.0	-2.5	-6.5
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1,885.9	1,731.0	1,893.5	1,745.3	-148.2	-7.8
Flint	140.9	127.6	142.4	131.4	-11.0	-7.7
Grand Rapids-Wyoming	381.0	362.5	384.2	366.4	-17.8	-4.6
Holland-Grand Haven	110.8	101.2	111.9	102.9	-9.0	-8.0
Jackson	57.1	53.4	57.5	53.7	-3.8	-6.6
Kalamazoo-Portage	141.4	134.6	144.7	136.5	-8.2	-5.7
Lansing-East Lansing	219.6	211.0	227.4	217.0	-10.4	-4.6
Monroe	40.9	38.1	42.0	38.7	-3.3	-7.9
Muskegon-Norton Shores	64.5	60.6	64.5	61.0	-3.5	-5.4
Niles-Benton Harbor	65.6	60.7	65.6	60.9	-4.7	-7.2
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North	86.6	81.1	87.2	82.4	-4.8	-5.5
Minnesota	2,777.1	2,661.0	2,772.9	2,648.5	-124.4	-4.5
Duluth	133.4	126.9	134.7	128.5	-6.2	-4.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington	1,791.1	1,718.7	1,789.4	1,715.4	-74.0	-4.1
Rochester	107.9	105.8	106.9	105.0	-1.9	-1.8
St. Cloud	101.8	98.3	102.6	98.5	-4.1	-4.0
Mississippi	1,141.9	1,107.5	1,145.9	1,105.9	-40.0	-3.5
Gulfport-Biloxi	110.3	107.0	110.2	107.0	-3.2	-2.9
Hattiesburg	59.4	58.3	60.4	57.9	-2.5	-4.1
Jackson	258.9	257.6	259.0	256.0	-3.0	-1.2
Pascagoula	59.3	57.2	58.7	57.5	-1.2	-2.0
Missouri	2,780.1	2,697.3	2,804.2	2,725.2	-79.0	-2.8
Columbia	90.3	88.7	93.4	92.0	-1.4	-1.5
Jefferson City	79.1	77.0	80.4	78.0	-2.4	-3.0
Joplin	79.0	78.4	81.4	79.7	-1.7	-2.1
Kansas City	1,018.6	994.5	1,022.0	996.7	-25.3	-2.5
St. Joseph	58.6	58.7	59.4	59.3	-.1	-.2
St. Louis ¹	1,356.0	1,304.2	1,364.0	1,316.9	-47.1	-3.5
Springfield	195.7	194.4	200.0	197.3	-2.7	-1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Montana	454.6	447.3	451.4	445.2	-6.2	-1.4
Billings	81.2	78.4	80.6	78.8	-1.8	-2.2
Great Falls	36.4	34.3	36.1	34.1	-2.0	-5.5
Missoula	56.8	55.0	56.1	54.7	-1.4	-2.5
Nebraska	964.8	947.1	968.0	944.8	-23.2	-2.4
Lincoln	171.1	170.2	173.6	171.3	-2.3	-1.3
Omaha-Council Bluffs	469.9	462.1	469.8	460.2	-9.6	-2.0
Nevada	1,260.6	1,173.7	1,261.9	1,185.4	-76.5	-6.1
Carson City	32.4	30.3	32.0	30.1	-1.9	-5.9
Las Vegas-Paradise	907.3	844.7	910.6	854.3	-56.3	-6.2
Reno-Sparks	215.2	197.0	214.3	197.7	-16.6	-7.7
New Hampshire	649.5	632.3	650.7	635.4	-15.3	-2.4
Manchester	100.1	99.5	101.4	100.1	-1.3	-1.3
Portsmouth	57.5	55.2	55.6	55.1	-.5	-.9
Rochester-Dover	56.9	55.4	58.1	57.6	-.5	-.9
New Jersey	4,052.3	3,933.5	4,042.9	3,920.1	-122.8	-3.0
Atlantic City-Hammonton	150.6	145.9	149.8	144.1	-5.7	-3.8
Ocean City	55.2	52.7	48.4	47.9	-.5	-1.0
Trenton-Ewing	238.6	235.3	238.8	235.8	-3.0	-1.3
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton	60.0	59.9	61.7	62.1	.4	.6
New Mexico	846.5	814.3	854.4	823.5	-30.9	-3.6
Albuquerque	395.9	381.1	397.8	382.7	-15.1	-3.8
Farmington	52.7	50.2	53.9	51.4	-2.5	-4.6
Las Cruces	69.0	67.2	69.9	68.1	-1.8	-2.6
Santa Fe	65.9	63.4	65.3	62.6	-2.7	-4.1
New York	8,796.4	8,627.7	8,807.6	8,571.6	-236.0	-2.7
Albany-Schenectady-Troy	449.6	440.5	451.4	435.8	-15.6	-3.5
Binghamton	113.8	110.7	115.2	112.2	-3.0	-2.6
Buffalo-Niagara Falls	553.0	539.0	557.0	540.2	-16.8	-3.0
Elmira	41.3	39.5	41.6	40.1	-1.5	-3.6
Glens Falls	59.1	56.3	55.9	53.9	-2.0	-3.6
Ithaca	60.8	60.2	65.3	64.7	-.6	-.9
Kingston	62.1	61.9	63.0	62.3	-.7	-1.1
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island	8,597.5	8,452.1	8,592.4	8,376.0	-216.4	-2.5
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown	253.8	247.4	254.9	249.3	-5.6	-2.2
Rochester	514.7	504.5	519.3	509.0	-10.3	-2.0
Syracuse	324.2	317.7	326.8	320.3	-6.5	-2.0
Utica-Rome	134.3	132.3	132.1	130.2	-1.9	-1.4
North Carolina	4,130.6	3,923.7	4,154.4	3,944.6	-209.8	-5.1
Asheville	175.2	166.6	176.4	168.5	-7.9	-4.5
Burlington	60.1	57.4	60.8	57.9	-2.9	-4.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Concord	860.5	809.9	863.3	815.8	-47.5	-5.5
Durham-Chapel Hill	292.9	282.4	295.4	285.4	-10.0	-3.4
Fayetteville	129.0	125.3	131.2	127.2	-4.0	-3.0
Goldsboro	44.5	42.9	45.3	43.4	-1.9	-4.2
Greensboro-High Point	366.4	344.3	368.0	346.6	-21.4	-5.8
Greenville	77.1	74.5	77.9	75.5	-2.4	-3.1
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton	157.4	145.7	157.7	146.5	-11.2	-7.1
Jacksonville	47.6	44.8	47.5	45.1	-2.4	-5.1
Raleigh-Cary	522.1	506.3	521.7	506.4	-15.3	-2.9
Rocky Mount	63.1	61.7	64.2	61.7	-2.5	-3.9
Wilmington	148.0	141.8	146.9	141.8	-5.1	-3.5
Winston-Salem	216.6	210.7	218.0	212.0	-6.0	-2.8
North Dakota	364.2	365.1	373.2	372.9	-.3	-.1
Bismarck	61.0	60.5	61.3	61.2	-.1	-.2
Fargo	120.3	119.7	123.4	122.4	-1.0	-.8
Grand Forks	52.0	51.3	54.5	53.7	-.8	-1.5
Ohio	5,380.2	5,113.8	5,377.9	5,128.9	-249.0	-4.6
Akron	339.6	325.5	341.6	327.5	-14.1	-4.1
Canton-Massillon	172.0	166.1	172.3	165.5	-6.8	-3.9
Cincinnati-Middletown	1,047.3	1,004.4	1,040.3	1,001.2	-39.1	-3.8
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor	1,064.3	1,001.4	1,061.8	999.9	-61.9	-5.8
Columbus	944.1	924.7	940.4	923.6	-16.8	-1.8
Dayton	394.3	381.1	395.6	380.9	-14.7	-3.7
Lima	54.9	53.0	54.9	52.6	-2.3	-4.2
Mansfield	57.9	54.2	57.5	54.1	-3.4	-5.9
Sandusky	41.4	42.5	39.3	40.6	1.3	3.3
Springfield	52.0	50.6	52.5	51.1	-1.4	-2.7
Toledo	317.9	299.9	321.1	304.5	-16.6	-5.2
Weirton-Steubenville	49.3	46.9	49.9	46.7	-3.2	-6.4
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman	234.9	220.6	236.5	221.4	-15.1	-6.4
Oklahoma	1,591.4	1,545.0	1,602.1	1,550.6	-51.5	-3.2
Lawton	43.4	42.4	43.3	42.5	-.8	-1.8
Oklahoma City	571.5	560.6	579.3	564.7	-14.6	-2.5
Tulsa	432.9	424.5	435.4	425.5	-9.9	-2.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Oregon	1,722.4	1,619.8	1,724.8	1,620.4	-104.4	-6.1
Bend	69.6	67.4	68.5	65.8	-2.7	-3.9
Corvallis	37.4	35.2	37.5	35.6	-1.9	-5.1
Eugene-Springfield	152.6	145.7	152.2	145.8	-6.4	-4.2
Medford	80.8	77.2	82.6	78.7	-3.9	-4.7
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton	1,032.8	971.3	1,036.6	975.8	-60.8	-5.9
Salem	154.3	144.6	155.4	146.0	-9.4	-6.0
Pennsylvania	5,781.3	5,590.0	5,818.9	5,627.6	-191.3	-3.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton	342.5	329.7	344.9	332.8	-12.1	-3.5
Altoona	61.9	59.8	61.9	59.9	-2.0	-3.2
Erie	132.6	127.0	134.0	128.3	-5.7	-4.3
Harrisburg-Carlisle	332.9	320.4	332.3	319.7	-12.6	-3.8
Johnstown	60.6	58.7	61.6	59.4	-2.2	-3.6
Lancaster	238.4	228.3	238.4	229.2	-9.2	-3.9
Lebanon	50.2	48.8	50.5	49.0	-1.5	-3.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington	2,791.3	2,696.0	2,803.5	2,712.7	-90.8	-3.2
Pittsburgh	1,150.0	1,116.4	1,156.8	1,122.7	-34.1	-2.9
Reading	172.5	166.3	173.9	167.9	-6.0	-3.5
Scranton—Wilkes-Barre	261.5	252.0	263.0	253.5	-9.5	-3.6
State College	72.9	71.5	76.9	75.1	-1.8	-2.3
Williamsport	53.5	51.0	54.2	51.8	-2.4	-4.4
York-Hanover	181.9	175.7	184.7	177.4	-7.3	-4.0
Rhode Island	481.0	462.2	485.5	463.7	-21.8	-4.5
Providence-Fall River-Warwick	566.4	544.5	572.5	545.8	-26.7	-4.7
South Carolina	1,928.5	1,848.5	1,919.7	1,851.0	-68.7	-3.6
Anderson	63.6	61.1	62.9	60.0	-2.9	-4.6
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville	301.2	292.6	300.4	291.3	-9.1	-3.0
Columbia	365.0	360.5	364.5	361.1	-3.4	-9.3
Florence	87.9	87.6	88.4	86.9	-1.5	-1.7
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley	317.7	308.8	321.1	313.6	-7.5	-2.3
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway	131.2	122.0	123.2	119.9	-3.3	-2.7
Spartanburg	128.2	124.0	129.8	123.9	-5.9	-4.5
Sumter	36.7	34.5	36.0	35.0	-1.0	-2.8
South Dakota	419.9	411.4	415.4	407.4	-8.0	-1.9
Rapid City	65.6	64.3	63.1	61.8	-1.3	-2.1
Sioux Falls	136.8	134.3	137.3	134.7	-2.6	-1.9
Tennessee	2,773.3	2,655.3	2,780.5	2,666.3	-114.2	-4.1
Chattanooga	244.9	236.5	246.0	238.2	-7.8	-3.2
Clarksville	83.5	80.6	83.8	80.9	-2.9	-3.5
Cleveland	40.8	39.5	41.0	39.3	-1.7	-4.1
Jackson	61.5	59.3	61.6	59.0	-2.6	-4.2
Johnson City	81.0	78.6	81.9	79.2	-2.7	-3.3
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol	123.8	119.1	123.7	119.2	-4.5	-3.6
Knoxville	334.9	322.1	335.7	323.0	-12.7	-3.8
Memphis	633.4	620.8	635.3	619.9	-15.4	-2.4
Morristown	49.5	47.4	49.5	47.7	-1.8	-3.6
Nashville-Davidson—Murfreesboro—Franklin	759.5	727.7	760.4	728.3	-32.1	-4.2
Texas	10,611.7	10,314.3	10,612.3	10,319.6	-292.7	-2.8
Abilene	67.9	66.4	68.1	66.6	-1.5	-2.2
Amarillo	113.4	110.6	113.1	110.9	-2.2	-1.9
Austin-Round Rock	776.0	769.8	780.7	775.2	-5.5	-7.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur	166.1	157.1	163.2	156.8	-6.4	-3.9
Brownsville-Harlingen	124.6	123.2	124.3	123.0	-1.3	-1.0
College Station-Bryan	90.2	88.3	96.7	92.6	-4.1	-4.2
Corpus Christi	182.4	175.7	183.2	176.1	-7.1	-3.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2,991.1	2,924.9	2,988.5	2,924.0	-64.5	-2.2
El Paso	274.7	270.6	277.8	274.7	-3.1	-1.1
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown	2,611.8	2,510.4	2,593.3	2,516.6	-76.7	-3.0
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood	127.3	125.4	127.5	125.4	-2.1	-1.6
Laredo	89.2	89.1	90.2	90.1	-0.1	-0.1
Longview	98.3	95.2	98.0	95.2	-2.8	-2.9
Lubbock	130.1	128.3	131.6	129.0	-2.6	-2.0
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission	215.1	216.5	215.4	218.5	3.1	1.4
Midland	70.5	69.4	71.2	69.5	-1.7	-2.4
Odessa	63.9	62.8	64.7	63.1	-1.6	-2.5
San Angelo	45.2	44.0	45.3	43.9	-1.4	-3.1
San Antonio	853.0	844.5	855.0	845.8	-9.2	-1.1
Sherman-Denison	44.0	43.1	44.1	42.9	-1.2	-2.7
Texarkana	57.5	56.5	58.4	57.0	-1.4	-2.4
Tyler	96.4	94.2	96.2	94.1	-2.1	-2.2
Victoria	51.6	49.5	51.8	49.7	-2.1	-4.1
Waco	107.6	105.7	107.4	105.9	-1.5	-1.4
Wichita Falls	61.5	59.5	61.4	59.6	-1.8	-2.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

State and area	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009P	Number	Percent
Utah	1,252.1	1,195.4	1,261.9	1,210.1	-51.8	-4.1
Logan	52.0	49.6	54.2	52.0	-2.2	-4.1
Ogden-Clearfield	202.2	193.1	201.7	192.9	-8.8	-4.4
Provo-Orem	186.2	176.7	191.3	182.6	-8.7	-4.5
St. George	51.3	48.6	51.4	48.8	-2.6	-5.1
Salt Lake City	642.9	612.8	642.3	613.9	-28.4	-4.4
Vermont	301.2	289.7	309.2	296.4	-12.8	-4.1
Burlington-South Burlington	111.9	107.3	115.1	110.3	-4.8	-4.2
Virginia	3,759.1	3,646.7	3,766.6	3,651.7	-114.9	-3.1
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford	69.8	69.8	73.7	73.1	-0.6	-0.8
Charlottesville	99.0	98.1	101.8	99.8	-2.0	-2.0
Danville	39.8	38.3	40.9	39.8	-1.1	-2.7
Harrisonburg	60.8	60.7	63.0	62.7	-0.3	-0.5
Lynchburg	108.8	109.2	110.2	110.6	0.4	0.4
Richmond	627.7	606.6	628.8	607.9	-20.9	-3.3
Roanoke	161.5	158.1	162.7	158.8	-3.9	-2.4
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News	777.3	768.0	771.2	766.3	-4.9	-0.6
Winchester	56.6	53.4	56.1	53.7	-2.4	-4.3
Washington	2,969.9	2,857.6	2,978.4	2,855.0	-123.4	-4.1
Bellingham	84.2	80.2	84.5	79.8	-4.7	-5.6
Bremerton-Silverdale	86.4	82.4	86.0	82.0	-4.0	-4.7
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland	95.4	99.0	95.6	98.5	2.9	3.0
Longview	37.6	34.7	37.6	34.7	-2.9	-7.7
Mount Vernon-Anacortes	47.9	45.8	47.6	45.7	-1.9	-4.0
Olympia	103.4	99.5	103.4	99.2	-4.2	-4.1
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	1,766.0	1,692.9	1,768.5	1,683.8	-84.7	-4.8
Spokane	216.7	209.3	219.7	208.4	-11.3	-5.1
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee	41.5	38.4	41.5	38.8	-2.7	-6.5
Yakima	78.6	77.0	79.3	77.6	-1.7	-2.1
West Virginia	763.7	739.0	768.2	740.8	-27.4	-3.6
Charleston	153.3	150.3	153.0	150.1	-2.9	-1.9
Huntington-Ashland	119.2	116.6	120.0	117.4	-2.6	-2.2
Morgantown	61.5	62.0	64.3	63.9	-0.4	-0.6
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna	72.7	72.4	73.0	72.7	-0.3	-0.4
Wheeling	68.5	68.1	68.3	67.9	-0.4	-0.6
Wisconsin	2,884.6	2,772.0	2,878.0	2,751.3	-126.7	-4.4
Appleton	119.4	116.2	117.6	114.7	-2.9	-2.5
Eau Claire	82.2	80.4	82.5	80.7	-1.8	-2.2
Fond du Lac	48.7	46.3	48.7	46.1	-2.6	-5.3
Green Bay	169.8	166.4	169.0	165.3	-3.7	-2.2
Janesville	67.6	65.0	67.4	64.7	-2.7	-4.0
La Crosse	74.9	73.0	75.5	73.1	-2.4	-3.2
Madison	350.2	344.2	347.8	342.0	-5.8	-1.7
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis	856.3	806.9	854.2	804.6	-49.6	-5.8
Oshkosh-Neenah	94.8	94.0	94.8	93.3	-1.5	-1.6
Racine	81.0	77.5	80.7	76.6	-4.1	-5.1
Sheboygan	64.8	62.3	64.2	61.8	-2.4	-3.7
Wausau	72.2	69.4	71.9	69.3	-2.6	-3.6
Wyoming	304.9	294.1	306.1	293.2	-12.9	-4.2
Casper	41.1	39.3	41.6	39.6	-2.0	-4.8
Cheyenne	45.2	44.7	45.4	44.5	-0.9	-2.0
Puerto Rico	996.0	941.2	1,002.9	948.2	-54.7	-5.5
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian	51.5	47.4	51.5	47.2	-4.3	-8.3
Fajardo	16.9	16.5	16.5	16.3	-0.2	-1.2
Guayama	18.9	17.6	19.1	17.7	-1.4	-7.3
Mayaguez	39.8	38.5	40.4	37.6	-2.8	-6.9
Ponce	63.3	60.9	65.5	60.9	-4.6	-7.0
San German-Cabo Rojo	21.9	20.9	22.0	21.3	-0.7	-3.2
San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo	741.3	702.3	743.8	709.1	-34.7	-4.7
Yauco	15.5	15.1	15.9	15.4	-0.5	-3.1
Virgin Islands	45.9	44.8	45.3	44.4	-0.9	-2.0

¹ Area boundaries do not reflect official OMB definitions.

P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are provisional and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 09-01, dated November 20, 2008, and available at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas

in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state that appears first in their titles. Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, Iowa-Ill., and Weirton-Steubenville, W. Va.-Ohio, are the exceptions in that they are listed under Illinois and Ohio, respectively, for operational reasons.

Table 4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state, selected metropolitan area, and metropolitan division

(Numbers in thousands)

State, area, and division	August		September		Change from September 2008 to September 2009 ^P	
	2008	2009	2008	2009 ^P	Number	Percent
California	14,925.4	14,189.2	14,944.8	14,221.5	-723.3	-4.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana	5,502.6	5,273.5	5,518.5	5,298.5	-220.0	-4.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale	4,029.0	3,861.9	4,045.4	3,881.2	-164.2	-4.1
Santa Ana-Anaheim-Irvine	1,473.6	1,411.6	1,473.1	1,417.3	-55.8	-3.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont	2,017.9	1,923.9	2,016.3	1,927.5	-88.8	-4.4
Oakland-Fremont-Hayward	1,024.4	979.3	1,023.3	981.7	-41.6	-4.1
San Francisco-San Mateo-Redwood City	993.5	944.6	993.0	945.8	-47.2	-4.8
District of Columbia	714.7	715.4	703.6	700.0	-3.6	-5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria ¹	3,017.6	2,977.2	3,005.9	2,968.9	-37.0	-1.2
Bethesda-Frederick-Rockville ²	576.7	574.4	575.0	580.7	5.7	1.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria ¹	2,440.9	2,402.8	2,430.9	2,388.2	-42.7	-1.8
Florida	7,691.0	7,320.0	7,670.1	7,306.5	-363.6	-4.7
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach	2,336.7	2,259.8	2,334.7	2,257.4	-77.3	-3.3
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach	763.4	737.9	761.2	736.4	-24.8	-3.3
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall	1,035.4	1,004.2	1,038.3	1,005.5	-32.8	-3.2
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Boynton Beach	537.9	517.7	535.2	515.5	-19.7	-3.7
Illinois	5,982.2	5,675.5	5,972.0	5,676.1	-295.9	-5.0
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet ¹	4,565.4	4,348.5	4,541.3	4,333.5	-207.8	-4.6
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet	3,876.5	3,682.8	3,853.7	3,665.5	-188.2	-4.9
Gary ²	282.1	275.1	283.8	277.8	-6.0	-2.1
Lake County-Kenosha County ¹	406.8	390.6	403.8	390.2	-13.6	-3.4
Massachusetts	3,292.0	3,186.7	3,304.3	3,198.4	-105.9	-3.2
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy ¹	2,486.4	2,422.1	2,502.2	2,438.4	-63.8	-2.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy	1,717.0	1,668.7	1,721.6	1,674.6	-47.0	-2.7
Brockton-Bridgewater-Easton	87.5	84.5	89.0	85.7	-3.3	-3.7
Framingham	159.5	156.4	159.8	156.4	-3.4	-2.1
Haverhill-North Andover-Amesbury ¹	77.7	74.2	78.1	74.8	-3.3	-4.2
Lowell-Billerica-Chelmsford ¹	117.9	114.3	118.6	114.6	-4.0	-3.4
Nashua ¹	131.7	128.2	132.1	129.8	-2.3	-1.7
Peabody	101.6	97.7	101.4	97.8	-3.6	-3.6
Michigan	4,137.1	3,823.6	4,174.6	3,870.4	-304.2	-7.3
Detroit-Warren-Livonia	1,885.9	1,731.0	1,893.5	1,745.3	-148.2	-7.8
Detroit-Livonia-Dearborn	748.5	702.3	755.0	713.3	-41.7	-5.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills	1,137.4	1,028.7	1,138.5	1,032.0	-106.5	-9.4
New York	8,796.4	8,627.7	8,807.6	8,571.6	-236.0	-2.7
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island ¹	8,597.5	8,452.1	8,592.4	8,376.0	-216.4	-2.5
Edison-New Brunswick ²	1,040.9	1,027.0	1,029.2	1,008.1	-21.1	-2.1
Nassau-Suffolk	1,266.6	1,233.0	1,264.0	1,227.7	-36.3	-2.9
New York-White Plains-Wayne ¹	5,262.6	5,176.0	5,272.7	5,126.8	-145.9	-2.8
Newark-Union ²	1,027.4	1,016.1	1,026.5	1,013.4	-13.1	-1.3
Pennsylvania	5,781.3	5,590.0	5,818.9	5,627.6	-191.3	-3.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington ¹	2,791.3	2,696.0	2,803.5	2,712.7	-90.8	-3.2
Camden ²	530.9	509.7	532.8	512.7	-20.1	-3.8
Philadelphia	1,912.0	1,855.4	1,920.9	1,865.2	-55.7	-2.9
Wilmington ²	348.4	330.9	349.8	334.8	-15.0	-4.3
Texas	10,611.7	10,314.3	10,612.3	10,319.6	-292.7	-2.8
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington	2,991.1	2,924.9	2,988.5	2,924.0	-64.5	-2.2
Dallas-Plano-Irving	2,115.1	2,061.1	2,111.5	2,057.4	-54.1	-2.6
Fort Worth-Arlington	876.0	863.8	877.0	866.6	-10.4	-1.2
Washington	2,969.9	2,857.6	2,978.4	2,855.0	-123.4	-4.1
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue	1,766.0	1,692.9	1,768.5	1,683.8	-84.7	-4.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett	1,487.8	1,419.2	1,484.2	1,407.6	-76.6	-5.2
Tacoma	278.2	273.7	284.3	276.2	-8.1	-2.8

¹ Part of the area is in one or more adjacent states.

² All of the area is in one or more adjacent states.

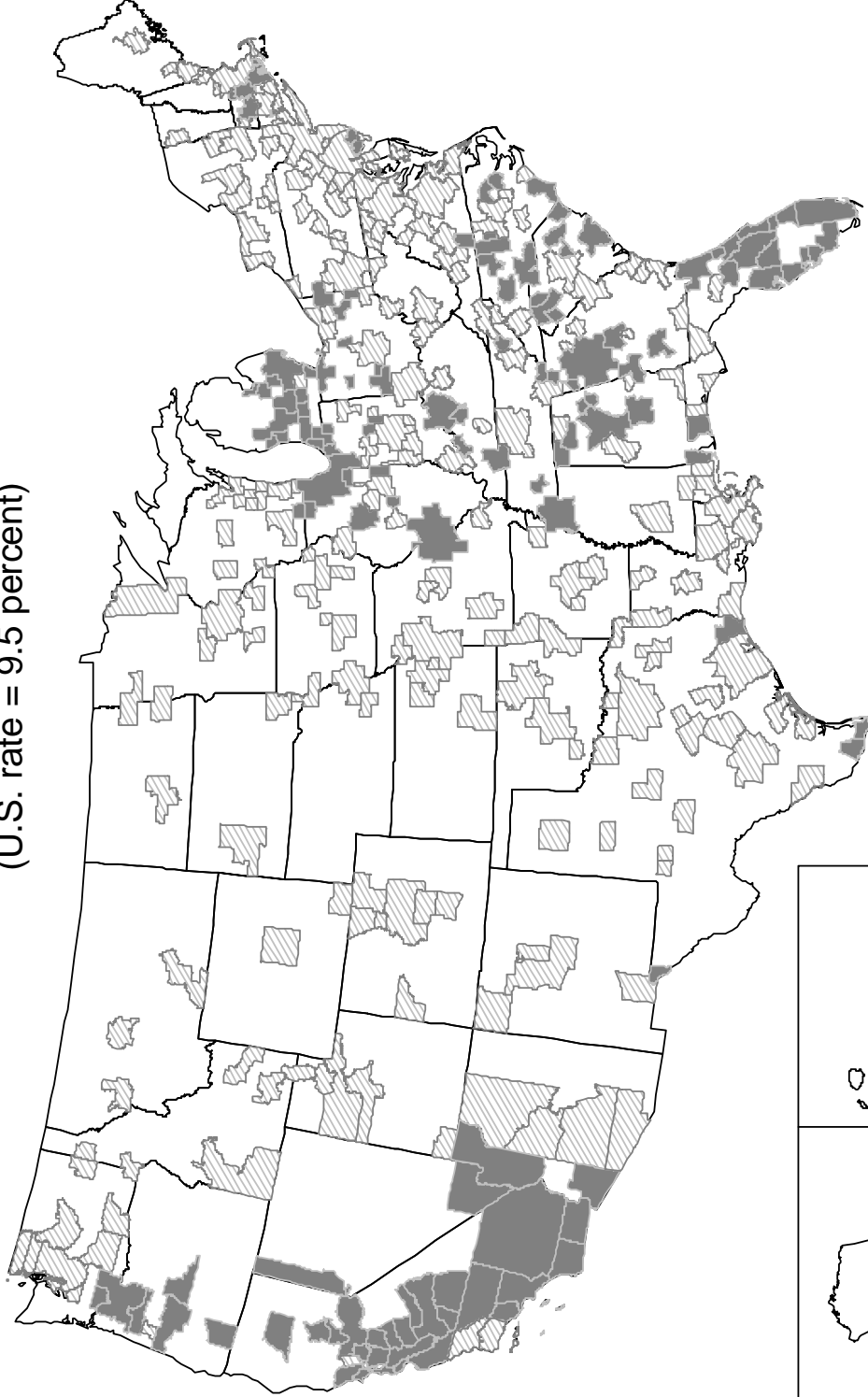
^P = preliminary.

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are provisional and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 09-01,

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Unemployment rates for metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted, September 2009

(U.S. rate = 9.5 percent)



NOTE: Map includes data for 372 metropolitan areas based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 09-01. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based.

■ Above U.S. average
▨ U.S. average or below

