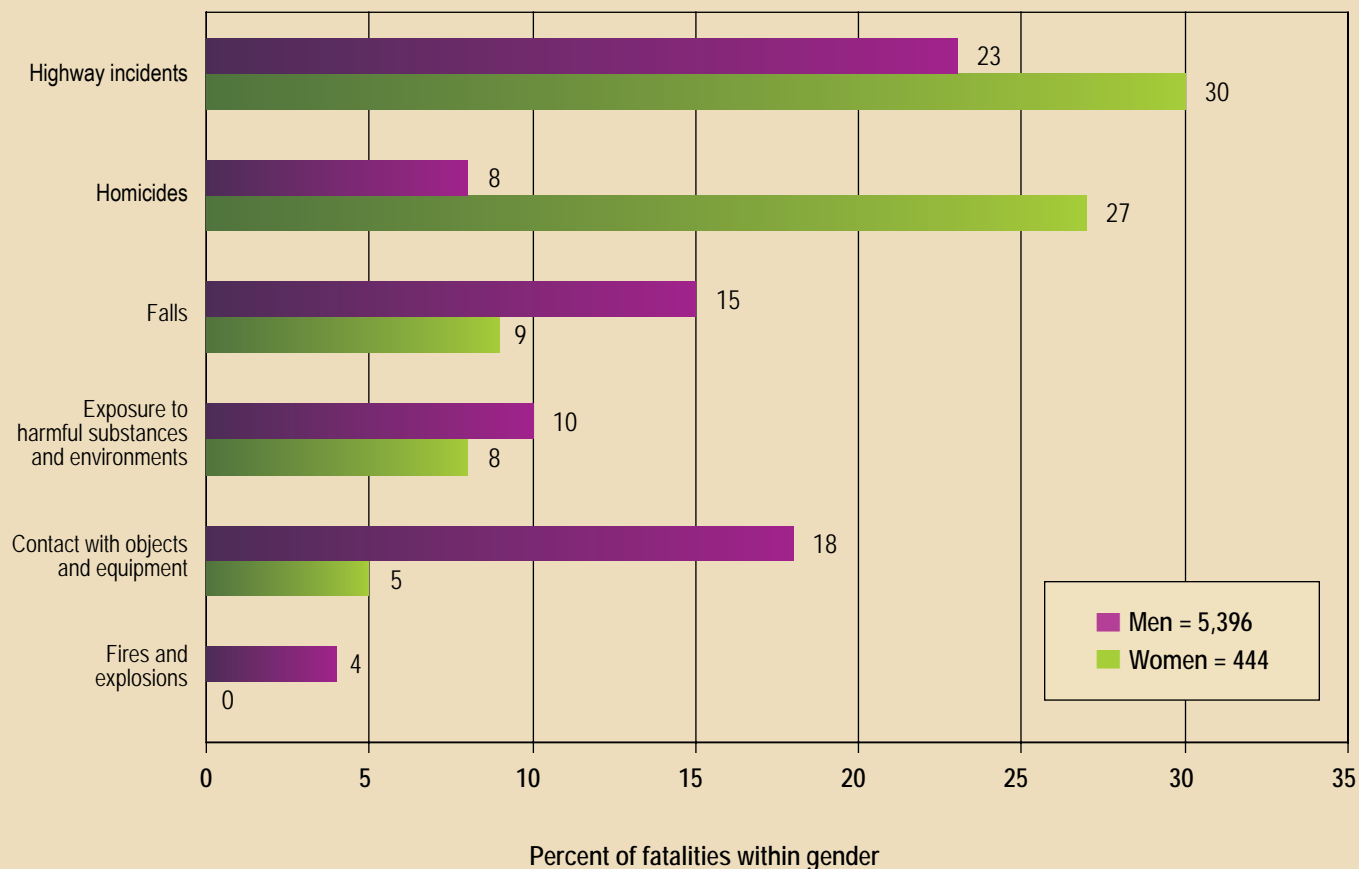


In addition to having fewer fatal work injuries than men relative to their share of employment, women experienced, for the most part, different types of fatal events than men.

Women had a higher percentage of fatal work injuries resulting from homicides and highway incidents.

Men had a higher percentage of fatal work injuries resulting from falls, contact with objects and equipment, and fires and explosions.

Fatal injury events, by gender of worker, 2006



SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2009.