Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases		Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁵		3.7	2.1	1.4	0.7	1.6
Private industry ⁵		3.5	2.0	1.3	0.7	1.5
Goods-producing ⁵		3.8	2.2	1.3	0.9	1.6
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		4.1	1.8	1.1	0.7	2.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵		4.4	1.9	1.2	0.7	2.5
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶						
Construction		4.2	2.9	1.8	1.0	1.3
Construction		4.2	2.9	1.8	1.0	1.3
Construction of buildings	236	5.8	5.2			0.6
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	4.3	2.4	1.9	0.4	1.9
Specialty trade contractors	238	3.6	2.3	1.7	0.6	1.4
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	2.9	2.4	1.1	1.3	0.5
Building equipment contractors	2382	3.1	2.1	1.6	0.5	1.0
Electrical contractors and other wiring installation contractors	23821	1.7	1.0	0.4	0.6	0.6
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	4.5	3.2	2.8	0.4	1.3
Building finishing contractors	2383	4.8	3.8	3.0		1.0
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	5.0	1.6	1.4		3.4
Manufacturing		3.7	2.1	1.1	0.9	1.6
Manufacturing		3.7	2.1	1.1	0.9	1.6
Food manufacturing	311		2.9	1.5		1.1
Paper manufacturing	322		2.2	1.3		1.9
Printing and related support activities	323			0.9		
Chemical manufacturing	325	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.6

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	tr	h days away from wansfer, or restriction Cases with	Cases	Other recordable cases
			Total	days away from work ⁴	with job transfer or restriction	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	0.8	0.5	0.4		0.3
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	4.2	1.7	1.1	0.7	2.5
Plastics product manufacturing	3261	4.4	1.7	1.1	0.6	2.8
Rubber product manufacturing	3262	2.7	2.2			
Primary metal manufacturing	331	5.8	3.5	2.1	1.4	2.3
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	5.4	2.7	1.5	1.2	2.7
Forging and stamping	3321	5.7	3.1	1.5	1.6	2.6
Hardware manufacturing	3325	4.0	1.3			2.7
Machine shops; turned product; and screw, nut, and bolt manufacturing	3327	5.4	2.5	1.7	0.7	3.0
Coating, engraving, heat treating, and allied activities	3328	7.7	3.7	1.2		4.0
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	6.2	2.7	1.8	0.9	3.5
Machinery manufacturing	333	4.0	2.0	1.4	0.6	2.1
Commercial and service industry machinery manufacturing	3333	1.5	0.6			0.9
Metalworking machinery manufacturing	3335	7.8	4.3	3.0	1.3	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	3.4	2.0	0.8	1.2	1.4
Semiconductor and other electronic component manufacturing	3344	2.9	2.3	0.9	1.4	0.6
Navigational, measuring, electromedical, and control instruments manufacturing	3345	4.1	2.1	0.9	1.2	1.9
Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing	335	3.4	1.8	0.6	1.2	1.6
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	2.8	1.6	0.9	0.7	1.3
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	2.0	1.0	0.6	0.3	1.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	1.7	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.7
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	1.5	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.8
Service-providing		3.4	1.9	1.3	0.6	1.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		4.2	2.7	1.8	0.9	1.5
Wholesale trade		3.6	2.7	1.9	0.8	0.8
Retail trade		4.1	2.4	1.7	0.7	1.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	3.6	2.2	1.6	0.6	1.4
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	5.4	3.4	1.9	1.5	2.1
Food and beverage stores	445	5.1	3.7	2.6	1.1	1.4

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	1	ith days away from v transfer, or restriction Cases with	n Cases	Other recordable cases
			Total	days away from work ⁴	with job transfer or restriction	
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	2.4				
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	5.4	1.9	1.7		3.5
General merchandise stores	452	5.0	3.2	1.9	1.3	1.8
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		5.6	4.0	2.4	1.7	1.6
Truck transportation	484	6.9	5.1	2.9	2.2	1.7
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	5.3	3.2	1.6	1.5	2.1
Couriers and messengers	492	8.4	6.4	3.7	2.7	2.0
Warehousing and storage	493	5.6	4.5	2.8	1.7	1.2
Utilities		3.7	2.7	1.5	1.2	1.0
Information		2.4	1.1	0.9	0.2	1.3
Information		2.4	1.1	0.9	0.2	1.3
Publishing industries (except internet)	511	2.9	0.9	0.7		2.0
Telecommunications	517	3.9	2.3	1.9		
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.7	0.3	0.3	(%)	0.4
Finance and insurance		0.6	0.1	0.1		0.4
Real estate and rental and leasing		1.7	1.2	1.1	0.2	0.4
Real estate	531	1.2	0.7	0.7		0.4
Rental and leasing services	532	3.5	3.2			
Professional and business services		1.8	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1.0	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.6
Management of companies and enterprises		1.2	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.7

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases		ith days away from v ransfer, or restriction Cases with days away		Other recordable cases
			Total	from work ⁴	restriction	
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		3.3	1.9	1.2		1.3
Administrative and support services	561	2.1	1.5	1.0	0.4	0.6
Waste management and remediation services	562	14.0	6.0	2.8		8.1
Educational and health services		5.8	3.1	1.9	1.2	2.6
Educational services		2.5	1.2	1.0	0.2	1.2
Educational services	611	2.5	1.2	1.0	0.2	1.2
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	5.0	2.6	2.2	0.5	2.4
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.7
Health care and social assistance		6.6	3.6	2.1	1.5	3.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	4.2	1.5	1.1	0.5	2.7
Hospitals	622	8.7	4.5	2.6		4.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.8	6.8	3.6	3.2	2.9
Social assistance	624	3.9	2.1	1.6	0.5	1.8
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		2.5	1.1	1.0	0.1	1.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		2.9	1.5	1.3	0.3	1.4
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	2.6	1.4	1.2	0.2	1.2
Accommodation and food services		2.4	1.0	0.9	0.1	1.4
Accommodation	721	4.6	2.1	1.6	0.4	2.5
Food services and drinking places	722	2.1	0.9	0.8		1.3
Other services (except public administration)		2.9	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.8

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases w t	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Other services (except public administration)		2.9	2.1	1.3		0.8
Repair and maintenance	811	2.8	2.0	1.5	0.5	
Personal and laundry services	812	2.8	2.4	0.7		0.4
State and local government ⁵		5.7	3.1	2.4	0.6	2.7
State government ⁵		4.4	2.9	2.6	0.3	1.5
Educational and health services		4.9	3.2	2.8	0.4	1.8
Educational services		2.0	1.3	1.1	0.3	0.7
Educational services	611	2.0	1.3	1.1	0.3	0.7
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	2.0	1.4	1.1	0.3	0.6
Health care and social assistance		8.4	5.3	4.8	0.5	3.1
Hospitals	622	13.6	9.9	9.2	0.7	3.7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	8.3	6.8	6.1	0.7	1.5
Public administration		3.7	2.6	2.4	0.2	1.1
Public administration		3.7	2.6	2.4	0.2	1.1
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	5.5	4.4	4.0	0.4	1.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	5.5	4.4	4.0	0.4	1.2
Police protection	92212	6.5		4.3		1.1
Correctional institutions	92214	8.8	6.9	6.9		1.9
Local government ⁵		6.4	3.1	2.3	0.8	3.3
Goods-producing ⁵		14.6	8.9	6.9	2.0	5.7
Construction		14.6	8.9	6.9	2.0	5.7

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases w	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Construction		14.6	8.9	6.9	2.0	5.7
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	14.6	8.9	6.9	2.0	5.7
Service-providing		6.1	2.9	2.1	0.8	3.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		8.1	3.4	1.9	1.4	4.7
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		9.5	4.8	4.8		4.8
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	9.5	4.8	4.8		4.8
Utilities		7.8	3.1	1.4	1.7	4.7
Utilities Water, sewage and other systems	221 2213	7.8 7.0	3.1 1.9	1.4	1.7 1.3	4.7 5.1
Professional and business services		5.1	2.7	2.3		
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		4.2	3.4	2.9		
Administrative and support services	561					
Waste management and remediation services	562	4.8	3.4	2.9		
Educational and health services		5.6	2.2	1.5	0.7	3.4
Educational services		5.7	2.2	1.5	0.7	3.5
Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	611 6111	5.7 5.7	2.2 2.2	1.5 1.5		3.5 3.5
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		6.8	4.2			2.6

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

1 m al 1 m al 2 m al 2	NAICS code ³	Total recordable cases	Cases w	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		6.2	3.9			2.3
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	6.1	3.8			
Other amusement and recreation industries	7139	6.1	3.8			
Public administration		7.6	4.8	3.8	1.0	2.7
Public administration		7.6	4.8	3.8	1.0	2.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	9.2	6.4	5.6	0.8	2.8
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	9.2	6.4	5.6	0.8	2.8
Police protection	92212	9.7	7.0		1.1	2.8
Fire protection	92216	8.7	5.6	5.4		3.0

Table 6. Incidence rates of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, Connecticut, 2014

Industry ²	NAICS code ³ Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction recordable cases			Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies.

Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.