Georgia exports surpassed $37.5 billion in 2013. Prices for Georgia’s top export industry, aerospace product and parts manufacturing, as well as prices for pulp and paper; motor vehicles; and engine, turbine, and other equipment manufacturing increased during the final quarter of 2014.

- Georgia’s top export industry, aerospace products and parts manufacturing, accounted for 17.6 percent of the state’s total exports by trade dollar.
- Georgia ranked fourth in the United States, with $6.8 billion, in exported aerospace products and parts.
- In 2013, Georgia ranked first in the United States in exported pulp, paper, and paperboard mill products.
- Georgia’s top 6 export industries accounted for 44.5 percent of the state’s total exports.

### U.S. Export Price Indexes: Aerospace Product and Parts Manufacturing

- Export prices for aerospace product and parts rose 1.2 percent for the final quarter of 2014, largely due to a 0.9-percent advance in October.
- Prices for export aerospace product and parts increased 4.3 percent over the past year, in contrast to overall export manufactured articles prices which declined 2.8 percent.
- The yearly increase was the result of annual price adjustments in early 2014 and strong demand later in the year.

Export prices for motor vehicle manufacturing advanced 0.4 percent in the 4th quarter of 2014, due to a 0.4-percent increase in October.

Over the past 12 months, the index increased 1.0 percent.

The December 3-month advance was the result of the introduction of vehicles for the new model year which resulted in higher prices.

The price index for pulp, paper, and paperboard mills rose 0.7 percent during the 4th quarter of 2014.

Increases of 0.3-percent and 0.4-percent in October and December were responsible for the overall advance.

Over the past year, export prices rose 2.2 percent, as growing demand and higher lumber prices drove the increase.

The export price index for engine, turbine, and other manufacturing increased 0.3 percent in the last quarter of 2014.

The index advanced 2.4 percent for the 12-month period ended in December, due largely to a 1.4-percent increase in May.

Strong global demand was primarily responsible for the jump in the index in 2014.