

TABLE B-7. Fatal occupational injuries by selected metropolitan areas and major occupational group, 2004

Metropolitan area ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Occupation ² (percent)									
		Management, business, and financial occupations	Professional and related occupations	Service occupations	Sales and related occupations	Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	Construction and extraction occupations	Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	Production occupations	Transportation and material moving occupations	Military occupations
Total U.S. ³	5,764	11.5	5.2	11.6	6.2	4.9	19.7	6.7	5.0	26.2	1.2
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	100	4.0	4.0	16.0	5.0	–	24.0	12.0	3.0	30.0	–
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	40	–	–	10.0	7.5	–	37.5	15.0	–	20.0	–
Chicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WI	126	7.9	–	15.1	11.1	–	21.4	9.5	6.3	23.0	–
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX ...	79	6.3	–	13.9	3.8	–	38.0	6.3	5.1	24.1	–
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI	50	6.0	8.0	22.0	6.0	–	12.0	10.0	12.0	20.0	–
Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX	104	7.7	4.8	16.3	5.8	–	29.8	5.8	4.8	23.1	–
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	121	2.5	–	24.8	9.1	–	21.5	9.1	5.0	24.0	–
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL	102	–	–	17.6	11.8	3.9	28.4	7.8	–	20.6	–
New York-Newark-Edison, NY-NJ-PA	236	4.2	4.2	19.1	8.1	–	21.2	6.8	4.2	27.5	–
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	93	4.3	–	18.3	10.8	–	21.5	12.9	7.5	20.4	–
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	50	10.0	8.0	26.0	–	–	26.0	–	–	20.0	–
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	84	11.9	6.0	20.2	6.0	–	23.8	3.6	–	25.0	–

¹ Metropolitan areas used in this table are categorized into Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Areas (CMSAs) and are based on definitions from the Office of Management and Budget Bulletin Number 04-03, February 18, 2004.

² Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification system.

³ Also includes fatalities occurring in nonmetropolitan areas.

NOTE: Totals for 2004 are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries