

TABLE L7. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2009

Industry <sup>3</sup>	NAICS code <sup>4</sup>	Local government	Source of injury or illness <sup>5</sup>				
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
Local government [197,660 cases] <sup>7</sup> .....		184.8	2.1	10.7	7.1	3.9	7.0
<b>Goods producing</b> <sup>7</sup> .....		458.5	7.4	29.2	–	23.8	47.1
<b>Construction</b> .....		460.1	7.4	29.4	–	23.8	47.4
<b>Construction</b> .....	23	460.1	7.4	29.4	–	23.8	47.4
Heavy and civil engineering construction .....	237	461.7	7.6	28.4	–	24.4	48.5
<b>Service providing</b> .....		182.2	2.0	10.5	7.1	3.7	6.6
<b>Trade, transportation, and utilities</b> <sup>8</sup> .....		301.0	10.7	12.2	8.2	4.3	26.7
<b>Transportation and warehousing</b> <sup>8</sup> .....	48-49	414.4	18.6	17.3	13.7	4.1	18.5
Transit and ground passenger transportation .....	485	457.8	21.0	16.6	13.5	4.0	16.4
<b>Utilities</b> .....	22	188.5	2.8	7.1	2.8	4.5	35.3
Utilities .....	221	188.5	2.8	7.1	2.8	4.5	35.3
Water, sewage and other systems .....	2213	198.1	4.0	8.0	3.5	4.0	41.2
<b>Education and health services</b> .....		113.9	1.1	8.5	7.1	3.2	2.3
<b>Educational services</b> .....	61	101.5	1.0	8.3	6.9	3.1	2.4
Educational services .....	611	101.5	1.0	8.3	6.9	3.1	2.4
Elementary and secondary schools .....	6111	104.1	1.0	8.5	7.0	3.2	2.3
<b>Health care and social assistance</b> .....	62	201.0	2.1	10.0	8.5	4.2	1.9
Hospitals .....	622	173.1	2.4	9.8	9.6	4.1	2.1
Nursing and residential care facilities .....	623	483.2	3.9	20.4	10.6	10.5	4.2
<b>Public administration</b> .....		275.8	2.5	12.5	5.2	4.0	9.6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L7. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2009 — Continued

Industry <sup>3</sup>	Source of injury or illness <sup>5</sup>							All other sources <sup>6</sup>
	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Person, injured or ill worker		Person, other than injured or ill worker		
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Health care patient	
Local government [197,660 cases] <sup>7</sup> .....	44.7	4.6	19.4	30.4	28.5	23.8	6.5	31.2
<b>Goods producing</b> <sup>7</sup> .....	67.4	26.1	82.8	97.2	95.2	—	—	75.1
<b>Construction</b> .....	67.2	26.2	83.3	97.7	95.7	—	—	75.3
<b>Construction</b> .....	67.2	26.2	83.3	97.7	95.7	—	—	75.3
Heavy and civil engineering construction .....	66.9	26.7	81.1	99.1	97.0	—	—	76.7
<b>Service providing</b> .....	44.5	4.4	18.8	29.7	27.9	24.0	6.5	30.8
<b>Trade, transportation, and utilities</b> <sup>8</sup> .....	57.6	16.3	57.3	59.5	54.9	8.2	—	39.9
<b>Transportation and warehousing</b> <sup>8</sup> .....	79.3	16.4	97.2	81.7	73.0	16.1	—	51.4
Transit and ground passenger transportation .....	83.0	18.8	114.4	91.5	81.5	19.1	—	59.4
<b>Utilities</b> .....	36.0	16.4	17.5	37.6	37.2	—	—	28.5
Utilities .....	36.0	16.4	17.5	37.6	37.2	—	—	28.5
Water, sewage and other systems .....	39.6	17.1	18.2	36.5	35.9	—	—	26.1
<b>Education and health services</b> .....	35.1	2.4	5.1	15.2	14.4	17.3	7.3	16.3
<b>Educational services</b> .....	34.2	2.5	4.3	13.3	12.7	11.1	.2	14.3
Educational services .....	34.2	2.5	4.3	13.3	12.7	11.1	.2	14.3
Elementary and secondary schools .....	35.4	2.5	4.4	13.6	13.0	11.7	.1	14.5
<b>Health care and social assistance</b> .....	41.4	2.0	10.4	28.8	26.9	61.2	57.5	30.5
Hospitals .....	36.4	2.1	5.7	21.7	19.3	55.0	53.0	24.2
Nursing and residential care facilities .....	102.5	5.9	25.9	45.3	44.8	214.3	208.7	39.6
<b>Public administration</b> .....	59.6	6.2	35.6	50.3	46.9	39.7	6.7	50.7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L7. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by industry and selected sources of injury or illness, local government, 2009 — Continued

Industry <sup>3</sup>	NAICS code <sup>4</sup>	Local government	Source of injury or illness <sup>5</sup>				
			Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials
<b>Public administration</b> .....	92	275.8	2.5	12.5	5.2	4.0	9.6
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	922	456.3	1.0	16.6	7.3	1.9	4.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	9221	456.3	1.0	16.6	7.3	1.9	4.2
Police protection .....	92212	499.0	—	14.3	11.6	.8	1.7
Fire protection .....	92216	662.0	2.5	32.0	1.8	7.0	11.4

See footnotes at end of table.

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Industry <sup>3</sup>	Source of injury or illness <sup>5</sup>							All other sources <sup>6</sup>
	Floors, walkways or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	Person, injured or ill worker		Person, other than injured or ill worker		
				Total	Worker motion or position	Total	Health care patient	
<b>Public administration</b> .....	59.6	6.2	35.6	50.3	46.9	39.7	6.7	50.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	89.8	6.1	74.4	77.5	72.6	91.6	7.5	85.7
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	89.8	6.1	74.4	77.5	72.6	91.6	7.5	85.7
Police protection .....	92.9	.9	119.3	75.4	70.0	124.5	1.0	57.1
Fire protection .....	140.3	21.0	56.4	110.5	106.0	62.1	28.1	216.9

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>4</sup> North American Industry Classification System — United States, 2007

<sup>5</sup> Data shown in columns correspond to the following Source codes: Chemicals and chemical products = 00-09; Containers = 10-19; Furniture and fixtures = 20-29; Machinery = 30-39; Parts

and materials = 40-49; Person, injured or ill worker = 56; Worker motion or position = 562; Person, other than injured or ill worker = 57; Health care patient = 573; Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces = 62; Handtools = 71-73; Vehicles = 80-89; All other sources = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>6</sup> Includes nonclassifiable responses.

<sup>7</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>8</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies