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WORK EXPERIENCE OF THE POPULATION — 2022

There were 13.0 million persons who experienced unemployment at some point during 2022, down significantly from 16.1 million in 2021, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. In 2022, labor market conditions continued to recover from the recession induced by the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020. The proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population age 16 and over who worked at some time during the year increased by 0.5 percentage point to 63.8 percent in 2022; this was 1.1 percentage points lower than the pre-pandemic figure in 2019.

These data are based on information collected in the Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a monthly survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. The ASEC collects information on employment and unemployment experienced during the prior calendar year. Additional information about the CPS and the ASEC, including concepts and definitions, is provided in the Technical Note.

Highlights from the 2022 data:

- A total of 169.8 million persons worked at some point during 2022, up by 2.9 million from the prior year. (See table 1.)
- The proportion of workers who worked full time, year round in 2022 was 71.0 percent, up by 1.2 percentage points from the prior year. (See table 1.)
- The "work-experience unemployment rate"—defined as the number of persons unemployed at some time during the year as a proportion of the number of persons who worked or looked for work during the year—decreased by 1.9 percentage points to 7.6 percent in 2022. This is the lowest rate in this series, which began in 1958. (See table 3.)
- About 2.1 million individuals looked for a job but did not work at all in 2022, down by 790,000 from the prior year. (See table 3.)

Persons with Employment

Overall, 63.8 percent of the population worked in 2022, up from 63.3 percent in 2021. In 2022,

the percentage of women who worked at some time during the year increased by 0.5 percentage point to 58.9 percent, and the percentage of men who worked at some time during the year edged up by 0.3 percentage point to 68.8 percent. However, men remained more likely to work at some time during the year than did women. (See table 1.)

Among the major race and ethnicity groups, Hispanics (66.6 percent) and Asians (65.5 percent) were more likely to have worked in 2022 than Whites (63.7 percent) and Blacks (62.9 percent). The proportion of Blacks who worked at some time during the year increased by 1.7 percentage points from the prior year, while the proportions for other groups were little changed. (See table 2.)

Among those with work experience in 2022, 81.9 percent usually worked full time, essentially unchanged from a year earlier. Men remained more likely to work full time than women (86.7 percent versus 76.4 percent). Blacks (84.8 percent) and Asians (84.2 percent) remained more likely to work full time than Whites (81.4 percent) and Hispanics (82.0 percent). (See tables 1 and 2.)

Of those who worked during 2022, 80.6 percent were employed year round (working 50 to 52 weeks, either full or part time), up by 1.5 percentage points from 2021. The share of men working year round increased to 82.4 percent, and the share of women working year round increased to 78.6 percent. Asians (83.0 percent) were more likely to work year round than Whites (80.6 percent), Blacks (80.3 percent), and Hispanics (79.6 percent). (See tables 1 and 2.)

Persons with Unemployment

Overall, 171.8 million persons worked or looked for work in 2022, up by 2.1 million from the prior year. The number who experienced some unemployment decreased by 3.1 million to 13.0 million. (See table 3.)

The work-experience unemployment rate (those looking for work during the year as a percentage of those who worked or looked for work during the year) continued to decline. In 2022, the work-experience unemployment rate fell by 1.9 percentage points to 7.6 percent—this is the lowest rate in the history of the series, which began in 1958. (See table 3.)

In 2022, men continued to have a higher work-experience unemployment rate than women, at 7.9 percent and 7.1 percent, respectively. The rates for both men and women declined from the prior year. (See table 3.)

The work-experience unemployment rate decreased for all the major race and ethnicity groups in 2022. Work-experience unemployment rates for Blacks (10.2 percent) and Hispanics (9.5 percent) were higher than those for Whites (7.1 percent) and Asians (6.3 percent). Among Whites and Blacks, the rate for men was higher than the rate for women, while among Asians and Hispanics the rates for men and women were little different from each other. (See table 4.)

The number of individuals who both worked and experienced unemployment in 2022 was 10.9 million, a decline of 2.4 million from the previous year. Among these workers, 43.3 percent

looked for work for 15 weeks or more, down from 51.8 percent the year before. Additionally, 20.5 percent had two or more spells of unemployment, little changed from the prior year. The number of persons who looked for a job but did not work at all in 2022 declined to 2.1 million. Among those who did not work at all, 61.0 percent looked for work for 15 weeks or more, down from 70.3 percent in 2021. (See table 3.)

Technical Note

The data presented in this release were collected in the Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) to the Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a monthly sample survey of about 60,000 eligible households, conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Data from the CPS are used to obtain the monthly estimates of the nation's employment and unemployment levels. The ASEC, conducted in the months of February through April, includes questions about work activity during the prior calendar year. For instance, data collected in 2023 refer to the 2022 calendar year. Because the reference period is a full year, the number of persons with some employment or unemployment greatly exceeds the average levels for any given month, which are based on a 1-week reference period, and the corresponding annual average of the monthly estimates. As shown below, for example, the number experiencing any unemployment was about twice the number unemployed in an average month during the year.

	Employed	Unemployed
2022 estimates (in thousan	ds)	
Annual average of		
monthly estimates	158,291	5,996
Annual supplement data	169,767	12,977

In addition, estimates from the supplement differ from those obtained in the basic CPS because the supplement uses different questions to classify workers as either employed or unemployed, and there are fewer supplement questions on work and job search activity. Regarding unemployment, the supplement has no questions on the type of job search activity or on the respondent's availability to work—defining characteristics of unemployment in the basic CPS estimates. Also, individuals can be counted as both employed and unemployed in the work experience supplement data because it includes all work experience over a calendar year, whereas, for a specific monthly reference week, each person is only counted in one category and employment activity takes precedence over job search activity.

The data presented in this release are not strictly comparable with data for earlier years due to the introduction of updated population controls used in the CPS. The population controls are updated each year in January to reflect the latest information about population change. Additional information is available at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#pop.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the true population values they represent. The component of this difference that occurs because samples differ by chance is known as *sampling error*, and its variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6

standard errors from the true population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

The CPS data also are affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

A full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors is available at www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm#reliability.

Concepts and definitions

The principal terms used in this release are described briefly below.

Persons who worked. In the 2023 supplement, persons are considered to have worked if they responded "yes" to either the question "Did you work at a job or business at any time during 2022?" or "Did you do any temporary, part-time, or seasonal work even for a few days during 2022?"

Unemployed persons. Persons who worked during the year but not in every week are counted as unemployed if they also reported looking for work or being on layoff from a job during the year. Those who reported no work activity during the year are considered unemployed if they responded "yes" to the question "Even though you did not work in 2022, did you spend any time trying to find a job or on layoff?"

Work-experience unemployment rate. The number of persons unemployed at some time during the year as a proportion of the number of persons who worked or looked for work during the year.

Labor force participants. Persons who either worked or were unemployed during the year.

Usual full- and part-time employment. These data refer to the number of hours a worker typically works during most weeks of the year. Workers are classified as full time if they usually worked 35 hours or more in a week; part-time employment refers to workers whose typical workweek was between 1 and 34 hours.

Year-round and part-year employment. Workers are classified as year round if they worked 50 to 52 weeks. Part-year employment refers to workers who worked fewer than 50 weeks.

Other information

If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7-1-1 to access telecommunications relay services.

Table 1. Work experience of the population during the year by sex and extent of employment, 2021-2022

F	Tot	tal	Me	en	Women		
Extent of Employment	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
NUMBER OF EMPLOYED							
Civilian noninstitutional population Total who worked or looked for work Percent of the population Total who worked during the year ¹ Percent of the population	263,442	266,271	128,352	130,149	135,089	136,122	
	169,704	171,835	89,428	90,643	80,277	81,192	
	64.4	64.5	69.7	69.6	59.4	59.6	
	166,846	169,767	87,980	89,534	78,866	80,233	
	63.3	63.8	68.5	68.8	58.4	58.9	
Full time ²	136,528	138,992	76,236	77,668	60,292	61,324	
	116,539	120,601	65,645	67,886	50,894	52,715	
	2,150	2,065	1,265	1,175	884	890	
	5,218	5,603	2,617	2,839	2,601	2,764	
	4,261	3,665	2,253	1,980	2,008	1,685	
	4,977	4,359	2,732	2,336	2,245	2,023	
	3,383	2,699	1,724	1,452	1,659	1,247	
Part time ³ 50 to 52 weeks. 48 to 49 weeks. 40 to 47 weeks. 27 to 39 weeks. 14 to 26 weeks. 1 to 13 weeks.	30,318	30,776	11,744	11,867	18,574	18,909	
	15,545	16,229	5,606	5,889	9,938	10,340	
	737	711	326	246	410	465	
	2,419	2,770	927	1,107	1,492	1,664	
	2,540	2,642	1,049	1,076	1,491	1,566	
	4,599	4,414	1,869	1,830	2,730	2,584	
	4,479	4,009	1,967	1,719	2,513	2,291	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION Total who worked during the year ¹	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Full time ²	81.8	81.9	86.7	86.7	76.4	76.4	
	69.8	71.0	74.6	75.8	64.5	65.7	
	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.1	
	3.1	3.3	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	
	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.2	2.5	2.1	
	3.0	2.6	3.1	2.6	2.8	2.5	
	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.6	2.1	1.6	
Part time ³	18.2	18.1	13.3	13.3	23.6	23.6	
	9.3	9.6	6.4	6.6	12.6	12.9	
	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	
	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.9	2.1	
	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.9	2.0	
	2.8	2.6	2.1	2.0	3.5	3.2	
	2.7	2.4	2.2	1.9	3.2	2.9	

¹ Time worked includes paid vacation and sick leave.
 ² Usually worked 35 hours or more per week.
 ³ Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week.
 NOTE: Data refer to persons 16 years and over. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).

Table 2. Work experience of the population during the year by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 2021-2022

Extent of employment, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	То	tal	Men		Women	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
WHITE						
Civilian noninstitutional population Total who worked or looked for work Percent of the population Total who worked during the year¹ Percent of the population.	203,091	204,096	100,137	100,806	102,954	103,291
	130,965	131,341	70,463	70,583	60,502	60,757
	64.5	64.4	70.4	70.0	58.8	58.8
	129,142	130,036	69,511	69,891	59,631	60,145
	63.6	63.7	69.4	69.3	57.9	58.2
Percent who worked during the year¹. Full time². 50 to 52 weeks. 27 to 49 weeks. 1 to 26 weeks. Part time³. 50 to 52 weeks. 27 to 49 weeks. 1 to 26 weeks.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	81.6	81.4	86.8	86.8	75.5	75.1
	69.9	70.8	75.1	76.1	63.9	64.7
	7.0	6.6	7.0	6.7	6.9	6.5
	4.7	4.0	4.8	4.1	4.6	3.9
	18.4	18.6	13.2	13.2	24.5	24.9
	9.6	9.8	6.3	6.4	13.4	13.8
	3.5	3.7	2.6	2.8	4.5	4.9
	5.4	5.1	4.2	4.0	6.6	6.3
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN Civilian noninstitutional population Total who worked or looked for work Percent of the population. Total who worked during the year ¹ Percent of the population.	34,025	34,553	15,687	16,016	18,338	18,536
	21,427	22,270	10,133	10,513	11,294	11,757
	63.0	64.5	64.6	65.6	61.6	63.4
	20,807	21,735	9,856	10,218	10,951	11,517
	61.2	62.9	62.8	63.8	59.7	62.1
Percent who worked during the year¹ Full time². 50 to 52 weeks. 27 to 49 weeks. 1 to 26 weeks. Part time³. 50 to 52 weeks. 27 to 49 weeks. 1 to 26 weeks.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	83.7	84.8	86.0	87.1	81.6	82.8
	69.5	72.6	71.3	74.8	67.9	70.7
	7.6	7.3	7.7	7.2	7.5	7.3
	6.6	4.9	7.0	5.1	6.3	4.7
	16.3	15.2	14.0	12.9	18.4	17.2
	8.0	7.7	6.8	6.6	9.1	8.6
	2.9	3.1	2.5	2.4	3.3	3.7
	5.3	4.5	4.7	3.9	5.9	4.9
ASIAN						
Civilian noninstitutional population Total who worked or looked for work Percent of the population Total who worked during the year¹ Percent of the population.	16,887	17,724	8,031	8,537	8,856	9,187
	11,171	11,754	5,802	6,225	5,369	5,528
	66.2	66.3	72.2	72.9	60.6	60.2
	10,920	11,607	5,669	6,140	5,250	5,467
	64.7	65.5	70.6	71.9	59.3	59.5
Percent who worked during the year¹ Full time² 50 to 52 weeks 27 to 49 weeks 1 to 26 weeks Part time³ 50 to 52 weeks 27 to 49 weeks 1 to 26 weeks 1 to 26 weeks	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	83.9	84.2	88.3	88.0	79.2	80.0
	73.4	74.0	78.5	78.5	67.9	69.0
	5.8	6.1	5.4	5.6	6.2	6.6
	4.7	4.1	4.4	3.9	5.0	4.3
	16.1	15.8	11.7	12.0	20.8	20.0
	8.6	9.0	5.9	6.8	11.5	11.6
	2.7	3.1	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.8
	4.8	3.7	3.6	2.8	6.0	4.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Work experience of the population during the year by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 2021-2022 --Continued

Extent of employment, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Total		Men		Women	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY						
Civilian noninstitutional population Total who worked or looked for work Percent of the population Total who worked during the year¹ Percent of the population	66.1	47,225 31,974 67.7 31,458 66.6	22,941 17,422 75.9 17,109 74.6	23,697 17,852 75.3 17,592 74.2	22,944 13,502 58.8 13,204 57.5	23,528 14,123 60.0 13,866 58.9
Percent who worked during the year ¹ Full time ²	100.0 82.1 67.7	100.0 82.0 69.6	100.0 87.4 72.9	100.0 87.5 75.0	100.0 75.2 61.0	100.0 75.0 62.7
27 to 49 weeks	8.7 5.7	8.2 4.2	9.1 5.4	8.7 3.8	8.2 6.0	7.6 4.7
Part time ³	17.9 9.3 3.5	18.0 10.0 3.3	12.6 6.1 2.7	12.5 6.6 2.4	24.8 13.5 4.4	25.0 14.3 4.5
1 to 26 weeks	5.1	4.7	3.8	3.5	6.8	6.2

¹ Time worked includes paid vacation and sick leave.
² Usually worked 35 hours or more per week.
³ Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week.
NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals shown in table 1 because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).

Table 3. Extent of unemployment during the year by sex, 2021-2022

Extent of unemployment		Total		Men		Women	
Extent of unemployment	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED							
Total who worked or looked for work. Percent with unemployment	169,704	171,835	89,428	90,643	80,277	81,192	
	9.5	7.6	9.9	7.9	9.0	7.1	
Total with unemployment Did not work but looked for work	16,123	12,977	8,872	7,200	7,251	5,777	
	2,858	2,068	1,447	1,109	1,411	959	
	849	807	377	410	472	397	
	2,010	1,260	1,071	698	939	562	
Worked during the year Year-round workers¹ with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment. Part-year workers² with unemployment. 1 to 4 weeks. 5 to 10 weeks. 11 to 14 weeks. 15 to 26 weeks. 27 weeks or more.	13,265	10,909	7,424	6,091	5,840	4,818	
	389	458	246	270	143	188	
	12,876	10,451	7,178	5,821	5,697	4,630	
	2,655	2,370	1,390	1,226	1,265	1,144	
	1,816	2,027	967	1,093	849	934	
	1,533	1,327	838	836	695	490	
	3,372	2,488	2,015	1,432	1,357	1,056	
	3,499	2,239	1,969	1,233	1,531	1,006	
Median weeks of unemployment for all workers	16.0	12.8	16.9	13.2	14.8	12.2	
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	2,607	2,234	1,610	1,282	997	952	
	1,269	1,099	748	585	521	514	
	1,338	1,135	862	697	476	438	
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION							
Did not work but looked for work. 1 to 14 weeks	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	29.7	39.0	26.0	37.0	33.5	41.4	
	70.3	61.0	74.0	63.0	66.5	58.6	
Worked during the year Year-round workers¹ with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment Part-year workers² with unemployment 1 to 4 weeks 5 to 10 weeks 11 to 14 weeks 15 to 26 weeks 27 weeks or more.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	2.9	4.2	3.3	4.4	2.5	3.9	
	97.1	95.8	96.7	95.6	97.5	96.1	
	20.0	21.7	18.7	20.1	21.7	23.7	
	13.7	18.6	13.0	17.9	14.5	19.4	
	11.6	12.2	11.3	13.7	11.9	10.2	
	25.4	22.8	27.1	23.5	23.2	21.9	
	26.4	20.5	26.5	20.2	26.2	20.9	
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	19.7	20.5	21.7	21.1	17.1	19.8	
	9.6	10.1	10.1	9.6	8.9	10.7	
	10.1	10.4	11.6	11.4	8.2	9.1	

Worked 50 or 51 weeks.
 Worked less than 50 weeks.
 NOTE: Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).

Table 4. Extent of unemployment during the year by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 2021-2022

		tal	Men		Women	
Extent of unemployment, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
WHITE						
Total who worked or looked for work Percent with unemployment	130,965 8.8	131,341 7.1	70,463 9.2	70,583 7.5	60,502 8.2	60,757 6.7
Total with unemployment Did not work but looked for work Worked during the year	11,465 1,823 9,642	9,349 1,304 8,044	6,509 952 5,557	5,266 692 4,574	4,956 871 4,085	4,083 612 3,470
Median weeks of unemployment for all workers	14.9	12.2	15.9	12.7	13.9	11.1
Percent who worked during the year¹ Year-round workers² with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment Part-year workers³ with unemployment 1 to 4 weeks 5 to 14 weeks 15 weeks or more.	100.0 3.1 96.9 21.0 26.3 49.6	100.0 4.3 95.7 22.9 31.4 41.4	100.0 3.6 96.4 19.8 24.8 51.7	100.0 4.7 95.3 21.1 31.9 42.3	100.0 2.5 97.5 22.6 28.3 46.6	100.0 3.8 96.2 25.3 30.7 40.2
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	20.3	20.2	21.6	20.9	18.6	19.3
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN						
Total who worked or looked for work	21,427 13.2	22,270 10.2	10,133 14.1	10,513 11.3	11,294 12.5	11,757 9.2
Total with unemployment. Did not work but looked for work. Worked during the year.	2,833 620 2,213	2,265 535 1,730	1,425 277 1,148	1,187 296 892	1,408 343 1,065	1,078 240 838
Median weeks of unemployment for all workers	19.7	15.7	19.1	15.0	20.2	16.3
Percent who worked during the year¹ Year-round workers² with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment. Part-year workers³ with unemployment. 1 to 4 weeks. 5 to 14 weeks. 15 weeks or more.	100.0 1.4 98.6 17.8 22.1 58.7	100.0 4.2 95.8 15.5 29.2 51.1	100.0 1.6 98.4 15.2 26.0 57.3	100.0 4.3 95.7 16.6 29.1 49.9	100.0 1.2 98.8 20.6 18.0 60.2	100.0 4.0 96.0 14.3 29.3 52.4
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	19.6	22.1	23.3	21.9	15.7	22.3
ASIAN						
Total who worked or looked for work	11,171 8.6	11,754 6.3	5,802 8.9	6,225 6.7	5,369 8.1	5,528 5.8
Total with unemployment Did not work but looked for work Worked during the year	955 252 704	737 147 590	518 133 385	415 86 330	437 119 318	322 62 260
Median weeks of unemployment for all workers	18.7	13.5	19.6	14.4	16.9	10.9
Percent who worked during the year¹ Year-round workers² with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment Part-year workers³ with unemployment 1 to 4 weeks 5 to 14 weeks 15 weeks or more.	100.0 5.9 94.1 13.8 23.4 56.9	100.0 2.5 97.5 23.4 28.5 45.6	100.0 5.1 94.9 14.6 20.1 60.2	100.0 3.0 97.0 19.1 30.1 47.8	100.0 6.8 93.2 12.9 27.4 52.8	100.0 2.0 98.0 28.8 26.4 42.8
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	12.3	17.0	13.5	18.0	10.8	15.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Extent of unemployment during the year by race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, and sex, 2021-2022 -- Continued

Extent of unemployment, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	Total		Men		Women	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY						
Total who worked or looked for work	30,924 11.6	31,974 9.5	17,422 11.9	17,852 9.4	13,502 11.4	14,123 9.6
Total with unemployment Did not work but looked for work Worked during the year	3,603 611 2,992	3,033 517 2,517	2,067 313 1,754	1,673 260 1,414	1,536 298 1,238	1,360 257 1,103
Median weeks of unemployment for all workers	16.4	12.6	17.5	12.9	14.7	11.9
Percent who worked during the year¹ Year-round workers² with 1 or 2 weeks of unemployment Part-year workers³ with unemployment 1 to 4 weeks 5 to 14 weeks 15 weeks or more.	4.1 95.9 20.0	100.0 3.9 96.1 22.0 32.7 41.3	100.0 5.2 94.8 18.5 21.1 55.2	100.0 3.6 96.4 21.7 33.0 41.7	100.0 2.5 97.5 22.2 26.1 49.3	100.0 4.4 95.6 22.5 32.3 40.9
With 2 spells or more of unemployment	19.7	23.2	21.7	25.6	16.9	20.1

¹ Time worked includes paid vacation and sick leave.
² Worked 50 or 51 weeks.
³ Worked less than 50 weeks.
NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals shown in table 3 because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Updated population controls are introduced annually with the release of January data. Dash indicates no data or data that do not meet publication criteria (values not shown where base is less than 75,000).