

**Table 24. Short-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers,¹
National Compensation Survey, March 2014**

(All workers with short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Flat dollar amounts	Dollar amount varies	Fixed percent of annual earnings	Percent varies by annual earnings	Other
All workers	5	2	70	22	1
Worker characteristics					
Management, professional, and related	1	1	69	28	1
Management, business, and financial	1	1	60	37	(²)
Professional and related	1	1	75	22	1
Teachers	—	—	87	6	2
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	—	—	87	4	—
Registered nurses	2	—	85	11	—
Service	5	3	86	6	(²)
Protective service	—	1	81	15	—
Sales and office	3	1	68	28	(²)
Sales and related	3	—	67	29	—
Office and administrative support	2	1	69	27	(²)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	16	—	59	20	—
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry	29	—	58	8	—
Installation, maintenance, and repair	7	—	60	29	—
Production, transportation, and material moving	14	4	67	14	1
Production	17	—	60	17	—
Transportation and material moving	11	—	77	10	—
Full time	6	2	68	23	1
Part time	3	1	86	9	1
Union	16	6	64	13	1
Nonunion	3	1	71	24	1
Average wage within the following categories ³ :					
Lowest 25 percent	5	3	81	9	1
Lowest 10 percent	—	3	89	5	—
Second 25 percent	7	1	74	18	(²)
Third 25 percent	6	3	70	21	(²)
Highest 25 percent	4	2	63	30	1
Highest 10 percent	2	1	64	32	1
Establishment characteristics					
Goods-producing industries	16	5	58	21	1
Service-providing industries	3	1	73	22	1
Education and health services	3	(²)	88	7	1
Educational services	3	—	87	7	—
Elementary and secondary schools	—	—	90	4	2
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	1	—	83	15	—
Health care and social assistance	3	—	89	7	—
Hospitals	—	—	85	11	—
Public administration	2	—	84	12	—

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 24. Short-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers,¹
National Compensation Survey, March 2014—continued**

(All workers with short-term disability coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Flat dollar amounts	Dollar amount varies	Fixed percent of annual earnings	Percent varies by annual earnings	Other
1 to 99 workers	5	—	75	18	—
1 to 49 workers	5	—	75	18	—
50 to 99 workers	4	—	75	17	—
100 workers or more	6	2	67	25	1
100 to 499 workers	7	2	69	22	(²)
500 workers or more	5	2	66	26	1
Geographic areas					
Northeast	3	1	82	14	(²)
New England	5	—	69	25	—
Middle Atlantic	3	(²)	85	11	(²)
South	6	3	64	28	(²)
South Atlantic	5	—	67	25	—
East South Central	7	—	65	22	—
West South Central	5	2	55	38	—
Midwest	10	3	61	25	1
East North Central	11	3	62	24	(²)
West North Central	9	—	57	28	—
West	3	2	70	24	2
Mountain	4	—	71	24	—
Pacific	2	2	69	24	2

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See Technical Note for further explanation.

² Less than 0.5.

³ Surveyed occupations are classified into wage categories based on the average wage for the occupation, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The categories were formed using percentile estimates generated using ECEC data for March 2014.

Note: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20132014.htm.