

TABLE 2. Number, incidence rate¹, and median days² away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work³ for musculoskeletal disorders⁴ by part of body and ownership, Hawaii, 2015

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total private industry ^{5,6,7}	2,420	63.6	13
Neck, including throat	40	1.0	6
Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	40	1.0	6
Trunk	1,240	32.5	15
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	30	.8	2
Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	30	.8	2
Back, including spine, spinal cord	1,090	28.5	14
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	250	6.6	13
Thoracic region	60	1.7	25
Lumbar region	750	19.8	14
Multiple back regions	20	.5	21
Abdomen	60	1.7	36
Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	60	1.6	43
Pelvic region	30	.8	20
Multiple trunk locations	20	.6	49
Upper extremities	710	18.7	12
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	280	7.3	17
Arm(s)	170	4.5	2
Upper arm(s)	100	2.6	2
Elbow(s)	50	1.2	18
Wrist(s)	150	4.0	8
Hand(s)	50	1.3	16
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	30	.9	3
Finger(s), fingernail(s), unspecified	30	.8	3
Multiple upper extremities locations	50	1.4	33
Shoulder(s) and arm(s)	20	.7	93
Lower extremities	320	8.4	11
Leg(s)	240	6.2	17
Leg(s), unspecified	20	.6	6
Knee(s)	180	4.7	20
Lower leg(s)	20	.6	17
Ankle(s)	70	1.7	5
Multiple body parts	110	3.0	9
Other multiple body parts	80	2.1	17
Multiple body parts, n.e.c.	80	2.1	17
Total state government ^{5,6,7}	240	46.6	180
Trunk	60	11.6	8
Back, including spine, spinal cord	50	9.1	7
Lumbar region	40	7.0	16
Upper extremities	150	28.0	180
Lower extremities	20	4.7	11
Total local government ^{5,6,7}	320	187.8	24
Trunk	120	72.5	21
Back, including spine, spinal cord	120	67.3	21
Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	20	11.2	71
Lumbar region	80	47.0	12
Upper extremities	50	26.8	15
Shoulder(s), including clavicle(s), scapula(e)	30	16.2	59
Lower extremities	120	66.9	27
Leg(s)	80	46.6	130
Knee(s)	60	35.6	130
Ankle(s)	30	18.2	10
Multiple body parts	30	18.7	38

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, incidence rate¹, and median days² away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work³ for musculoskeletal disorders⁴ by part of body and ownership, Hawaii, 2015 — Continued

Part	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs)		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Other multiple body parts	30	17.5	38
Multiple body parts, n.e.c.	30	17.5	38

¹ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved fewer days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

⁴ Musculoskeletal disorders include cases in which the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.