Moving Towards a User-Friendly Diary

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Outline

1. Background

- a. Consumer Expenditure (CE) Surveys
- b. CE Diary Survey

2. Findings

- a. Diary form change
- b. Full diary double-placement
- c. Earliest/Latest Placement Date (EPD/LPD) removal

3. Summary



Background



Background

- The CE Surveys collect information from U.S. households on their buying habits (expenditures), income, and household characteristics.
 - ► CE Quarterly Interview Survey: collects data on large and recurring expenditures that consumers can be expected to recall for a period of 3 months or longer, such as rent and utilities
 - ► CE Diary Survey: collects data on small, frequently purchased items, including most food and clothing



Diary Survey

- Self-administered
- Respondents record a detailed description of all expenses for two consecutive 1-week periods
- Diary asks for expenses that the household incurs during the survey week



Pre-2017 Diary Survey Procedures

Interviewers normally conducted three visits:

- First Visit- deliver first diary and collect demographic information
- Second Visit- review/collect first diary and deliver second diary
- Third Visit- collect and review the second weekly diary, and complete the sections on work experience and income



Diary Form Change



Purpose

- Simplify the details that made the Diary task seem imposing
- Make it easier for respondents to fill out



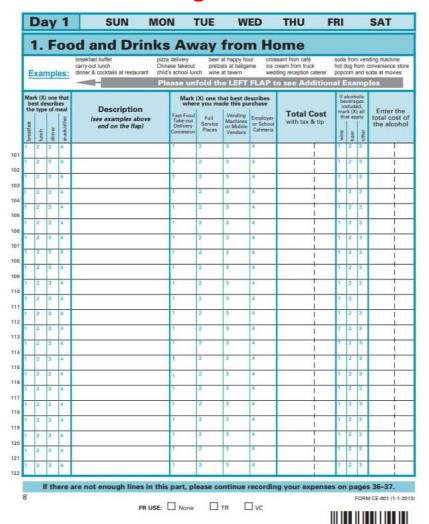
Diary Survey Categories

- Food and Drinks Away from Home
 - Ex. Fast Food, Full-Service Places, Vending Machines, School or Work Cafeteria
- Food and Drinks for Home Consumption
 - Ex. Grocery Items
- Clothing
 - Ex. Dress, Pants, Shoes, Jewelry & Accessories
- Other
 - Ex. Gasoline, Movie Tickets, Dry Cleaning

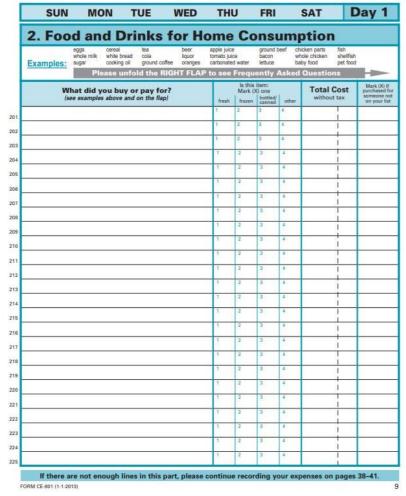


Diary Form (Before)

Page 1



Page 2

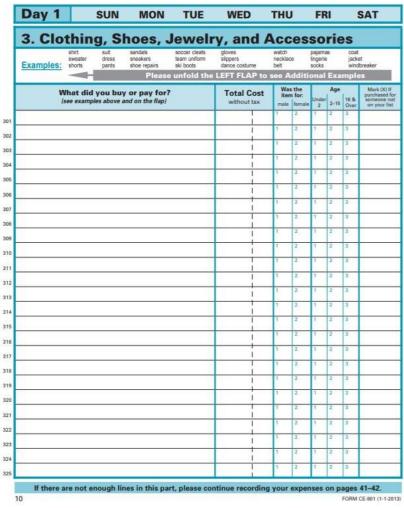






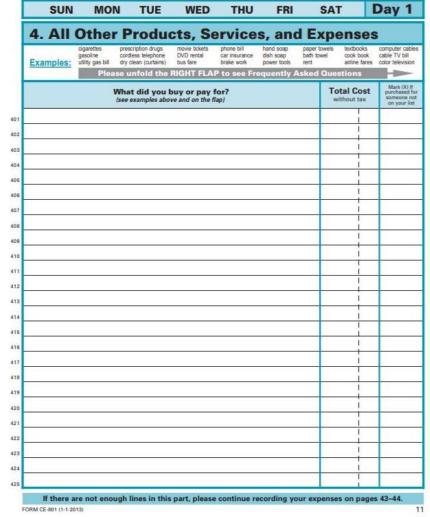
Diary Form (Before cntd.)

Page 3





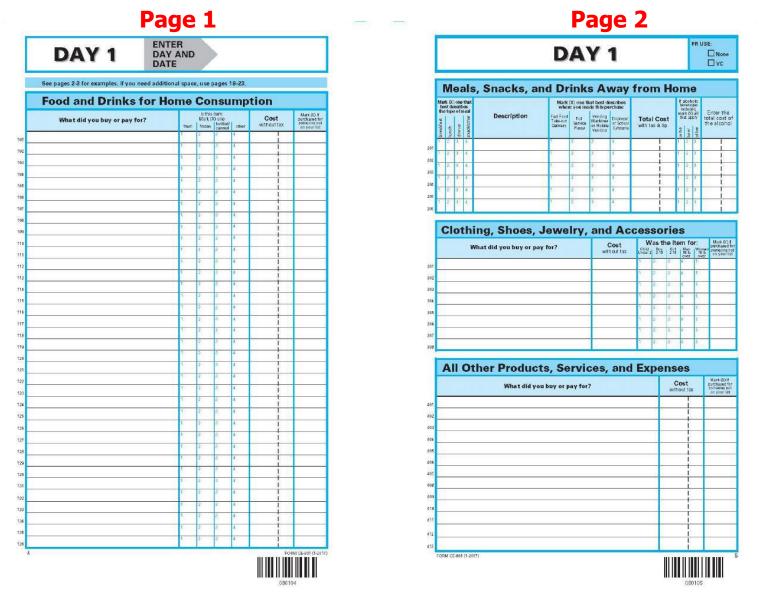
Page 4







Diary Form (After)





New Diary Form

- Design based on original 70s diaries all sections viewable across two pages
- Attempts to implement suggestions for improvement from Don Dillman
- Modified the number of rows necessary for each section
 - Food 36 rows, Meals 6, Clothing 8, Other 12
- Reduced instructions and examples
- Moved the "General Instructions" and "How to Fill Out Your Diary" to the front flap



Diary Form Change- Entries (2016 vs. 2017)

Changes in diary design associated with marginal changes in respondent entries.

	Perce	Percent Change	
Section	Rows	Entries	
Meals	-72.7	-8.2	
Food	44.0	7.7	
Clothing	-68.0	-16.7	
Other	-48.0	1.1	



Diary Double Placement



Diary Double-Placement

What is double-placement?

Interviewers make one visit to place both diaries and one visit to pickup diaries for the entire household.

What Changed?

- Pre-2012: diaries double placed in select instances.
- 2012-2016: a minimum of 40% of diaries were double-placed
- 2017: protocol has all diaries double-placed



Purpose

- Reduce the cost of data collection activities
- Simplify data collection procedures
- Simplify interviewer training



Diary Double-Placement Procedures

Before

- At the first visit, interviewer places first week diary
- At the second visit, interviewer collects the first week diary and places second week diary
- At the third visit, interviewer collects the second week diary

After

- One visit to a household for placement of both week 1 and week 2 diaries
- One visit for diary pickup, eliminating the prior betweenweeks visit



Diary Double-Placement Risk

- The between-weeks visit may have prompted greater reporting by diarists in the second week, leading to less 'drop off' in diary entries.
- There could be more nonparticipation in the second week without the betweenweeks visit.





Diary Double Placement- Drop Off

Before the change, in 2016, there was statistically significantly more drop-off when diaries were doubleplaced.

	2016 average drop-off (%)
Non-double placed	46.6
Double-placed	52.0
Overall	51.4

After the change, in 2017, the extent of drop-off remained the same (51 percent).



Change in # of Contact Attempts (2016 vs. 2017)

The move to double-place all diaries did not lead to an overall reduction in interviewer effort

	% Change
Mean	10%
Median	20%
Min	0%
Max	-19%



Contact Attempts-Interviewer Mode

As expected, there was a slight increase in average contact attempts by phone and in-person visits decreased.

	% Change
Mean (in-person)	-1.6
Median (in-person)	0.0
Mean (telephone)	41.3
Median (telephone)	0.0
Mean (total)	7.9
Median (total)	25.0





Earliest/Latest Placement Date (EPD/LPD) removal



Background

EPD/LPDs were used to place diaries uniformly throughout the month and year to make sure cyclical expenditures were captured by the diary.

Example: Rent, Valentine's Day



Purpose

- Increase response rates
- Simplify the collection process for interviewers



EPD/LPD Procedure Comparisons

Before

- Each case assigned an EPD
- EPDs spread throughout the month & year
- Interviewer has 7 days (EPD +6) to place week 1
- If week 1 not placed in time (by LPD), interviewer then has 7 days to place week 2

After

- Each case will still have an EPD
- EPD = 1ST day of interview month
 - ► January 1 for January cases, etc.
- Interviewer has from the 1st to the last day of the month to place the diaries



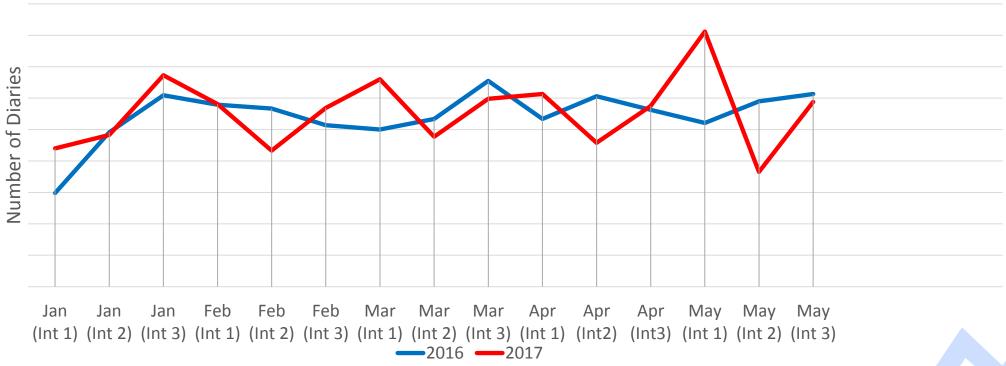
Diary - Placement

■ Comparing actual placement dates between 2016 and 2017 suggested that 2016 diaries were placed more evenly throughout the month and the diaries in 2017 tended to be placed more in the beginning and end of the months.



Diary - Placement

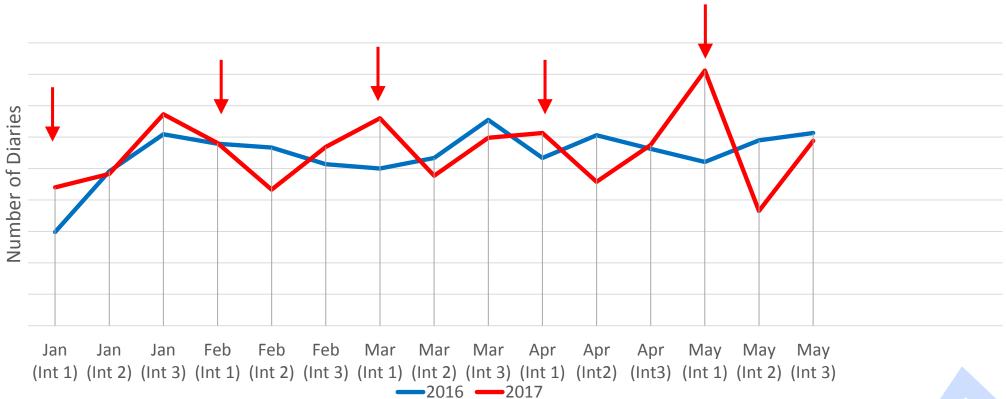
■ Trend in Placement Dates by Monthly Segments





Diary - Placement

■ Trend in Placement Dates by Monthly Segments





Non-Response Finding

- In 2017, there was a 63 percent decrease in 'Temporarily Absent' Households
- There was also a decrease in 'placed too late' diaries



Overall Response Rates

■ In 2017, the simplification of placement methods appeared to have a positive impact on the response rate for CE diaries.



Summary

- Diary Form Change
 - ▶ Diary form is simpler and easier for respondents to complete
 - ▶ No overall decrease in number of entries
- Diary Double-Placement
 - ▶ Respondents reported entries at consistent rate across both weeks
 - ▶ Increase in average number of telephone contact attempts
- EPD/LPD
 - ▶ Increased flexibility of placement associated with increased participation
 - ► Placement was not uniformly distributed across the month and the CE program will monitor the effect, if any, on expenditure reports

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