

TABLE L38. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and race or ethnic origin of worker, local government, 2009

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Race or ethnic origin								Not reported
			White only	Black only	Hispanic or Latino only	Asian only	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	American Indian or Alaskan Native only	Hispanic or Latino and other race	Multirace	
Local government ^{4,5}		197,660	78,150	12,970	12,740	1,050	490	920	20	90	91,230
Goods producing ⁴		4,760	1,720	70	280	–	–	40	–	–	2,640
Construction		4,740	1,720	70	280	–	–	30	–	–	2,630
Construction	23	4,740	1,720	70	280	–	–	30	–	–	2,630
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	4,650	1,640	70	280	–	–	30	–	–	2,620
Service providing		192,910	76,430	12,900	12,450	1,050	490	890	20	90	88,600
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁶		14,160	4,130	1,100	1,070	150	90	30	–	–	7,590
Transportation and warehousing ⁶	48-49	9,760	1,740	930	620	100	70	20	–	–	6,280
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	8,690	1,470	790	440	100	60	–	–	–	5,830
Utilities	22	4,390	2,380	180	460	50	30	–	–	–	1,300
Utilities	221	4,390	2,380	180	460	50	30	–	–	–	1,300
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	3,050	1,790	130	320	40	20	–	–	–	750
Education and health services		69,870	29,230	5,130	5,800	520	330	390	–	–	28,450
Educational services	61	54,470	23,880	3,470	4,640	240	260	310	–	–	21,650
Educational services	611	54,470	23,880	3,470	4,640	240	260	310	–	–	21,650
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	52,100	23,050	3,230	4,260	220	260	290	–	–	20,760
Health care and social assistance	62	15,390	5,350	1,660	1,170	270	70	80	–	–	6,800
Hospitals	622	9,500	3,000	1,010	610	220	50	40	–	–	4,560
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	2,850	1,520	360	290	40	20	30	–	–	590
Public administration		99,410	40,390	5,880	4,920	250	40	440	–	80	47,410

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L38. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and race or ethnic origin of worker, local government, 2009 — Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Race or ethnic origin								
			White only	Black only	Hispanic or Latino only	Asian only	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	American Indian or Alaskan Native only	Hispanic or Latino and other race	Multirace	Not reported
Public administration	92	99,410	40,390	5,880	4,920	250	40	440	—	80	47,410
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	42,960	13,910	2,040	2,920	140	—	140	—	—	23,780
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	42,960	13,910	2,040	2,920	140	—	140	—	—	23,780
Police protection	92212	21,620	9,230	1,650	2,200	—	—	120	—	—	8,390
Fire protection	92216	12,720	3,290	150	350	50	—	—	—	—	8,870

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the

Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁶ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies