

Table 18. Defined benefit plans: Plan sponsor, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2009

(All workers participating in defined benefit plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Total	Single employer	Multi-employer ¹	Other ²
Worker characteristic				
All workers	100	70	—	—
Management, professional, and related	100	89	—	—
Management, business, and financial	100	91	—	—
Professional and related	100	87	—	—
Service	100	59	—	—
Sales and office	100	82	—	—
Sales and related	100	63	—	—
Office and administrative support	100	89	—	—
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	100	—	66	—
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	100	—	92	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	100	61	—	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	100	57	—	—
Production	100	74	—	—
Transportation and material moving	100	42	—	—
Full time	100	72	—	—
Part time	100	53	—	—
Union	100	—	57	—
Nonunion	100	91	—	—
Average wage within the following categories: ³				
Lowest 25 percent	100	60	—	—
Second 25 percent	100	73	—	—
Third 25 percent	100	69	—	—
Highest 25 percent	100	72	—	—
Highest 10 percent	100	82	—	—
Establishment characteristic				
Goods-producing industries	100	55	45	—
Construction	100	—	99	—
Manufacturing	100	70	30	—
Service-providing industries	100	75	—	—
Trade, transportation, and utilities	100	56	30	15
Retail trade	100	56	—	—
Information	100	77	—	—
Financial activities	100	99	—	—
Finance and insurance	100	100	—	—
Credit intermediation and related activities	100	100	—	—
Insurance carriers and related activities	100	99	—	—
Education and health services	100	76	—	—
Educational services	100	80	—	—
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	100	99	—	—
Health care and social assistance	100	76	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. Defined benefit plans: Plan sponsor, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2009—Continued

(All workers participating in defined benefit plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Total	Single employer	Multi-employer ¹	Other ²
1 to 99 workers	100	61	—	—
1 to 49 workers	100	56	—	—
50 to 99 workers	100	73	—	—
100 workers or more	100	74	—	—
100 to 499 workers	100	64	—	—
500 workers or more	100	82	—	—
Geographic area				
New England	100	74	—	—
Middle Atlantic	100	65	—	—
East North Central	100	71	—	—
West North Central	100	67	—	—
South Atlantic	100	85	—	—
West South Central	100	71	—	—
Mountain	100	78	—	—
Pacific	100	67	—	—

¹ Plans established by a labor organization and provided to employees of two or more unrelated companies in accordance with a collective bargaining agreement.

² Includes plans administered by employer associations and the United States Railroad Retirement Board.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey:

Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20092010.htm.