

The Reemergence of the U.S. as a Global Petroleum Producer



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A Major Event

- The month of October, 2013 was notable.
 - ▶ For that month the U.S. produced more petroleum domestically than it imported.
 - First time since March of 1995.
- Symbolic of the reemergence of U.S. petroleum production.
 - ▶ An industry that had been in decline.

The Halcyonian Days are Here

- I.E.A Projections:
 - ▶ By 2014 U.S. will produce more oil & gas than ever before.
 - ▶ Domestic petroleum production will surpass imports in 2014.
 - ▶ U.S. will surpass Saudi Arabia in production before 2020.
 - ▶ Net exporter of oil by 2030.
- BP Energy Outlook – U.S. will be energy independent by 2035.

How Did the U.S. Get Here?

- What factors have brought about such a change from a decade ago?
 - ▶ U.S. production has drastically increased since 2009.
 - ▶ Domestic consumption has fallen.
 - ▶ Imports have declined.

The Birth of an Industry

- First commercial well in 1859 near Titusville, PA. Oil boom followed.

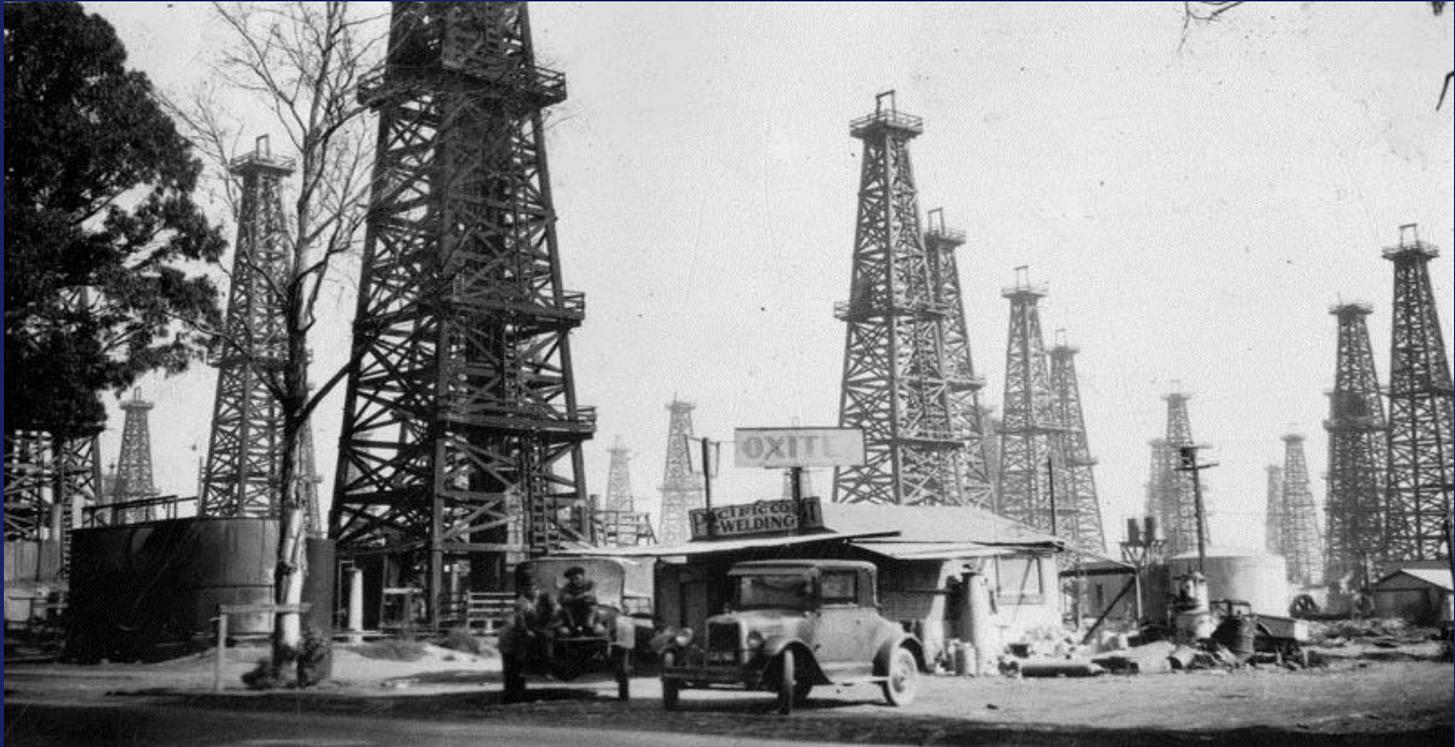


The Birth of an Industry

- Oil boom quickly spread throughout Appalachian Basin & Ohio River Valley.
- Early 20c. national boom.
 - ▶ California – 1880
 - ▶ Kansas - 1892
 - ▶ Central Texas – 1894
 - ▶ Oklahoma - 1905
 - ▶ Louisiana - 1906
 - ▶ East Texas – 1930

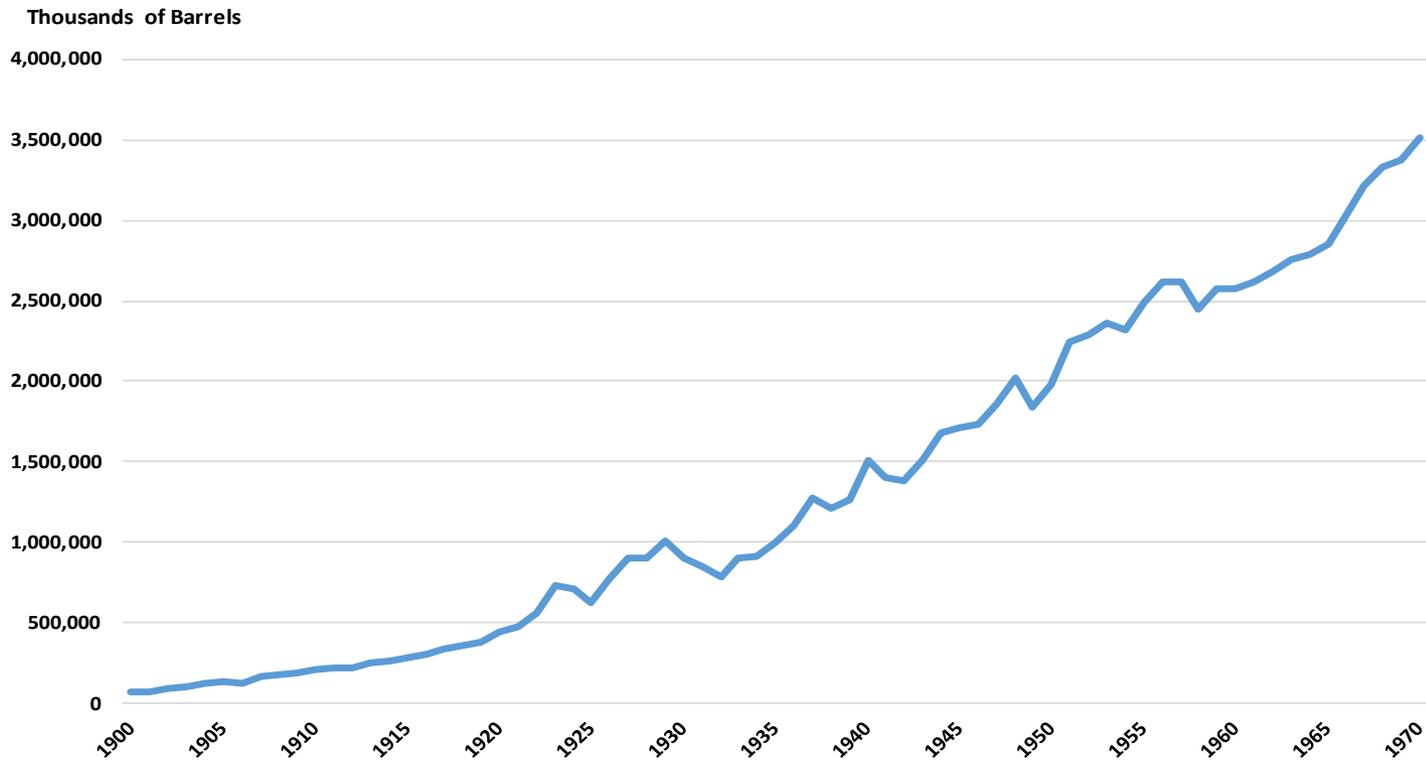
The Birth of an Industry

- Long Beach, CA in 1926.



U.S. Production Booms

U.S. Field Production of Crude Oil, 1900 - 1970



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

1970: U.S. Dominates

- U.S. ranked 1st in global production.
 - ▶ Produced 9.6 million bbl/d.
 - ▶ Total of 3.517 billion barrels.
- By comparison:
 - ▶ Russia – 6.3 million bbl/d.
 - ▶ Saudi Arabia – 3.8 million bbl/d.
 - ▶ Venezuela – 3.7 million bbl/d.

Slow Decline

- From 1971 onwards U.S. production gradually declined.
 - ▶ 1975 – Russia surpassed U.S. in production
 - ▶ 1976 - Saudi Arabia too.
 - ▶ 1989 – Daily production fell below 8 million barrels.
 - ▶ 1998 – Fell below 6 million bbl/d.

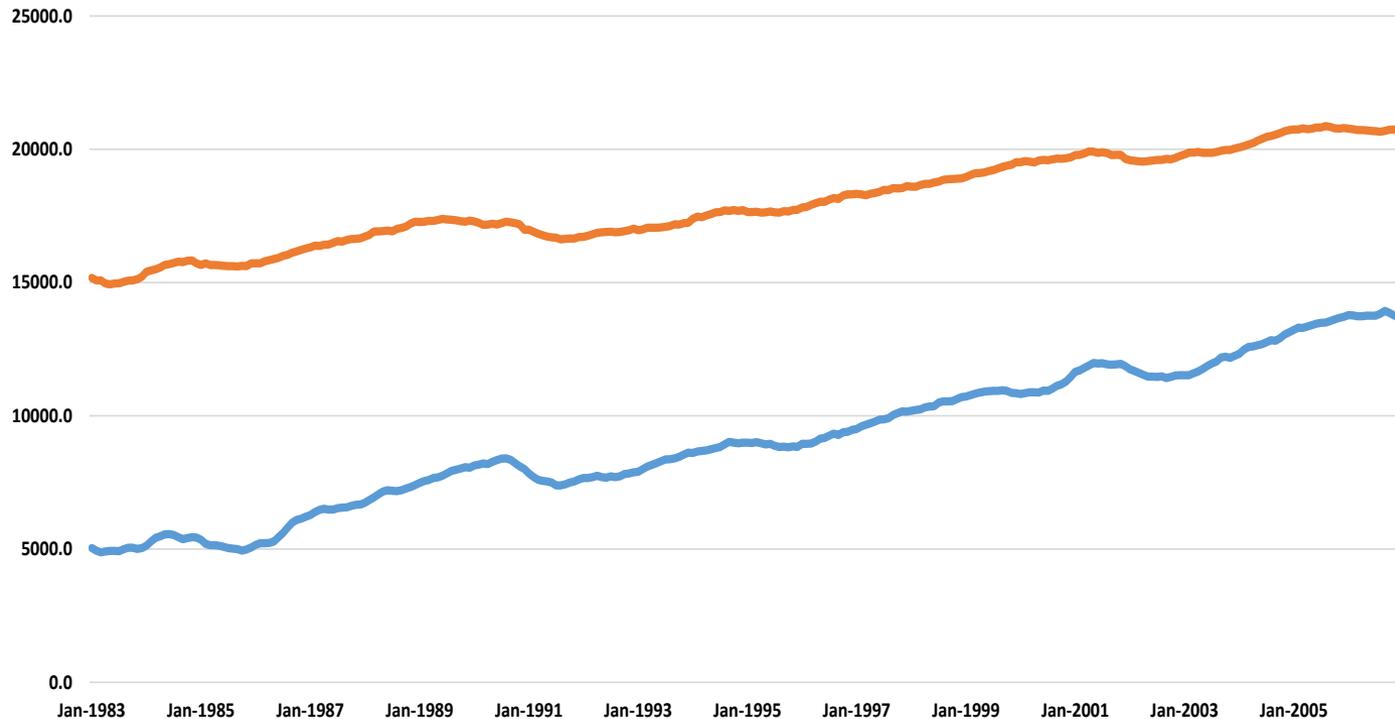
Rise of U.S. Imports

- U.S. Consumption of petroleum steadily increases.
 - ▶ 1980: 17,056 thousand bbl/d.
 - ▶ 2005: 20,802 thousand bbl/d.
- U.S. imports steadily climb.
 - ▶ 1980: 5,263 thousand bbl/d.
 - ▶ 2005: 10,126 thousand bbl/d.

The Rise of U.S. Imports

U.S. Consumption & Imports of Crude Oil, Jan 1983 to Dec 2006

Thousand Barrels per Day



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

2005-7: A Low Point

- 2005: imports reached 3.7 billion barrels.
 - ▶ Over 3.69 billion barrels for 2006.
 - ▶ 3.66 billion in 2007.
- Production has declined steadily since 1970.
 - ▶ Dropped 47% to 1.8 million barrels.
 - ▶ Output on par with 1947.
- Consumption: 20.7 million bbl per day.

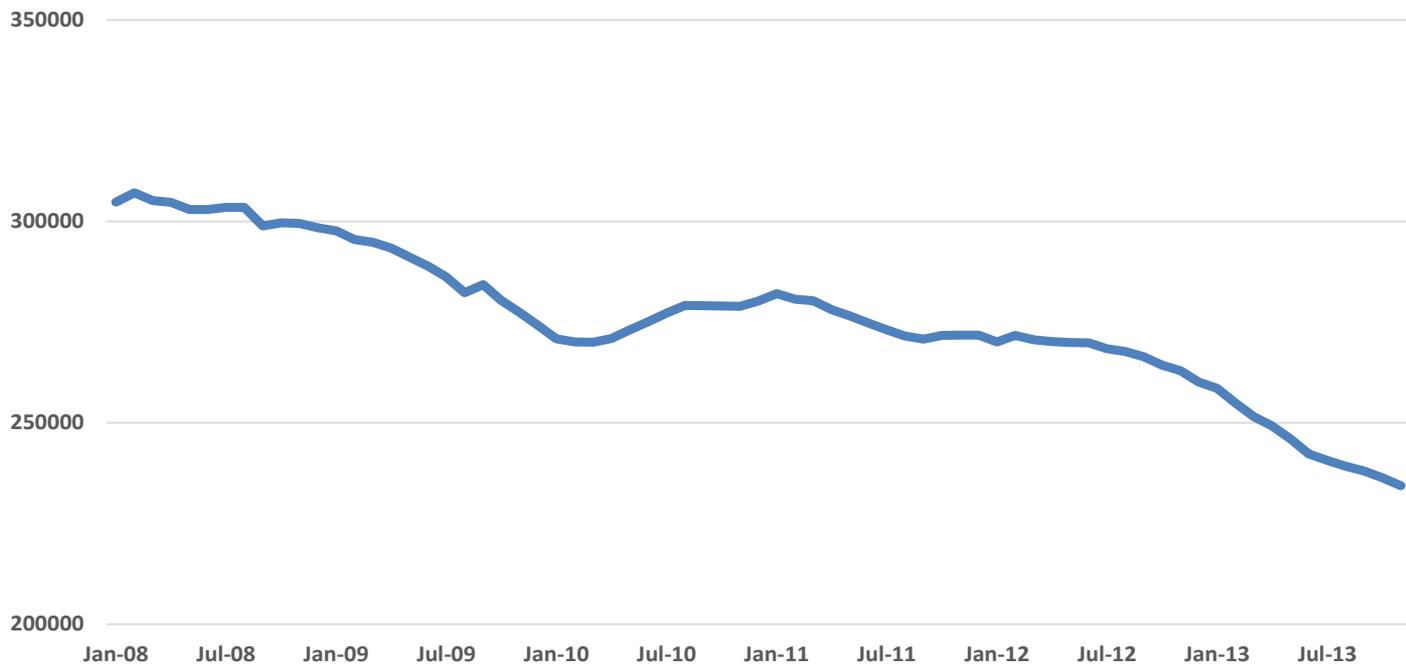
U.S. Imports Decline

- Imports steadily declined starting in 2007.
 - ▶ Dropped 3.8% in 2008, 9.7% in 2009.
 - ▶ Fell a further 16.9% between 2011 and 2013.
- By 2013 annual imports 3.5 billion bbl.
 - ▶ A decline of 21% from 2007.
 - ▶ Lowest amount of petroleum since 1996.

U.S. Imports Decline

U.S. Petroleum Imports, Jan 2005 to Nov 2013

Thousand Barrels



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

Causes of the Decline

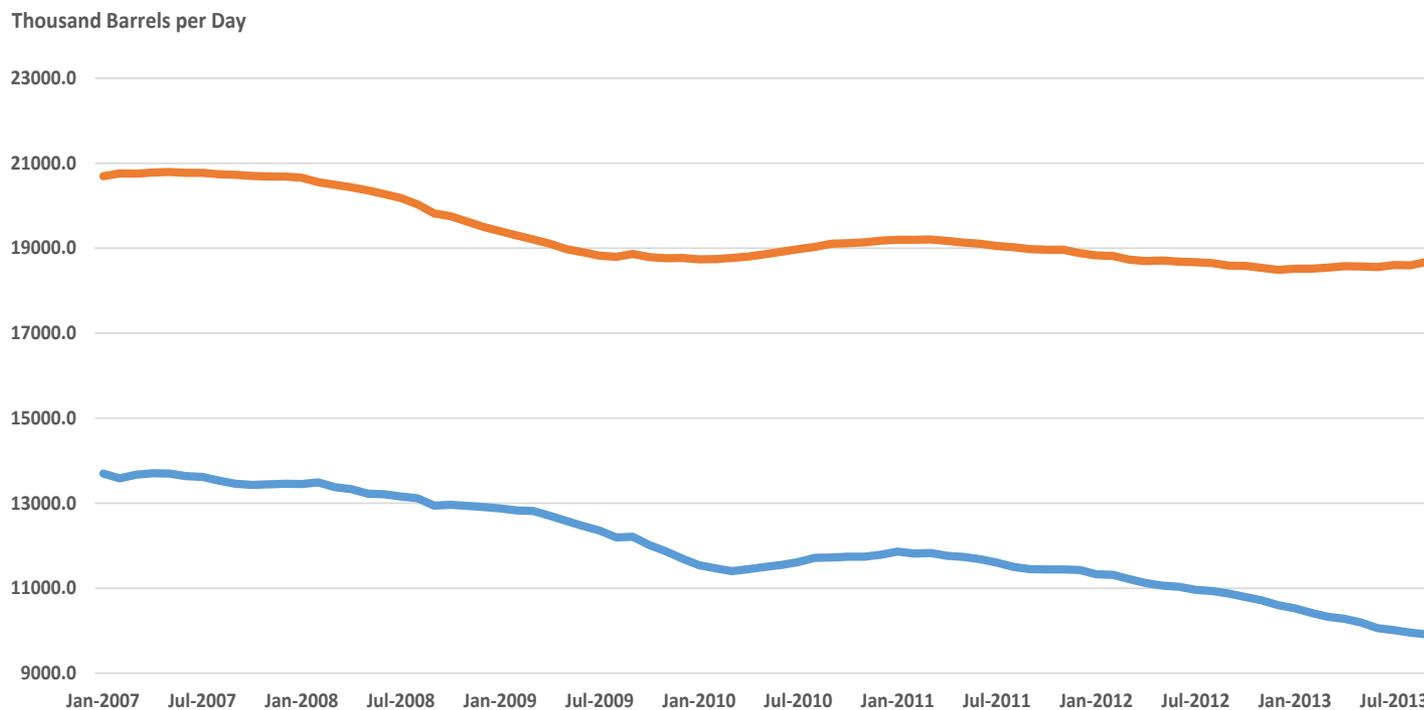
- U.S. Consumption fell significantly.
 - ▶ 2007: 20.7 million bbl per day.
 - ▶ 2013: 18.7 million bbl per day.
 - ▶ Decline of 9.7%.
 - ▶ Annual consumption level on par with 1996.
- Where do the declines occur?

Transportation Sector

- Accounts for 70% of U.S. petroleum usage.
 - ▶ Usage fell 9.1% from 2007 to 2012.
 - Gasoline consumption declined 6.6%.
 - Miles driven by Americans declined.
 - Dropped 2.5% from 2008 to 2012
 - ▶ Not limited to transportation.
 - Industrial consumption: -10.9%.
 - Residential consumption: -15.0%.
 - Commercial consumption: -2.5%.

Consumption & Imports

U.S. Consumption & Imports of Crude Oil, Jan 2007 to Sep 2013



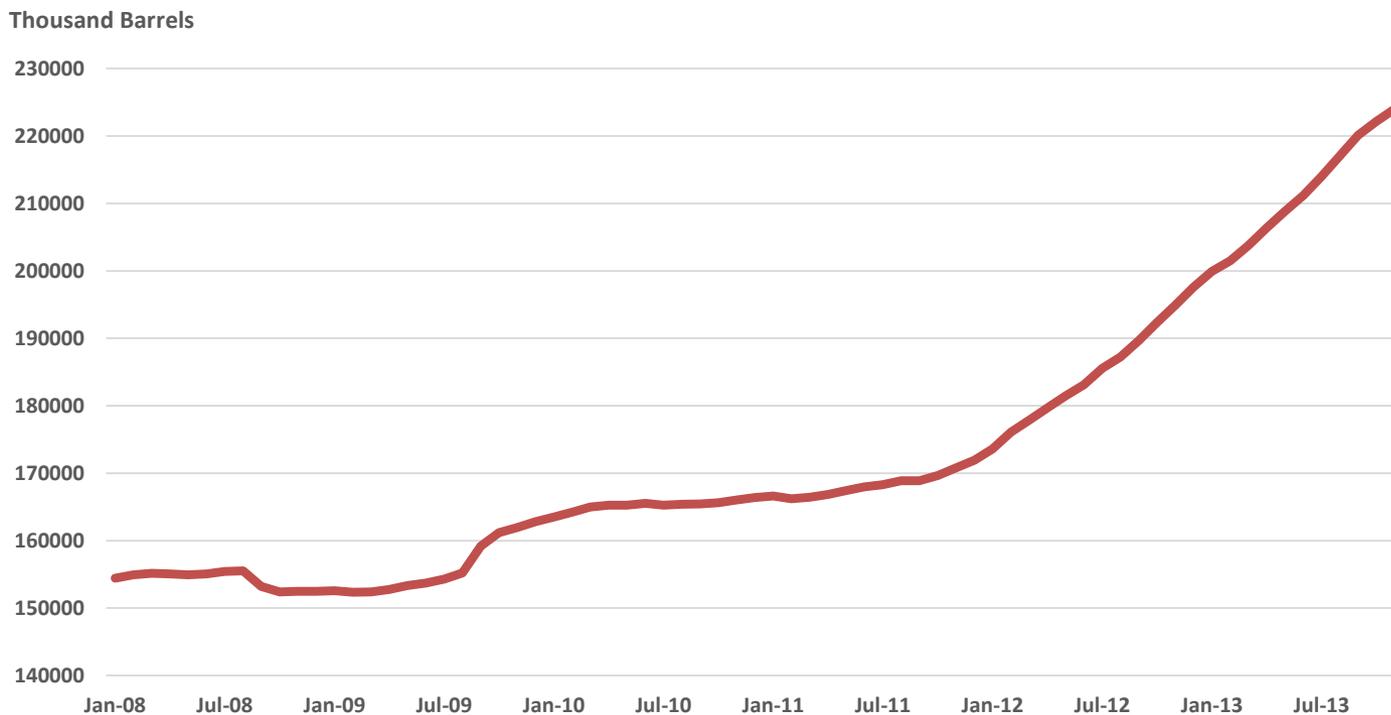
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

U.S. Production Increases

- Held fairly steady from '06 thru '08, then jumped 6.8% in '09.
 - ▶ First increase in U.S. production since 1991 (18 years).
- Continued to climb steadily, in '10 & '11 then skyrocketed in '12 & '13.
- Since '08 U.S. production has jumped 47.2%.

U.S. Production Increases

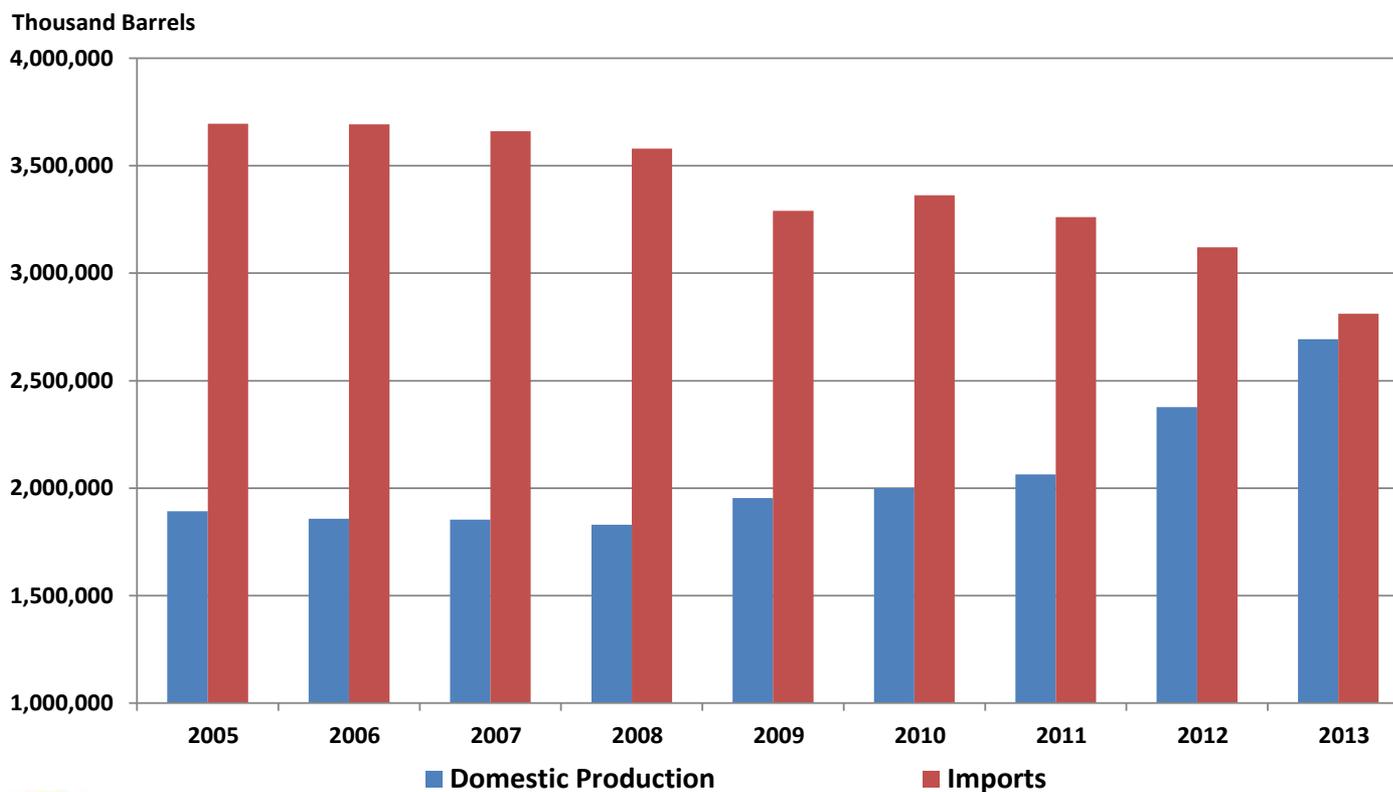
U.S. Petroleum Production, Jan 2005 to Nov 2013



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

The Gap Narrows

U.S. Petroleum Imports & Production, 2005 to 2013



Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

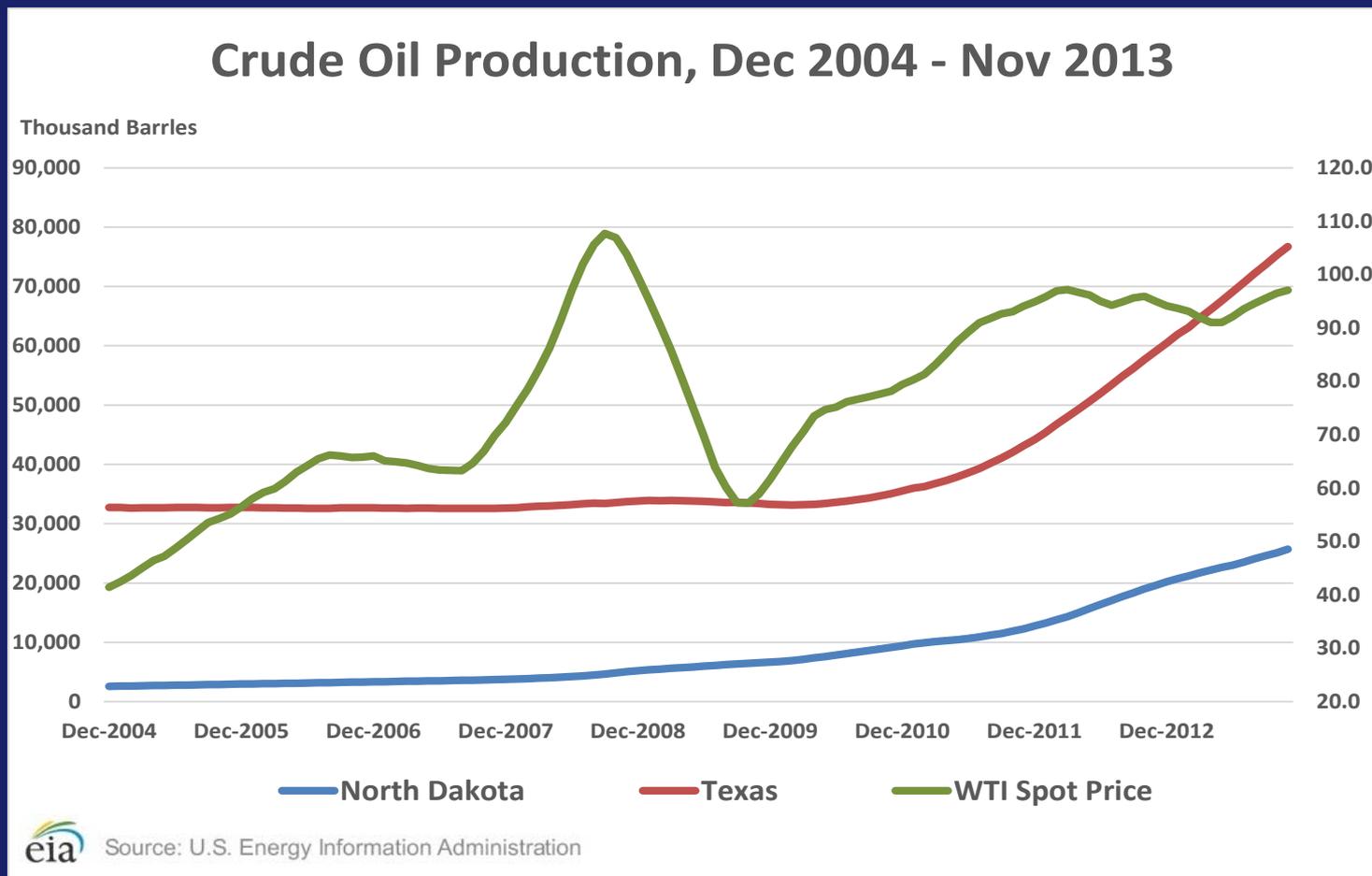
Where is it Coming From?

- Production increases occur in a number of states.
 - ▶ Oklahoma, New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, and Kansas.
- Only two states are really significant.
 - ▶ North Dakota.
 - ▶ Texas.

That's Where the Oil Is!



U.S. Production Increases



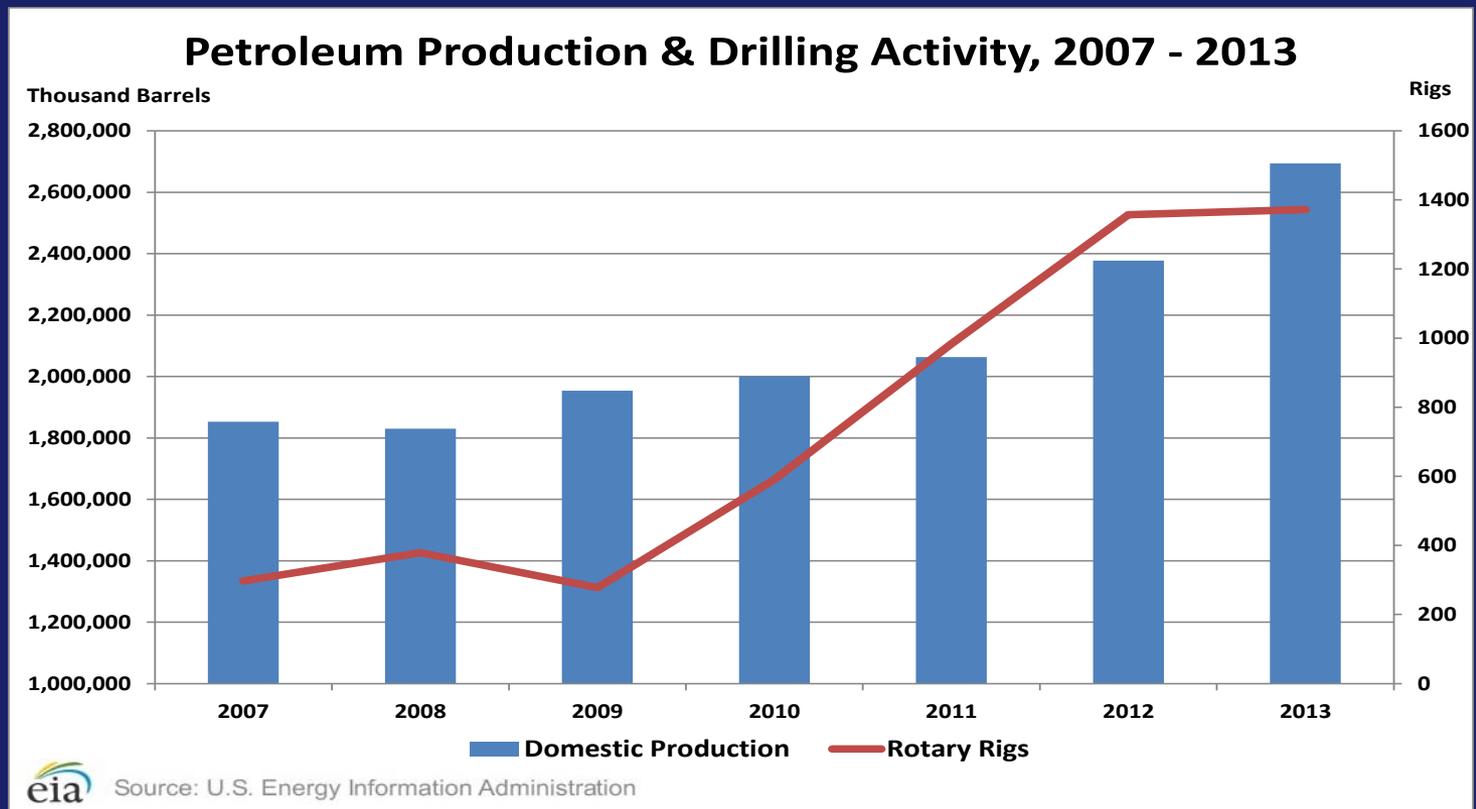
Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration

Oil Reserves

- Just how much is there?
 - ▶ Bakken & Three Forks – 7.4 billion barrels from USGS.
 - Produces 862,987 barrels per day.
 - ▶ Eagle Ford – 3 billion barrels.
 - Produces 677,407 barrels per day.
 - ▶ Woodford – 500 million barrels.

Drilling Activity

- Drilling activity has expanded.



Drilling Activity

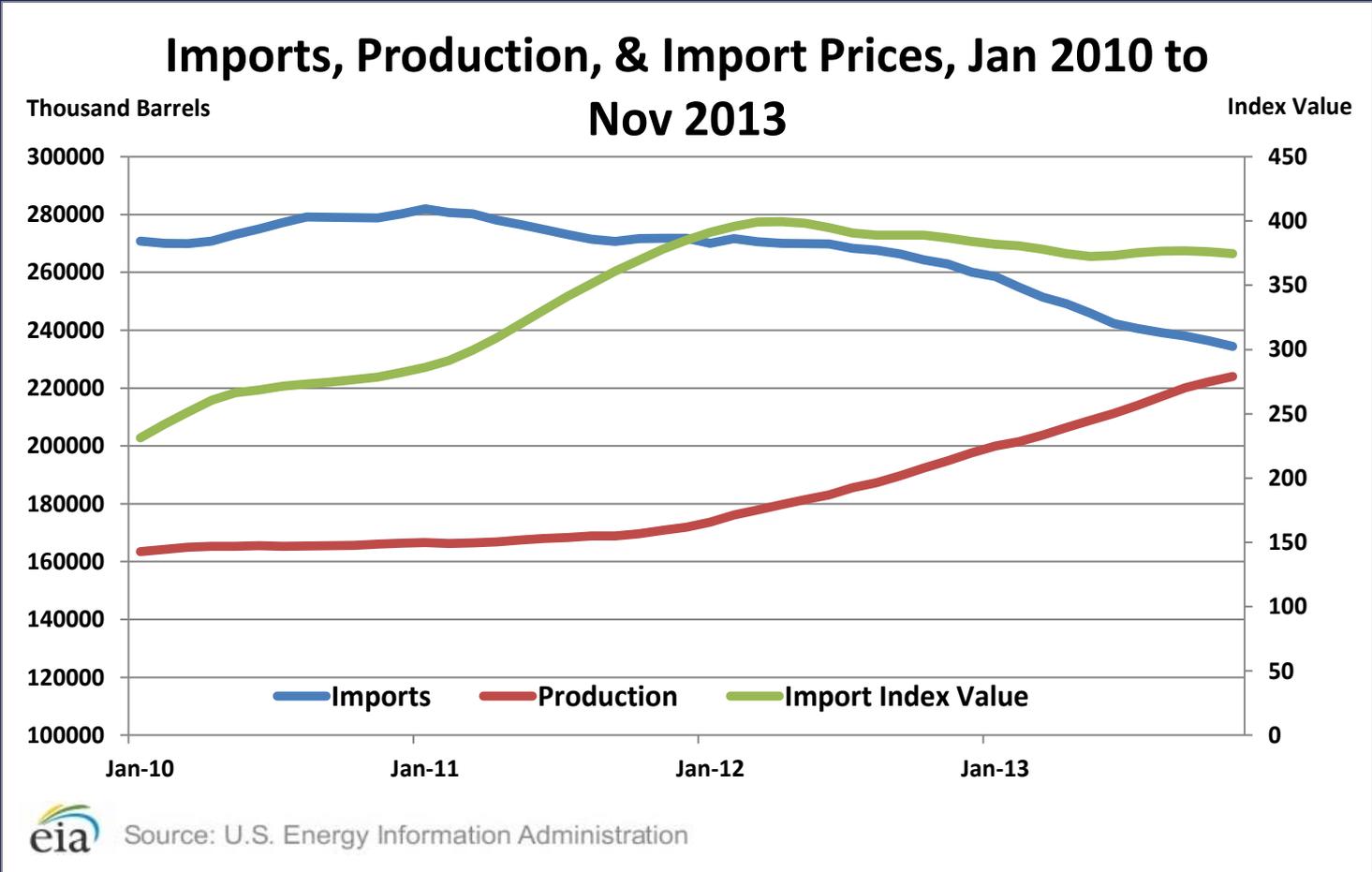
- Night lights image from NASA's Suomi satellite.



Import Prices

- How have the rise in U.S. production and decline in imports and consumption impacted import prices?
- Initially not much of one.
 - ▶ Strong global demand, especially from Asia
 - ▶ Lower production from several OPEC nations
 - ▶ Global Supply Shocks.

Import Prices



Import Prices

- From Dec 2009 thru 2011 import prices increased 42.3%.
 - ▶ Yet U.S. consumption only rose 0.6%.
 - ▶ Domestic imports fell 1.0%.
 - ▶ U.S. production increased 5.1%.
- So why did the price increase?

Truly Global Market

- World supply remained tight in 2010 & 2011. Only increased 3.5%.
- Strong global demand, especially from Asia. Consumption increased 4.5%.
 - ▶ Chinese consumption increased 15.4%.
 - ▶ Indian consumption increased 9.6%.
 - ▶ Asian consumption as a whole up 9.7%.

Political Unrest

- Supply disruption in Libya, production falls by 1.3 million bbl/d.
 - ▶ Equal to 1.7% of global production.
 - ▶ Production was slow to return.
- Ousting of Hosni Mubarak in Egypt.
 - ▶ Concerns regarding the Suez Canal.
- Tension with Iran.
 - ▶ **20% of world's petroleum passes through Strait of Hormuz.**

2012 & 2013

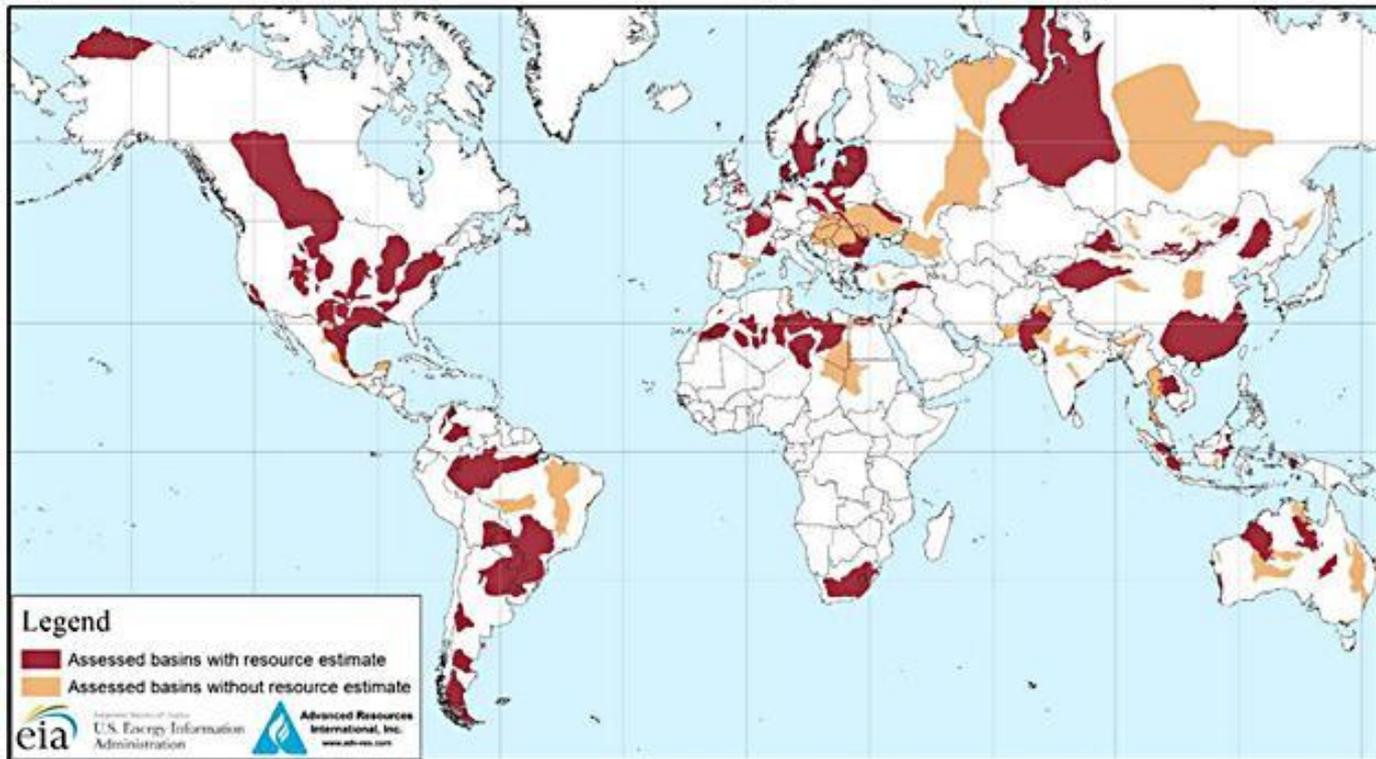
- Import prices leveled off in 2012 then fell through 2013.
 - ▶ Declined 2.7%
- Production increased in Canada, Russia, OPEC countries, and the U.S.
- Global consumption slowed, increasing 0.6 % in 2012, compared to 1.3% in 2011 & 3.1% in 2010.

How Much Oil is There?

- Some estimates of oil reserves in U.S. shale formations.
 - ▶ Spraberry/Wolfcamp Field, TX – 100 billion recoverable barrels.
 - ▶ Bakken Formation, N.D. – 503 billion bbl.
 - ▶ Uinta Basin, Utah – 1.3 trillion bbl.
 - ▶ Piceance Basin, Colorado – 1.5 trillion bbl.

Not Limited to the U.S.

Figure 1. Map of basins with assessed shale oil and shale gas formations, as of May 2013



Source: United States basins from U.S. Energy Information Administration and United States Geological Survey; other basins from ARI based on data from various published studies

Not Limited to the U.S.

- 2013 U.S. Department of Energy released global assessment of reserves.
- **These are “technically recoverable.”**
 - ▶ Russia – 75 billion barrels.
 - ▶ China – 32 billion barrels.
 - ▶ Argentina – 27 billion barrels.
 - ▶ Libya – 26 billion barrels.

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